



UNIVERSITY OF CALCUTTA

Notification No. CSR/13/2023

It is notified for information of all concerned that in terms of the provisions of Section 54 of the Calcutta University Act, 1979, (as amended), and, in exercise of his powers under 9(6) of the said Act, the Vice-Chancellor has, by an order dated 11.07.2023 approved the Syllabi of the under mentioned subjects for semester wise Four-year (Honours & Honours with Research) / Three-year (Multidisciplinary) programme of U.G. courses of studies, as applicable under CCF, 2022 . under this University, as laid down in the accompanying pamphlet.


Name of Subject:

1. Anthropology
2. BBA
3. Bengali
4. BFAD
5. Bio Chemistry
6. Botany
7. Chemistry
8. Commerce
9. Economics
10. Education
11. English
12. Geology
13. Hindi
- ✓ 14. History, Islamic History & Culture
15. Home Science
16. Human Rights
17. Journalism & Mass Communication
18. Mathematics
19. Microbiology (Honours)
20. Molecular Biology
21. Philosophy
22. Physiology
23. Political Science
24. Psychology
25. Social Science
26. Sociology
27. Urdu
28. Women's Studies
29. Zoology

The above shall be effective from the academic session 2023-2024.

SENATE HOUSE

KOLKATA-700 073


12/7/2023
Prof. (Dr.) Debasis Das

Registrar

NEP SYLLABUS
IN
HISTORY
CALCUTTA UNIVERSITY
2023

The four - year B.A. in History will comprise 8 Semesters. The curriculum will consist of 22 Discipline Specific Elective Core Courses/ (H/CC), courses each carrying 4 credits, 8 Minor Courses each carrying 4 credits, 3 Interdisciplinary Courses,(IDC) each carrying 3 credits 4 Ability Enhancement Compulsory Courses (AEC) each carrying 2 credits, 3 Skill Enhancement Courses (SEC) each carrying 4 credits and 4 Common Value Added Courses (CVAC) each carrying 2 credits. There will be one Summer Internship of 3 credits and Dissertation /Research Work in the 7 Semester carrying 4 credits and 8 credits in the final Semester (8th)

➤ **Discipline- specific Courses Core Courses H CC**

[Twenty two courses. Each course: 4 credits (Total: 88 credits. Marks 22x100 =2200)

- Each course carries 100 marks.
- 75 marks for theoretical segment.
- 25 marks for tutorial - related segments as suggested below (any one from each mode):
- Any one of the following modes: upto 1000 words for one Term Paper/ Project/ Book Review/ --based on syllabus .[The modes and themes and/or topics are be decided and assessed by the concerned faculty of respective colleges.]
- **Minor Courses 8 Courses:** 4 credits (Total: 32 credits. Marks 8x100=800)
- Each course carries 100 marks.
- 75 marks for theoretical segment.
- 25 marks for tutorial - related segments as suggested below (any one from each mode):
- Any one of the following modes: upto 1000 words for one Term Paper/ Project/ Book Review/ --based on syllabus. [The modes and themes and/or topics are be decided and assessed by the concerned faculty of respective colleges.]
- **Skill Enhancement/Skill-based Courses SEC** Each Course: 4 credits .
- Each course carries 100 marks.
- 50 marks for theoretical segment.

- 50 marks for tutorial - related segments as suggested below (any one from each mode):
 - Any one of the following modes: upto 1000 words each for two Term Papers/ Projects/ Book Reviews/ --based on syllabus. [The modes and themes and/or topics are be decided and assessed by the concerned faculty of respective colleges.]
 - **IMPORTANT NOTES:**

The Readings provided below include many of those of the UGC Model NEP Syllabus in History. For further details of Course Objectives and additional references it is advised that the UGC model NEP syllabus concerning relevant courses and topics should be given due importance and primarily consulted.
 - Cited advanced texts in Bengali are not necessarily substitutes, but supplementary to the English books.
 - The format is subject to the common structural NEP format of the University.
-

COURSE STRUCTURE-CCF 2022

	H -CC	Minor Course	IDC	AEC	SEC	CVAC	Summer Internship	Research Work/ Dissertation	Total Credits
Semesters	22x 4=88	8x4=32	3x3=9	4x2=8	3x4=12	4x2=8	1x3=3	(1x4=4)+ (1x8=8)=12	172
Semester-1	1x4= 4 3Th+1Tu/ Prac	1x4= 4 (m1) 3Th+1Tu/ Prac	1x3= 3 2TH +1 P/TU	1x2= 2 2TH+ 0 P/TU	1x4= 4 2Th+2Tu/ Prac	2x2			21
Semester-2	1x4= 4 3Th+1Tu/ Prac	1x4= 4 (m1) 3Th+1Tu/ Prac	1x3= 3 2TH +1 P/TU	1x2= 2 2TH+ 0 P/TU	1x4= 4 2Th+2Tu/ Prac	2x2			21
Semester-3	2x4= 8 3Th+1Tu/ Prac	1x4= 4(m2) 3Th+1Tu/ Prac	1x3= 3 2TH +1 P/TU	1x2= 2 2TH+ 0P/TU	1x4= 4 2Th+2Tu/ Prac				21
Semester-4	4x4= 16 3Th+1Tu/ Prac	1x4= 4(m2) 3Th+1Tu/ Prac		1x2= 2 2TH+ 0 P/TU					22
Semester-5	4x4= 16 3Th+1Tu/ Prac	2x4= 8 m1+m2 3Th+1Tu/ Prac							24
Semester-6	3x4= 12 3Th+1Tu/ Prac	2x4= 8 m1+m2 3Th+1Tu/ Prac					1x3		23
Semester-7	4x4= 16 3Th+1Tu/ Prac							1x4*	20
Semester-8	3x4= 12 3Th+1Tu/ Prac							1x8*	20
Credits	22x4= 88	8x4= 32	3x3= 9	4x2= 8	3x4= 12	4x2= 8	1x3=3	(1x4)+ (1x8)= 12	172
Marks	22x100=2200	8x100=800	3x75=225	4x50=200	3x100=300	4x50=200	1x 75	1x100+ 1x200=300	Total Marks =4300

Please note: *Candidates who would not pursue Dissertation/Research work would have to study 1 additional H/CC paper in Semester 7 and 2 H/CC papers in Semester 8 of 4 credits each.

Structure of B.A History Courses under NEP

HIS-DSC -1-22 TH & TU

➤ **Discipline- specific Courses H /CC**

HIS-H-CC 1 SEM -1: HISTORY OF INDIA (FROM THE EARLIEST TIMES TO C 300 BCE)

HIS- H -CC 2 SEM-2: SOCIAL FORMATIONS AND CULTURAL PATTERNS OF THE ANCIENT WORLD OTHER THAN INDIA.

HIS- H CC 3 SEM-3: HISTORY OF INDIA (C 300 BCE TO C.750 CE)

HIS- H CC 4 SEM-3: SOCIAL FORMATIONS AND CULTURAL PATTERNS OF THE MEDIEVAL WORLD OTHER THAN INDIA

HIS- H CC 5 SEM-4: HISTORY OF INDIA (C.750 – 1206)

HIS- H CC 6 SEM-4: HISTORY OF EUROPE (C.1453-1650)

HIS- H CC 7 SEM-4: HISTORY OF INDIA (C.1206 – 1526)

HIS- H CC 8 SEM-4: HISTORY OF EUROPE–(C. 1650-1780)

HIS- H CC 9 SEM-5: HISTORY OF INDIA (C.1526-1605)

HIS- H CC 10 SEM-5 HISTORY OF INDIA (C.1605 – 1750)

HIS- H CC 11 SEM-5: HISTORY OF MODERN EUROPE (C.1780-1939)

HIS- H CC 12 SEM-5: HISTORY OF INDIA (C.1750– 1857)

HIS- H CC 13 SEM-6: HISTORY OF INDIA (C. 1857 – 1964)

HIS- H CC 14 SEM-6 : HISTORY OF WORLD POLITICS: (1945-1994)

HIS- H CC 15 SEM- 6: HISTORY OF MODERN EAST ASIA – I CHINA (C.1840 – 1949)

HIS- H CC 16 SEM-7: HISTORY OF MODERN EAST ASIA – II JAPAN (C.1868 – 1945)

HIS- H CC 17 SEM-7: HISTORY OF BENGAL (C.1757-1905)

HIS- H CC 18 SEM-7: HISTORY OF BENGAL (C.1905-1947)

HIS- H CC 19 SEM -7: WOMEN IN COLONIAL INDIA

**** HIS- H CC 20 SEM -7:** HISTORICAL TOURISM: THEORY & PRACTICE

HIS- H CC 21 SEM -8 : MAJOR DEBATES IN HISTORY .

HIS- H CC 22 SEM -8 : THEMES IN CONTEMPORARY HISTORY OF INDIA (1947-1991)

**** HIS- H CC 23 SEM -8:** ART APPRECIATION: AN INTRODUCTION TO INDIAN ART.

HIS- H CC 24 SEM -8 HISTORIOGRAPHY AND TOOLS OF HISTORICAL RESEARCH

**** HIS- H CC 25 SEM -8** NATIONAL LIBERATION MOVEMENTS IN 20TH CENTURY WORLD.

Please note: *Candidates who would not pursue Dissertation/Research work would have to study 1 additional H/CC paper in Semester 7 and 2 H/CC papers in Semester 8 of 4 credits each. These courses are indicated in asterisk marks **

MINOR COURSES m1m2

HIS-m1- 1 SEM -1: HISTORY OF INDIA (FROM THE EARLIEST TIMES TO C 300 BCE)

HIS-m1 2 SEM-2: SOCIAL FORMATIONS AND CULTURAL PATTERNS OF THE ANCIENT WORLD OTHER THAN INDIA

HIS-m1 3 SEM-5: HISTORY OF INDIA (C 300 BCE TO C.750 CE)

HIS-m1 4 SEM -6 HISTORY OF EUROPE (C.1453-1650)

INTER DISCIPLINARY COURSES (IDC)

HIS-IDC-1: Making of Contemporary India (1919 -1964)

SKILL ENHANCEMENT COURSES (SEC)

HIS- SEC-1: SEM -1 Museum and Archives

HIS- SEC-2 SEM -2 Understanding Cultural Heritage and Tourism

HIS- SEC- 3 SEM -3_Understanding Popular Culture of Bengal

Detailed Syllabus History

HIS- H –1- 22 TH&TU

HIS-H/CC 1 : History of India From the earliest times to C 300 BCE

Learning Objectives:

This course intends to provide an extensive and deeper understanding of early Indian history to students. They will be introduced to the manner in which diverse aspects of ancient Indian history have been recovered from a rich variety of sources, archaeological, literary, numismatic, epigraphist. Students will become familiar with the tools required for studying history and explore the diverse histories and regional variations in the Indian subcontinent and also study various facets of ancient India- social, cultural, political, environmental concerns. This course, with an interdisciplinary approach, will help students' trace elements of continuity and changes in processes spanning over several millennia, from pre-historic times up to the 300 BCE. The emphasis on historiography will allow students to understand how historians have approached ancient India and how our present knowledge and perceptions have played a role in interpreting the past.

I. Reconstructing Ancient Indian History:

- a) Early Indian notions of history and the idea of Bharat
- b) Sources and tools of historical reconstruction.
- c) Historical interpretations (with special reference to gender, environment, technology and regions)

II. Hunter-gatherers and the advent of food products

- a) Paleolithic cultures- sequence and distribution; stone industries and other technological developments.
- b) Mesolithic cultures – regional and chronological distribution; new developments in technology and economy; rock art.
- c) Neolithic and Chalcolithic cultures: distribution and subsistence pattern

III. The Harappan civilization:

Origins; settlement patterns and town planning; agrarian base; craft productions and trade; social and political organization; religious beliefs and practices; art; the problem of urban decline and the late/post-Harappan traditions.

IV. Cultures in transition

Settlement patterns, technological and economic developments; social stratification; political relations; religion and philosophy; the Aryan problem.

- a) North India (circa 1500 BCE – 300 BCE)
- b) Central India and the Deccan (circa 1000 BCE – circa 300 BCE)
- c) Tamilakam (circa 300 BCE to circa CE 300)

Essential Readings

- Agarwal D.P, The Archaeology of India, London, 1982.
Basham A.L, The Wonder That Was India, London, 1954.
Chakrabarti Dilip Kumar, An Oxford Companion to Indian Archaeology, New Delhi, 2006.
Chakrabarti Dilip Kumar, India, An Archaeological History, Delhi, 1999
Sharma R.S, Looking for the Aryans, 1995.
Sharma R.S, Material Cultures and Social Formations in Ancient India, New Delhi, 1983.

Thapar Romila, *Early India: From the Origins to AD 1300*, London, 2002

Suggested Readings

Basham A.L ed. *A Cultural History of India*, New Delhi, 1975.

Ghosh Amalananda, *The City in Early Historic India*, Shimla, 1973.

Altekar A.S, *The Position of Women in Hindu Civilization from Pre-historic times to the Present Day*, New Delhi, 1962.

Chattopadhyaya B.D, *Studying Early India: Archaeology, Texts and Historical Issues*. New Delhi, 2003.

Sircar D.C, *Indian Epigraphy*, New Delhi, 1965.

Kosambi D.D, *An Introduction to the Study of Indian History*, Bombay, 1956

Kosambi D.D, *Combined Methods in Indology and Other Writings*, Edited and Introduced By B.D Chattopadhyaya

Jha D.N, *Ancient India: An Introduction*, New Delhi, 1998

Chattopadhyay D.P, *Science and Society in Ancient India*, Calcutta, 1977.

Erdosy George, *Urbanization in Early Historic India*, Oxford, 1988.

Allchin F.R. (ed). *The Archaeology of Early Historic South Asia: The Emergence of Cities and States*, Cambridge, 1995.

Staal Frits, *Discovering the Vedas : Origins, Mantras, Rituals Insights*, New Delhi, 2008.

Possehl G.L, ed. *Harappan Civilization- A Recent Perspective*, Delhi, 1993 (second edition).

Michell George, *The Penguin Guide to the Monuments of India*. London, 1989.

Raychaudhuri H.C, *Political History of Ancient India with a commentary by B.N.Mukherjee*, New Delhi, 1996 (8th edition)

Habib Irfan (General Editor), *A People's History of India (Volume 1,2,3)*, New Delhi.

Shastri K.A Nilakantha, *A History of South India*, Madras, 1974 (4th Edition)

Lahiri Nayanjyot, *The Decline and Fall of the Indus Civilization*, New Delhi, 2000.

Ray Nihar Ranjan, Brajadulal Chattopadhyaya, V.R. Mani and Ranabii Chakravarti eds. *A Source Book of Indian Civilization*, Kolkata, 2000.

Sahu Bhairabi Prasad (ed.). *Iron and Social Change in Early India*. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 2006.

Chakraborty Ranabir, *Exploring early India, upto circa AD 1300*

Kochar R., *The Vedic People*, New Delhi. 2000.

Majumdar R.C (General Editor), *The History & Culture of the Indian People*, Volumes I – III, Bombay, 1951,1968, 1970

Sharma R.S, *Advent of the Aryans*, Manohar, 1999.

Sharma R.S, *Aspects of Political Ideas and Institutions in Ancient India*. New Delhi, 2005 (reprint).

Sharma R.S, *India's Ancient Past*, New Delhi, 2005.

Sharma R.S, *Perspectives in the Social and Economic History of Early India*, New Delhi, 1983.

Sharma R.S, *Sudras in Ancient India*.

Salomon Richard, *Indian Epigraphy: A Guide to the Study of Inscriptions in Sanskrit, Prakrit, and Other Indo-Aryan Languages*. New York, 1998.

Thapar Romila (et al). *India: Historical Beginnings and the Concept of the Aryan*, New Delhi, 2006

Thapar Romila, *From Lineage to State*, Delhi, 1996 (2nd Edition)

Ratnagar Shireen, (ed), *Women in Early Indian Societies*. New Delhi, 1999.

Ratnagar Shireen, *The End of the Great Harappan Tradition*, Delhi, 2000

Roy Kumkum, *The Emergence of Monarchy in North India: eighth to fourth centuries BC*, NewDelhi, 1994

Ratnagar Shireen, Understanding Harappa, Delhi 2001
 Saraswati S.K, A Survey of Indian Sculpture, New Delhi, 1975 (second edition)
 Bhattacharji Sukumar, Women and Society in Ancient India. Calcutta, 1994.
 Singh Upinder, A History of Ancient and Early Medieval India. Delhi, 2008.
 বাশাম এ এল, অতীতের উজ্জ্বল ভারত, (The Wonder That Was India), প্রোগ্রেসিভ পাবলিশার্স, কলকাতা, ২০০৫
 চক্রবর্তী রণবীর, ভারত ইতিহাসের আদি পর্ব, কলকাতা, ২০০৭
 হাবিব ইরফান, ভারতবর্ষের সাধারণ মানুষের ইতিহাস
 প্রথম খন্ড – প্রাক-ইতিহাস, (Pre-history) এন বি এ, কলকাতা, ২০০২
 দ্বিতীয় খন্ড: সিন্ধু সভ্যতা, (The Indus Civilisation) এন বি এ, কলকাতা, ২০০২
 তৃতীয় খন্ড – বৈদিক সভ্যতা, (The Vedic Age) এন বি এ, কলকাতা, ২০০২
 বা ডি এন, আদি ভারত – একটি সংক্ষিপ্ত ইতিহাস, (Ancient India: An Introduction), প্রোগ্রেসিভ পাবলিশার্স, কলকাতা
 কোশাশ্বী ডি ডি, ভারত ইতিহাস চর্চার ভূমিকা (An Introduction to the Study of Indian History) বাগচি কে পি এন্ড কোং, কলকাতা, ২০০২
 রত্নাগর শিরিণ, হরপ্পা সভ্যতার সন্ধানে (Understanding Harappa) এন বি এ, কলকাতা, ২০০৩
 রায়চৌধুরী হেমচন্দ্র, প্রাচীন ভারতের রাজনৈতিক ইতিহাস, (Political History of Ancient India), পশ্চিমবঙ্গ রাজ্য পুস্তক পর্ষদ, কলকাতা
 থাপার রোমিলা, ভারতবর্ষের ইতিহাস, ওরিয়েন্ট লংম্যান, কলকাতা
 ভট্টাচার্য নরেন্দ্রনাথ, প্রাচীন ভারতে ধর্ম, কলকাতা, ১৯৮৮
 ভট্টাচার্য নরেন্দ্রনাথ, প্রাচীন ভারতীয় সমাজ, পশ্চিমবঙ্গ রাজ্য পুস্তক পর্ষদ, কলকাতা
 ভট্টাচার্য সুকুমারী, ইতিহাসের আলোকে বৈদিক সাহিত্য, পশ্চিমবঙ্গ রাজ্য পুস্তক পর্ষদ, কলকাতা
 ভট্টাচার্য সুকুমারী, প্রাচীন ভারত- সমাজ ও সাহিত্য, আনন্দ পাবলিশার্স, কলকাতা
 চক্রবর্তী দিলীপ কুমার - ভারতবর্ষের প্রাক্ ইতিহাস আনন্দ পাবলিশার্স, কলকাতা, ১৯৯৯
 গঙ্গোপাধ্যায় দিলীপ কুমার - ভারত ইতিহাসের সন্ধানে, (২ খন্ডে), ২০০৭
 চক্রবর্তী রণবীর, প্রাচীন ভারতের অর্থনৈতিক ইতিহাসের সন্ধানে, আনন্দ পাবলিশার্স, কলকাতা ২০০২ (সংশোধিত সংস্করণ)
 চানানা দেবরাজ, প্রাচীন ভারতে দাস প্রথা, (Slavery in Ancient India as depicted in Pali and Sanskrit Texts), কে পি বাগচি এন্ড কোং, কলকাতা ১৯৯৫
 রায় নীহাররঞ্জন, বাঙালির ইতিহাস, কলকাতা, ১৯৮০(দ্বিতীয় সংস্করণ)
 শর্মা রামশরণ, প্রাচীন ভারতে বস্তুগত সংস্কৃতি ও সমাজ সংগঠন, (Material Cultures and Social Formations in Ancient India), ওরিয়েন্ট লংম্যান, ১৯৯৮
 শর্মা রামশরণ, আদি মধ্যযুগের ভারতীয় সমাজ : সমস্ত-প্রক্রিয়া বিষয়ে এক সমীক্ষা (Early Medieval Indian Society : A Study in Feudalism) ওরিয়েন্ট লংম্যান, ২০০৩
 শর্মা রামশরণ, ভারতের সমাজতন্ত্র, (Indian Feudalism), কে পি বাগচি এন্ড কোং, কলকাতা
 শর্মা রামশরণ, আর্যদের অনুসন্ধান, (Looking for the Aryans), প্রোগ্রেসিভ পাবলিশার্স, কলকাতা
 শর্মা রামশরণ, আর্যদের ভারতে আগমন, (Advent of the Aryans), ওরিয়েন্ট লংম্যান, ২০০১
 শর্মা রামশরণ, প্রাচীন ভারতে শূদ্র, (Sudras in Ancient India), কে পি বাগচি এন্ড কোং, কলকাতা
 থাপার রোমিলা, অশোক ও মৌর্যদের পতন, (Asoka and the Decline of the Mauryas), কে পি বাগচি এন্ড কোং, কলকাতা

চট্টোপাধ্যায় সুনীল, প্রাচীন ভারতের ইতিহাস (১ম খন্ড), পশ্চিমবঙ্গ রাজ্য পুস্তক পর্ষদ, একাদশ মুদ্রণ, এপ্রিল ২০০৪

চট্টোপাধ্যায় সুনীল, প্রাচীন ভারতের ইতিহাস (২য় খন্ড), পশ্চিমবঙ্গ রাজ্য পুস্তক পর্ষদ, ৮ম মুদ্রণ, ফেব্রুয়ারি ২০০৪

মুখোপাধ্যায় হীরেন্দ্রনাথ, ভারতবর্ষের ইতিহাস (১ম খন্ড) (প্রাচীন ও মধ্যযুগ), পশ্চিমবঙ্গ রাজ্য পুস্তক পর্ষদ, প্রথম মুদ্রণ নভেম্বর ১৯৯৭

HIS- H CC -2 : Social Formations and Cultural Patterns of the Ancient World other than India

Learning Objectives:

This course aims to introduce the students to the significant developments in world history that have shaped the complexity of human existence. To begin with it offers a historical survey of human evolution. It details the transition from hunting gathering subsistence pattern to more advanced adaptations to a sedentary farming economy. The course content is premised on the understanding that the pace and nature of change differed in different parts of the ancient world.

I. Evolution of human kind: Paleolithic and Mesolithic cultures – Role of social Institutions in the development of early societies.

II. Food production: Debate on the origins of food production, Neolithic cultures in West Asia and Europe

III. Bronze Age civilizations, Egypt (Old Kingdom); economy, social stratification, state structure, religion architecture.

IV. Nomadic groups- Debate on the advent of iron and its implications in Central and West Asia.

V. Ancient Rome: Polity and society- slavery, agrarian economy, urbanization, & trade.

VI. Polis in ancient Greece: Athens and Sparta - Polity and society- Slavery, Athenian democracy, Greek culture- Sophists, Drama - Tragedy and Comedy, Art and architecture.

Essential Readings

Rakesh Kumar, Ancient and Medieval World From Evolution of Humans to the Crisis of Feudalism, Sage Texts, 2018
Farooqui Amar, Early Social Formations. Manak Publications Pvt. Ltd. 2002
B.Fagan, People of the Earth. : an introduction to world prehistory
New York, NY HarperCollins College Publishers 1977
B.Trigger, Ancient Egypt : A Social History. Cambridge University Press, 1983
Bai Shaoyi, An Outline History of China. Beijing : Foreign Languages Press, 1982.
Burns and Ralph, World Civilisations.
Cambridge History of Africa, Vol.I. Cambridge University Press ,1982
G.Clark, World Prehistory: A New Perspective Cambridge University Press, 1977.
Yuval Noah Harari , Sapiens A Brief History of Humankind, Vintage,2015
Norman Davies, Europe A History , Oxford 1996
Jacquetta Hawkes, First Civilisations. life in Mesopotamia, the Indus Valley and Egypt.
The history of human society. New York: Knopf, 1973.
M.I.Finley, The Ancient Economy. University of California Press 1999.
R.J.Wenke, Patterns in Prehistory Oxford University Press, USA; 5th edition 2006
UNESCO Series: History of Mankind, Vols. I –III/ or New ed. History of Humanity.1963
V.Gordon Childe, What happened in History. Peregrine Books 1985

Suggested Readings

A.Hauser, A Social History of Art, Vol I. Routledge, 1999.
Glyn Daniel, First Civilisations. New. York: Thomas Y. Crowell (Apollo. Editions), 1968
J.D. Bernal, Science in History, Vol.I. Cambridge: The MIT Press, Massachusetts
Institute of Technology, 1971
Salia Ikram, Death & Burial in Ancient Egypt (American University in Cairo Press, 2015)
V.Gordon Childe, Social Evolution.
Martin Bernal, Black Athena; the Afro Asiatic Roots of Classical Civilization Brunswick:
Rutgers University Press, 1991.
গর্ডন চাইল্ড, সোশ্যাল ইভলিউশন, অসিত চৌধুরী (ভাষান্তর), দীপায়ন, কলকাতা, ১৪০৫
বঙ্গাব্দ □
গর্ডন চাইল্ড, ম্যান মেক্স হিমসেলফ, মগন দাস (ভাষান্তর), দীপায়ন, কলকাতা, ১৯৯৯ □
গর্ডন চাইল্ড, হোয়াট হ্যাপেনড ইন হিস্ট্রি, দীপায়ন, কলকাতা □
জন ডেসমন্ড বার্নাল, ইতিহাসে বিজ্ঞান, আনন্দ, কলকাতা □
কুণাল চট্টোপাধ্যায় ও সুজাত ভদ্র, প্রাচীন গ্রীসের সমাজ ও স্নগস্কৃতি, প্রগ্রেসিভ, কলকাতা
□

সুপ্রতিম দাস, গ্রীস অনুসন্ধান, প্রোগ্রেসিভ, কলকাতা □

HIS- H CC-3 : History of India C 300 BCE to C 750 CE

Learning Objectives:

This paper focusses on the formation of polity, society, economy and religion of ancient India tracing the growth of empires from the Mauryas, to the Kushanas, the Satavahanas the Guptas, and also the post- Gupta polities such as the Pallavas, Chalukyas, and Vardhanas.

I. Economy and Society (circa 300 BCE to circa CE 300)

- a)Expansion of agrarian economy : production relations
- b) Urban growth: north India, central India and the Deccan; craft Production: trade and trade routes; coinage
- c)Social stratification: class, Varna, Jati, untouchability; gender; marriage and property relations.

II. Changing political formations (circa 300 BCE to circa CE 300) :

- a)The Mauryan Empire
- b)Post-Mauryan Polities with special reference to the Kushanas and the Satavahanas; Gana-Sanghas

III. Towards early medieval India (circa CE fourth century to CE 750):

- a) Agrarian expansion: land grants, changing production relations; graded land rights and peasantry.
- b)The problem of urban decline: patterns of trade, currency, and urban settlements.
- c)Varna, proliferation of Jatis: changing norms of marriage and property
- d) The nature of polities: the Gupta empire and its contemporaries: post-Gupta polities- Pallavas, Chalukyas, and Vardhanas.

IV. Religion, philosophy and society (circa 300 BCE – CE 750)

- a)Consolidation of the Brahmanical tradition : dharma, Varnashram, Purushastras, Samskaras.
- b)Theistic cults (from circa second century BC): Mahayana; the Puranic tradition.
- c) The beginnings of Tantricism.

V. Cultural developments (circa 300 BCE to circa CE 750):

- a)A brief survey of Sanskrit, Pali, Prakrit and Tamil literature. Scientific and technical treatises.
- b)Art and architecture and forms and patronage; Mauryan , Post-Mauryan, Gupta , Post-Gupta

Essential Readings

Chattopadhyaya B.D, The making of early Medieval India, 1994.
Chattopadhyaya B.D, Bharatvarsha and other Essays, Permanent Black, Delhi, 2017.
Chattopadhyaya D.P, History of Science and Technology in Ancient India, 1986.
Chakravarti Ranabir, Exploring Early India upto AD 1300, Primus, Delhi, 2016.
Huntington Susan, The Art of Ancient India: Buddhist, Hindu, and Jain, New York, 1985.
Kosambi D.D, An Introduction to the Study of Indian History, 1975.
Maity S.K, Economic Life in Northern India in the Gupta Period, 1970.
Sahu B.P (ed.), Land System and Rural Society in Early India, 1997.
Sastri K.A.N, A History of South India.
Sharma R.S, Indian Feudalism, 1980.
Sharma R.S, Urban Decay in India, c.300- c1000, Delhi, Munshiram Manohar Lal, 1987
Singh Upinder, A history of Ancient and early Medieval India, 2008.
Thapar Romila, Asoka and the Decline of the Mauryas, 1997

Suggested Readings

Agarwal Asvini, The Rise and Fall of the Imperial Guptas, New Delhi, 1988.
Bhattacharya N.N, Ancient Indian Rituals and Their Social Contents, 2nd ed., 1996.
Bhattacharya N.N, History of Tantric Religion, 1982
Chakravarti Uma, The Social Dimensions of Buddhism. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1987.
Chakravarti Uma, Trade and Traders in Early Indian Society, New Delhi, 2007 (revised edition)
Champakalakshmi R, Trade, Ideology and Urbanization: South India: 300BC to AD 1300, Delhi, 1996.
Chanana D., Slavery in Ancient India as Depicted in Pali and Sanskrit Texts, Delhi, 1960.
Gupta P.L, Coins, 4th ed., 1996.
Harle J.C, The Art and Architecture of the Indian Subcontinent, 1987.
Lahiri Nayanjot, Ashoka in Ancient India, 2015
Majumdar R.C and Altekar A.S eds. The Vakataka Gupta Age, Varanasi, 1955.
Mukherjee B.N, Kushana Studies, New Perspectives, Kolkata, 2004
Mukherjee B.N, The Character of the Maurya Empire, Kolkata, 2000
Mukherjee B.N, The Rise and Fall of the Kushana Empire, Calcutta, 1989.
Pollock Sheldon, The Language of the Gods in the World of Men. Sanskrit, Culture and Power in Pre-modern India. New Delhi, 2006.
Ray H.P, Winds of Change, 1994.
Ray Nihar Ranjan, Maurya and Post Maurya Art, New Delhi, 1975.
Sharma R.S, Perspectives in the Social and Economic History of Early India, New Delhi, 1983.
Shastri A.M ed. The Age of the Vakatakas, Delhi, 1992.
Singh Upinder, A History of Ancient and Early Medieval India. Delhi, 2008.
Smith Bardwell ed., Essays in Gupta Culture, New Delhi, 1983.
Thapar Romila, Asoka and the Decline of the Mauryas, New Delhi, 2000
Thapar Romila, Early India: From the origins to 1300, London, 2002
Thapar Romila, The Mauryas Revisited, Calcutta, 1987.

Veluthat Kesavan, The Early Medieval in South India, New Delhi, 2009

রোমিলা থাপার, অশোক ও মৌর্যদের পতন, (Asoka and the Decline of the Mauryas), কে পি বাগচি এন্ড কোং, কলকাতা

সুনীল চট্টোপাধ্যায়, প্রাচীন ভারতের ইতিহাস (১ম খন্ড), পশ্চিমবঙ্গ রাজ্য পুস্তক পর্ষদ, একাদশ মুদ্রণ, এপ্রিল ২০০৪

সুনীল চট্টোপাধ্যায়, প্রাচীন ভারতের ইতিহাস (২য় খন্ড), পশ্চিমবঙ্গ রাজ্য পুস্তক পর্ষদ, ৮ম মুদ্রণ, ফেব্রুয়ারি ২০০৪

হীরেন্দ্রনাথ মুখোপাধ্যায়, ভারতবর্ষের ইতিহাস (১ম খন্ড) (প্রাচীন ও মধ্যযুগ), পশ্চিমবঙ্গ রাজ্য পুস্তক পর্ষদ, প্রথম মুদ্রণ নভেম্বর ১৯৯৭

HIS- H -CC-4 : Social Formations and Cultural Patterns of the Medieval World other than India

Learning Objectives: This course seeks to understand the transition of Ancient Europe into the medieval world. It therefore looks at the crisis caused by the decline of Roman Empire, the rise of religious organizations such as the Church and Monastery, the Carolingian and 12th century renaissance, and the rise of Universities and Towns. It addresses the ushering of Feudalism and its breakdown and finally deals with the crisis of Judaism and Christianity facing the advent of Islam and the counter attack, Crusades.

I. Crisis of the Roman Empire and its principal causes: Historiography

II. Religion in Medieval Europe: Religious organizations (Church and Monastery), Struggle between the Empire and Papacy. Urbanization,

III. Culture in Medieval Europe: Carolingian renaissance 12th century renaissance, Rise of University, Medieval art and architecture.

IV. Society and in Medieval Europe: Feudal society its origins, Manorialism, Growth of towns.

V. Origins of the crisis of Feudalism: the Transition Debate

VI. Judaism and Christianity under Islam : Crusade

Essential Reading:

1. Baker, Simon, Ancient Rome The Rise and Fall of an Empire, Ebury Publishing, 2006.
2. Bloch, Marc, Feudal Society (2 Vols), Aakar Books, Revised Edition, July, 2017.
3. Brundage (ed.), The Crusades, Marquette University Press, 1962.
4. Burke, Edmund, III & Ira M. Lapidus, Islam, Politics and Social Movements, University of California Press, 1988.
5. Chris Wickham, Medieval Europe, Yale University, 2016
6. Cohen, Mark, Under Crescent and Cross The Jews in the Middle Ages, Princeton University Press, 2008.

7. Deansley, Margaret, A History of Early Medieval Europe, 476 to 911, Methuen, 1956.
8. Dobb, Maurice Dobb, Studies in the Development of Capitalism, Routledge, First Edition, March, 1965.
9. Lewis, Bernard, The Arabs in History, Oxford University Press, 6th Edition, May 2002.
10. Lewis, Bernard, The Jews of Islam, 1984.
11. Man, John, The Mongol Empire, Penguin Random House, May 2015.
12. Maurice Keen, The Penguin History of Medieval Europe, 1991
13. Pirenne, Heim, Medieval Cities, Princeton University Press, 1969.
14. Smith, Leslie and Leyser, Conrad; Motherhood, Women and Society in Medieval Europe (400-1400), Ashgate Publishing Ltd, 2011.
15. Stuard, Susan Mosher (Ed.), Women in Medieval History and Historiography, University of Pennsylvania Press; New edition, December, 1988.

HIS- H CC 5 SEM-4: HISTORY OF INDIA (C.750 – 1206)

Learning Objectives: This course seeks to provide an understanding of early medieval India - its polity, economy, society, religion and culture.

I. Studying Early Medieval India:

Historical geography sources: texts, epigraphic and numismatic data. Debates on Indian Feudalism, rise of the Rajputs and the nature of the state.

II. Political Structures:

- a) Evolution of political structures: Rashtrakutas, Palas, Pratiharas, Rajputs and Cholas.
- b) Legitimization of kingship; Brahmanas and temples; royal genealogies and rituals
- c) Arab conquest of Sindh : nature and impact of the new set-up; Ismaili Dawah
- d) Cause and consequences of early Turkish invasions : Mamud of Ghazna; Shahab-ud-Din of Ghur.

III. Agrarian structure and social change:

- a) Agricultural expansion; crops
- b) Landlords and peasants
- c) Proliferation of castes: status of untouchables
- d) Tribes as peasants and their place in the Varna order

IV. Trade and Commerce

- a) Inter-regional trade
- b) Maritime trade
- c) Forms of exchange
- d) Process of urbanization

e) Merchant guilds of South India

V. Religious and Cultural developments:

- a) Bhakti, Tantrism, Puranic traditions; Buddhism and Jainism; Popular religious cults.
- b) Islamic intellectual traditions: Al-Beruni; Al-Hujwiri
- c) Regional languages and literature
- d) Art and architecture: Evolution of regional styles.

Essential Readings

Chattopadhyaya, B.D, The Making of Early Medieval India, 1994.

Karashima, N., South Indian History and Society (Studies from Inscriptions, AD 850 – 1800)

Kulke, Hermann, ed., The State in India (AD 1000 – AD 1700)

Sharma, R.S and Shrimali, K.M eds., Comprehensive History of India, Vol. IV (A & B)

Sharma, R.S. Indian Feudalism (circa 300 – 1200)

Singh, Vipul Interpreting Medieval India, Volume-I, Early Medieval, Delhi Sultanate and Regions (circa 750 – 1550), 2009.

Suggested Readings :

Basham, A.L., (ed.), A Cultural History of India

Basham, A.L., The Wonder that was India

Bose Mandakranta (ed.), Faces of Feminine in Ancient Medieval and Modern India, New York, 2000

Chakravarti Ranabir, Exploring Early India upto Circa AD 1300

Chakravarti, R(ed.), Trade in Early India, Delhi

Champalakshmi, R, Trade, Ideology and Urbanisation :South India 300 BC – AD 1300, Delhi, 1966

Chandra, S, History of Medieval India (800 -1700)

Chattopadhyay, B.D, Aspects of Rural settlements and Rural Society in Early Medieval India

Chattopadhyay, B.D, Science and Society in Ancient India, Calcutta, 1977

Chattopadhyay, B.D, Studying Early India: Archaeology, Texts and Historical Issues, New Delhi, 2003

Chaudhuri, K.N, Trade and Civilisation in the Indian Ocean : An Economic History from the Rise of Islam to 1750

Gopal Lalanji, The Economic Life of Northern India ,Varanasi, 1965

Habib, Irfan, Economic History of Medieval India: A Survey, New Delhi, 2001

Habib, Irfan, Medieval India: The Study of a Civilisation ,New Delhi, 2008

Habib, Md. And Nizami KA (eds), A Comprehensive History of India Vol. V

Habibullah, A.B.M, The Foundation of Muslim Rule in India

Jackson, Peter, The Delhi Sultanate: A Political & Military History, Cambridge, 1999

Jha D.N (ed), The Feudal Order, New Delhi, 2000

Kulke, H., The State in India (1000- 1700)

Majumdar R.C and Dasgupta K.K.(eds), A Comprehensive History of India Vol.III

Majumdar R.C. et al (eds), History and Culture of the Indian People Vol. IV and Vol. V
 Meister M.M & Dhaky MA, Indian Temple Architecture, Delhi, 1983
 Mukherjee B.N, Post-Gupta Coinages of Bengal, Calcutta, 1989
 Mukhia, H., The Feudalism Debate
 Rakaswami Vijaya, Walking Naked: Women, Society, Spirituality in South India (Simla, 1997)
 Ray H.C, Dynastic History of Northern India (New Delhi, 1973)
 Ray Nihar Ranjan et al ed., A Source Book of Indian Civilisation (Kolkata, 2000)
 Rizvi, S.A.A, The Wonder that was India, Vol. II
 Roy Kumkum (ed), Women in Early Indian Societies (New Delhi, 1999)
 Sastri, K.A. Nilkanta, A History of South India from Prehistoric Times to the Fall of Vijaynagar,
 Sastri K.A. Nilkantha, The Cholas (Madras, 1975 [reprint])
 Sastri, K.A. Nilkanta (ed), A Comprehensive History of India Vol. II
 Sharma R.S, Early Medieval Indian Society: A Study in Feudalisation, Delhi, 2001.
 Sharma R.S, Indian Feudalism, University of Calcutta, 1965.
 Sharma R.S, Perspectives in the Social and Economic History of Early India, New Delhi, 1983.
 Sharma, R.S, Early Medieval Indian Society: A Study in Feudalisation (Delhi, 2001)
 Sharma, R.S, Indian Feudalism
 Singh Upinder ed., Rethinking Early Medieval India : A Reader, 2011
 Singh Upinder, A History of Ancient and Early Medieval India. Delhi, 2008.
 Thapar Romila, Early India: From the Origins to AD 1300, London, 2002
 Thapar, R; Early India
 Veluthat, K; The Political Structure of Early Medieval South India
 India and the Expansion of Islam 7-11 century, 1990
 Yadava, B.N.S, Society & Culture in North India in the 12th century
 Yazdani, G., (ed), The Early History of the Deccan

বশাম এ এল, অতীতের উজ্জ্বল ভারত, (The Wonder That Was India), প্রোগ্রেসিভ পাবলিশার্স, কলকাতা, ২০০৫
 মুখোপাধ্যায় হীরেন্দ্রনাথ, ভারতবর্ষের ইতিহাস (১ম খন্ড) (প্রাচীন ও মধ্যযুগ), পশ্চিমবঙ্গ রাজ্য পুস্তক পর্ষদ, প্রথম মুদ্রণ নভেম্বর ১৯৯৭
 ভট্টাচার্য, নরেন্দ্রনাথ, ধর্ম ও সংস্কৃতিক: প্রাচীন ভারতীয় প্রেক্ষাপট
 চক্রবর্তী রণবীর, প্রাচীন ভারতের অর্থনৈতিক ইতিহাসের সন্ধান, আনন্দ পাবলিশার্স, কলকাতা ২০০২
 চক্রবর্তী রণবীর, ভারত ইতিহাসের আদি পর্ব, ওরিয়েন্ট লংম্যান, কলকাতা, ২০০৭
 সেন সমরেন্দ্রনাথ, বিজ্ঞানের ইতিহাস, শৈব্যা প্রকাশন, ১৯৯৬
 শর্মা রামশরণ, ভারতের সামন্ততন্ত্র, (Indian Feudalism), কে পি বাগচি এন্ড কোং, কলকাতা
 শর্মা রামশরণ, আদি মধ্যযুগের ভারতীয় সমাজ: সামন্ত-প্রক্রিয়া বিষয়ে এক সমীক্ষা (Early Medieval Indian Society: A Study in Feudalisation), ওরিয়েন্ট লংম্যান, ২০০৩

HIS- H CC- 6 SEM-4: HISTORY OF EUROPE (C.1453-1650)

Learning Objectives: This paper explains the transition of Europe from feudalism to capitalism, illustrating the various forces that saw the culmination of this process. It thus includes geographical discoveries, Renaissance, Reformation, economic developments and finally the emergence of the national monarchies.

Module 1

1.1 Transition Debate on transition from feudalism to capitalism: problems and theories.

Module II

2.1 The exploration of the new world: motives

2.2 Portuguese and Spanish voyages.

Module III

3.1 Renaissance : its social roots

3.2 Renaissance humanism

3.3 Rediscovery of classics

3.4 Italian renaissance and its impact on art, culture, education and political thought.

3.5 Its spread in Europe

Module IV

4.1 Reformation movements: Origins & courses

4.2 Martin Luther & Lutheranism

4.3 John Calvin & Calvinism

4.4 Radical reformation: Anabaptists and Huguenots

4.5 English reformation and the role of the state

4.6 Counter Reformation

Module V

5.1 Economic developments

5.2 Shift of economic balance from the Mediterranean to the Atlantic

5.3 Commercial Revolution

5.4 Price Revolution

5.5 Agricultural Revolution and the Enclosure Movement

Module VI

6.1 Development of national monarchy

6.2 Emergence of European state system

Essential Readings

Butterfield H., The Origins of Modern Science. The Macmillan Company. 1959

Cipolla Carlo M., Fontana Economic History of Europe, Vols. II and III Collins/ Fontana Books; 1978

Cipolla Carlo M., Before the Industrial Revolution, European Society and Economy, 1000-1700, W. W. Norton & Company; 3rd edition 1994

Coleman D.C (ed.), Revisions in Mercantilism Methuen & Co, 1969.

Davis Ralph, The Rise of the Atlantic Economics. Cornell University Press, 1973

Dobb Maurice, Studies in the Development of Capitalism, International Publishers, 1947

Parker G., Europe in Crisis, 1598-1648 Ithaca, N.Y. : Cornell University Press. 1980

Parry, J.H., The Age of Reconnaissance University of California Press, 1981

Phukan Meenaxi, Rise of the Modern West: Social and Economic History of Early Modern Europe. Laxmi Publications 2013

Poliensky.V, war and Society in Europe, 1618-48 Cambridge University Press, 2008

Rabb Theodore K., The Struggle for Stability in Early Modern Europe. Oxford University Press, 1975

Scammell V., The First Imperial Age: European Overseas expansion, 1400-1715. Routledge, 2003

Vries Jan de, Economy of Europe in an Age of Crisis 1600-1750. New York: Cambridge University Press, 1976

Suggested Readings :

Anderson M.S, Europe in the Eighteenth Century Holt, Rinehart and Winston, 1961

Anderson, Perry, The lineages of the Absolutist States. Verso, 1979

Aston, T.H and Philipin C.H.E (eds.), The Brenner Debate: Agrarian Class Structure and Economic Development in Pre-Industrial Europe, Cambridge University Press, 2005.

Bernal J.D, Science in History Cambridge: The MIT Press, 1954

Burke, Peter, The Renaissance . Humanities Press International, 1987

Camerson, Euan (ed.), Early Modern Europe: An Oxford History, Oxford University Press 2001.

Dunn Rechar d S., The Age of Religious Wars, 1559-1715, W.W.Norton & Company, 2004

Elton, G.R., Reformation Europe, 1517-1559 Wiley, 1999

Gilmore, M.P., The World of Humanism, 1453-1517 New York, Harper 1952

Hall, R., From Galileo to Newton Courier Corporation, 1981

Hill, Christopher, A century of Revolutions. Psychology Press, 2002

Hilton, Rodney, Transition from feudalism to Capitalism, Aakar Books, 2006

Koenigsberger, H.G and Mosse, G.L., Europe in the Sixteenth Century. Longmans, 1961

Lee, Stephen J., Aspects of European History, 1494-1789 Routledge, 1982

Parker, G. and Smith, L.M., General Crisis of the Seventeenth Century. Boston : Routledge & Kegan Paul, 1978.

Pennington, D.H., Seventeenth Century Europe. Longman, 1972

Rabb, Theodore K., The Struggle for Stability in Early Modern Europe. Oxford University Press, 1975

Rice, Eugene F. and Grafton, Anthony, The Foundations of Early Modern Europe, 1460-1559, W.W.Norton & Company, 2004.

The Cambridge Economic History of Europe, Vol.I, IV Cambridge University Press 1944

The New Cambridge Economic History of Europe, Vol.I, VII.

ত্রিপাঠী অমলেশ, ইতালির রেনেসাঁস বাঙালির সংস্কৃতি, আনন্দ পাবলিশার্স, কলকাতা ১৯৯৪
দাশগুপ্ত অশীন, ভারত মহাসাগরে বাণিজ্য ও রাজনীতি ১৫০০-১৮০০, আনন্দ পাবলিশার্স,
কলকাতা, ১৯৯৯

বার্নাল জে ডি, ইতিহাসে বিজ্ঞান, (Science in History), আনন্দ পাবলিশার্স, কলকাতা, ২০০৫
সেন সমরেন্দ্র, বিজ্ঞানের ইতিহাস, শৈব্যা প্রকাশন, কলকাতা, ১৯৯৬

ভট্টাচার্য স্নেহাদ্রি, ইংলন্ডের ইতিহাস (টিউডর যুগ), পশ্চিমবঙ্গ রাজ্য পুস্তক পর্ষদ, কলকাতা,
১৯৯৫

চক্রবর্তী ভাস্কর, চক্রবর্তী সুভাষ রঞ্জন এবং চট্টোপাধ্যায় কিংশুক, ইউরোপে যুগান্তর, নবভারতী
প্রকাশনী, কলকাতা, ২০০৫

মুখার্জী রীলা, রূপান্তরিত ইউরোপ(৯০০ – ১৮০০), প্রোগ্রেসিভ পাবলিশার্স, কলকাতা, ২০০৪

HIS- H CC-7 : HISTORY OF INDIA (c.1206-1526)

Learning Objectives : This paper focusses on The polity , society and economy , culture and religion of the Delhi Sultanate.

I. Interpreting the Delhi Sultanate:

Survey of sources: Persian tarikh tradition; vernacular histories; epigraphy

II. Sultanate Political Structures:

- Foundation, expansion and consolidation of the Sultanate of Delhi; the Khaljis and the Tughluqs; Mongol threat and Timur's invasion; Rise and fall of Syed dynasty; The Lodis; Conquest of Bahlul and Sikandar; Ibrahim Lodi and the battle of Panipat;
- Theories of Kingship; Ruling elites; Sufis, Ulama and the political authority; imperial monuments and coinage
- Emergence of provincial dynasties: Bahamanis, Vijayanagar, Gujarat, Malwa, Jaunpur and Bengal
- Consolidation of regional identities: regional art, architecture and literature

III. Society and Economy:

- a. Iqta and the revenue-free grants
- b. Agriculture production; technology
- c. Changes in rural society; revenue systems
- d. Monetization; market regulations; growth of urban centres; trade and commerce; Indian Ocean trade

IV. Religion and Culture:

- a. Sufi silsilas: Chishtis and Suhrawardis; doctrines and practices; social roles.
- b. Bhakti movements and monotheistic traditions in South and North India; Women Bhaktas; Nathpanthis; Kabir, Nanak and the Sant tradition
- c. Sufi literature; Malfuzat; Premakhayans
- d. Architecture of the Delhi Sultanate

ESSENTIAL READINGS:

Asher, Catherine and Talbot Cynthia, *India before Europe*, Cambridge University Press, March 2006.

Chandra Satish, *Medieval India I*, Har Anand Publication, New Delhi, July 2007.

Habib Mohammad and Nizami K.A., eds, *Comprehensive History of India, Vol. V, The Delhi Sultanate*, People’s Publishing House, 2nd Edition, 1992.

Hasan Mohibul, *Historians of Medieval India*, Meenakshi Prakashan, 1968.

Jackson Peter, *The Delhi Sultanate*, Cambridge University Press, Revised Edition, 2003.

Schomer, Karine, and McLeod W.H., (Eds), *The Sants Studies in A Devotional Tradition of India*, Motilal Banarsidas, Delhi, 1987.

Nizami K.A., *Some Aspects of Religion and Politics in India During the 13th Century*, Aligarh, 1961.

Raychaudhuri Tapan and Habib Irfan, (Eds), *Cambridge Economic History of India, Vol. I: c. 1200 – c. 1750*, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, 1982, 1987 (reprint).

Rizvi S.A.A., *A History of Sufism in India, Vol. I*, Munshiram Manoharlal, New Delhi, 1978.

□□□□□□ □□□□□□ □□□□, □□□□□□□□□□□□ □□□□□ □ □□□□□□□□□□, □□□□□ □□□□□□□□□□, □□□□□□□

Suggested Readings

Ashraf K.M, *Life and Conditions of the People of Hindusthan (1250 – 1550)*, Gyan Publishing House, 2000.

Eaton, R.M, *The Rise of Islam and the Bengal Frontier (1204- 1760)*, University of California Press, July 1996.

Habib, Irfan, *Medieval India: The Study of a Civilization*, National Book Trust, July 2008.

Karashima, Noboru, *South Indian History and Society: studies from inscriptions, A.D. 850 - 1800*, Oxford, 1984.

Karashima, Noboru, *Towards a New Formation: South Indian Society under Vijayanagara*, Oxford University Press, 1992.

Kumar Sunil, The Emergence of the Sultanate of Delhi, Permanent Black, Delhi, First edition, 2010.
Stein, Burton, Peasant State and Society in Medieval South India, Oxford University Press, Oxford, February 1995.
Sherwani, H.K., Joshi, P.M. (eds), The History of Medieval Deccan (1295 - 1724), Government of Andhra Pradesh, Hyderabad, 1973-74.
Singh, Vipul, Interpreting Medieval India, Volume-I, Early Medieval, Delhi Sultanate and Regions (circa 750 – 1550), Macmillan Publishers India Ltd, 2009.
Tripathi, R.P; Some Aspects of Muslim Administration, The Indian Press Ltd., 1936.
Wink, Andre, Al Hind; The Making of the Indo Islamic World, Volume I – Early Medieval, Brill Academic Publishers, 2nd Edition, 1991.

রায় মিহিরকুমার, ভারতের ইতিহাস (তুরক-আফগান যুগ), পশ্চিমবঙ্গ রাজ্য পুস্তক পর্ষদ, দ্বিতীয় মুদ্রণ, ফেব্রুয়ারী ১৯৯২
হাবিব ইরফান, মধ্যযুগের ভারতের অর্থনৈতিক ইতিহাস, (Economic History of Medieval India: A Survey), প্রোগ্রেসিভ পাবলিশার্স
হাবিব ইরফান, মধ্যকালীন ভারত ১-৪ খন্ড (Medieval India) কে পি বাগচি এন্ড কোং, কলকাতা
হাবিবুল্লাহ এ বি এম, ভারতে মুসলিম শাসনের প্রতিষ্ঠা ১২০৬-১২৯০, (The Foundation of Muslim Rule in India), প্রোগ্রেসিভ পাবলিশার্স, কলকাতা
রায় অনিরুদ্ধ ও চট্টোপাধ্যায় রত্নাবলী, মধ্যযুগে বাংলার সমাজ ও সংস্কৃতি, কে পি বাগচি এন্ড কোং, কলকাতা ১৯৯২
রায় অনিরুদ্ধ, মধ্যযুগের ভারতের ইতিহাস : সুলতানি আমল, ওরিয়েন্ট লংম্যান, কলকাতা
করিম আব্দুল, বাংলার ইতিহাস : সুলতানি আমল, ঢাকা

HIS- H CC 8 SEM-4: HISTORY OF EUROPE-(C. 1650-1780)

Learning Objectives: This course looks at some of the major path breaking changes that took place around the mid 17th and late 18th century Europe such as the Print revolution, revolution in war techniques, Scientific Revolution, the growth of Mercantilism and its impact on the European economics, leading to a prelude to the industrial revolution, the growth of Parliamentary monarchy with patterns of absolutism that ushered in dramatic changes in the history of Europe.

Module 1

- 1.1 Printing Revolution.
- 1.2 Revolution in war techniques

Module II

- 2.1 Crisis in Europe in the 17th century
- 2.2 Its economic, social and political dimensions

Module III

- 3.1 The English Revolution : major issues
- 3.2 Political and intellectual issues

Module IV

- 4.1 Scientific Revolution
- 4.2 Emergence of scientific academies
- 4.3 Origins of Enlightenment

Module V

- 5.1 Mercantilism and European economics
- 5.2 Preludes to the Industrial Revolution

Module VI

- 6.1 European Politics in the 17th & 18th Century
- 6.2 Parliamentary monarchy
- 6.3 Patterns of Absolutism in Europe

Essential Readings

- Butterfield H., *The Origins of Modern Science*. The Macmillan Company. 1959
- Cipolla Carlo M., *Fontana Economic History of Europe, Vols. II and III* Collins/ Fontana Books; 1978
- Cipolla Carlo M., *Before the Industrial Revolution, European Society and Economy, 1000-1700*, W. W. Norton & Company; 3rd edition 1994
- Coleman D.C (ed.), *Revisions in Mercantilism* Methuen & Co, 1969.
- Davis Ralph, *The Rise of the Atlantic Economics*. Cornell University Press, 1973
- Dobb Maurice, *Studies in the Development of Capitalism*, International Publishers, 1947
- Parker G., *Europe in Crisis, 1598-1648* Ithaca, N.Y. : Cornell University Press. 1980
- Parry, J.H., *The Age of Reconnaissance* University of California Press, 1981
- Phukan Meenaxi, *Rise of the Modern West: Social and Economic History of Early Modern Europe*. Laxmi Publications 2013
- Poliensky.V, *war and Society in Europe, 1618-48* Cambridge University Press, 2008
- Rabb Theodore K., *The Struggle for Stability in Early Modern Europe*. Oxford University Press, 1975
- Scammell V., *The First Imperial Age: European Overseas expansion, 1400-1715*. Routledge, 2003
- Vries Jan de, *Economy of Europe in an Age of Crisis 1600-1750*. New York: Cambridge University Press, 1976

Suggested Readings :

- Anderson M.S, *Europe in the Eighteenth Century* Holt, Rinehart and Winston, 1961
- Anderson, Perry, *The lineages of the Absolutist States*. Verso, 1979
- Aston, T.H and Philipin C.H.E (eds.), *The Brenner Debate: Agrarian Class Structure and Economic Development in Pre-Industrial Europe*, Cambridge University Press, 2005.
- Bernal J.D, *Science in History* Cambridge: The MIT Press, 1954

Burke, Peter, The Renaissance . Humanities Press International, 1987
 Camerson, Euan (ed.), Early Modern Europe: An Oxford History, Oxford University Press 2001.
 Dunn Recharad S., The Age of Religious Wars, 1559-1715, W.W.Norton & Company, 2004
 Elton, G.R., Reformation Europe, 1517-1559 Wiley, 1999
 Gilmore, M.P., The World of Humanism, 1453-1517 New York, Harper 1952
 Hall, R., From Galileo to Newton Courier Corporation, 1981
 Hill, Christopher, A century of Revolutions. Psychology Press, 2002
 Hilton, Rodney, Transition from feudalism to Capitalism, Aakar Books, 2006
 Koenigsberger, H.G and Mosse, G.L., Europe in the Sixteenth Century. Longmans, 1961
 Lee, Stephen J., Aspects of European History, 1494-1789 Routledge, 1982
 Parker, G. and Smith, L.M., General Crisis of the Seventeenth Century. Boston : Routledge & Kegan Paul, 1978.
 Pennington, D.H., Seventeenth Century Europe. Longman, 1972
 Rabb, Theodore K., The Struggle for Stability in Early Modern Europe. Oxford University Press, 1975
 Rice, Eugene F. and Grafton, Anthony, The Foundations of Early Modern Europe, 1460-1559, W.W.Norton & Company, 2004.
 The Cambridge Economic History of Europe, Vol.I, IV Cambridge University Press 1944
 The New Cambridge Economic History of Europe, Vol.I, VII.

ত্রিপাঠী অমলেশ, ইতালির রেনেসাঁস বাঙালির সংস্কৃতি, আনন্দ পাবলিশার্স, কলকাতা ১৯৯৪
 দাশগুপ্ত অশীন, ভারত মহাসাগরে বাণিজ্য ও রাজনীতি ১৫০০-১৮০০, আনন্দ পাবলিশার্স, কলকাতা, ১৯৯৯

বার্নাল জে ডি, ইতিহাসে বিজ্ঞান, (Science in History), আনন্দ পাবলিশার্স, কলকাতা, ২০০৫
 সেন সমরেন্দ্র, বিজ্ঞানের ইতিহাস, শৈব্যা প্রকাশন, কলকাতা, ১৯৯৬

ভট্টাচার্য স্নেহাদি, ইংলন্ডের ইতিহাস (টিউডর যুগ), পশ্চিমবঙ্গ রাজ্য পুস্তক পর্ষদ, কলকাতা, ১৯৯৫

চক্রবর্তী ভাস্কর, চক্রবর্তী সুভাষ রঞ্জন এবং চট্টোপাধ্যায় কিংশুক, ইউরোপে যুগান্তর, নবভারতী প্রকাশনী, কলকাতা, ২০০৫

মুখার্জী রীলা, রূপান্তরিত ইউরোপ(৯০০ – ১৮০০), প্রোগ্রেসিভ পাবলিশার্স, কলকাতা, ২০০৪ চক্রবর্তী

HIS- H CC-9 : HISTORY OF INDIA (C.1526-1605)

Learning outcome: Students will be able to identify the major political developments in the History of India during the period between the sixteenth and the early seventeenth century. Outline the changes and continuities in the field of an eclectic political and religious ideology in connection with the bhakti movement and sufi movement Delineate the development of trade and urban complexes during this period.

UNIT I- Sources and the Historiography

- I. Important sources of Mughal Indian History: Persian and vernacular
- II. Modern Interpretations

UNIT II- Establishment of the Mughal rule

- I. India on the Eve of Babur's Invasion
- II. Mughal- Afghan contest for Supremacy-Sher Shah and his administrative and revenue reforms
- III. Re-establishment of Mughal Rule under Akbar

UNIT III-Consolidation of Mughal Rule under Akbar

- I. Campaigns and conquests with special reference to Gujarat, Deccan and Bengal - Resistance of Hemu Vikramaditya, Rana Pratap, Rani Durgavati, Chand Bibi
- II. Evolution of administrative institutions: Zabt, Mansab, Jagir, Madaad-i-Mash
- III. Incorporation of the Rajputs, creation of the Mughal nobility and growth of a dynastic ideology
- IV. Revolts and resistance, pressure from the Ulemas

UNIT IV- Society and Economy

- I. Conditions of Agriculture and Industry-agricultural productions, zamindars, peasants, rural tensions, non-agricultural productions
- II. Development of Trade and Commerce- patterns of internal commerce, trade routes, overseas trade.

UNIT V- Religion and Culture

- I. Religious tolerance and principle of Suhli-i-Kul; Sufi mystical movement
- II. Bhakti movement.

Suggested Readings

Essential Readings

- Alam Muzaffar and Subramaniam Sanjay , eds., The Mughal state, 1526-1750
- Ali Athar M., The Mughal Nobility under Aurangzeb
- Chandra Satish, Essays on Medieval Indian History
- Dasgupta Ashin, Indian Merchants and the Decline of Surat, 1700 – 1750
- Gordon Stewart, The Marathas 1600 – 1818
- Habib Irfan, Agrarian System of Mughal India, 1526 – 1701
- Koch Ebba, Mughal Art and Imperial Ideology
- Qanungo, K.R, Dara Shukoh
- Richards, J.F, The Mughal Empire
- Rizvi, S.A.A, Muslim Revivalist Movements in Northern India.

Suggested Readings

Alam, Muzaffar-The Crisis of Empire in Mughal North India: Awadh and Punjab-1707-1748.

Alavi, Seema (ed.), The Eighteenth Century in India

Ali, M. Athar, Mughal India: Studies in Polity, Ideas, society and Culture.

Arasaratnam S., Maritime India in the Seventeenth Century

Asher Catherine, Architecture of Mughal India

Bandyopadhyaya S, From Plassey to Partition

Barnett, R.B, North India between Empires: Awadh, the Mughals and the British.

Bashir, Ahmed, Akbar, the Mughal Emperor.

Bayly, Susan, Caste, Society and Politics in India from the 18th century to the modern age.

Bayly, C.A., Indian Society and the Making of the British Empire;

Beach Milo, Mughal and Rajpur Paintings

Bernier, F, Travels in Mughal India.

Chandra Satish, Parties and Politics at the Mughal Court

Chandra, Satish, A History of Medieval India (Part II)

Chandra, Satish, Historiography, Religion and State in Medieval India

Chandra, Satish, Mughal Religious Policies, the Rajputs and the Deccan.

Chandra, Satish, The 18th century in India: Its economy and the Role of the Marathas, the Jats and the Sikhs and the Afghans and Supplement (K.P.Bagchi)

Chaudhuri, K.N., Trade & Civilization: An Economic History from the Rise of Islam to 1750.

Eaton, R.M., The Rise of Islam and the Bengal Frontier 1204-1760;

Eaton, R.M., The Sufis of Bijapur

Fukuzawa, H., The Medieval Deccan: Peasants, Social systems and States 16th to 18th centuries.

Gordon S., The Marathas 1600-1818

Grewal J.S., The Sikhs of the Punjab

Habib Irfan (ed.), Medieval India

Habib Irfan (ed), Resistance and Modernization under Haider Ali and Tipu Sultan

Hasan S., Nurul, Thoughts on Agrarian Relations in Mughal India

Hasan S. Nurul, Religion, State, and Society in Medieval India

Husain Iqbal, Ruhela Chieftancies in 18th Century India

Kulke, H. (ed.), The State in India 1000-1700.

Malik, Z.U, The Reign of Muhammad Shah

Marshall P J., (Edited) , The Eighteenth century in Indian history: Evolution or revolution

Marshall P J., East Indian Fortunes: the British in Bengal in the 18th Cent,

Mukhia Harbans, The Mughals of India

Nizami K.A., (ed.) Politics and society during the early Medieval Period : The collected Works of Prof. Md. Habib (2 vols.)

Raychoudhuri T.K. & Habib I. (eds.)-The Cambridge Economic History of India Vol.I

Richards J.F., The Mughal Empire

Richards, J.F, Mughal Administration in Golconda
 Rizvi S.A.A., A History of Sufism in India
 Rizvi S.A.A., The Wonder that was India (vol.2);
 Sarkar, Sir J.N., History of Aurangzeb 5 vols.
 Sarkar, Sir J.N., The Fall of the Mughal Empire, 4 vols.
 Siddiqi. N.A., Land Revenue Administration Under the Mughals (1700- 1750)
 Stein, Burton, Eighteenth Century in India: Another view (Studies in History, No.I, 1989)
 Stein, Burton, Peasant, State and Society in Medieval South India (Oxford University Press)
 Streusand D.F., The Formation of the Mughal Empire
 Tripathi R.P., Some Aspects of Muslim Administration
 Tripathi R.P., The Rise & Fall of the Mughal Empire
 Wink, Andre, Land and Sovereignty in India: Agrarian society and politics under the eighteenth century Maratha Swarajya.
 Arnisha Ashraf, Tarikh-e Aasham: A study of Ahom-Mughal Conflict in the 17th Century, in Asiatic Society for Social Science Research, Vol.No. 2, Issue No.1 June 2020.
 S.L. Baruah, A Comprehensive History of Assam, 1985
 K.N.Chitnis, Socio- Economic History of Medieval India, 2002
 Rekha Pande, Religious Movements in Medieval India, 2005

আলি এম আখার, আওরঙ্গজেবের সময়ে মুঘল অভিজাত শ্রেণী (The Mughal Nobility under Aurangzeb) কে পি বাগচি এন্ড কোং, কলকাতা
 বন্দ্যোপাধ্যায় শেখর, অষ্টাদশ শতকের মুঘল সংকট ও আধুনিক ইতিহাস চিন্তা, কলকাতা, ১৯৮৩
 ভদ্র গৌতম, মুঘল যুগে কৃষি অর্থনীতি ও কৃষক বিদ্রোহ, সুবর্ণরেখা, কলকাতা, ১৯৮৩
 চন্দ্র সতীশ, মুঘল দরবারে দল ও রাজনীতি, (Parties and politics at the Mughal Court 1707-1740) কে পি বাগচি এন্ড কোং, কলকাতা
 চৌধুরী বিনয় ভূষণ ও অন্যান্যরা, বাংলার কৃষি সমাজের গঠন, কে পি বাগচি এন্ড কোং, কলকাতা
 হাবিব ইরফান, মধ্যকালীন ভারত, খন্ড ১-৪, কে পি বাগচি এন্ড কোং, কলকাতা
 হাবিব ইরফান, মুঘল সাম্রাজ্য ও তার পতন- একটি সমীক্ষা, পশ্চিমবঙ্গ ইতিহাস সংসদ, ২০০০
 হাবিব ইরফান, মুঘল ভারতের কৃষি ব্যবস্থা, (The Agrarian System of Mughal India(1556-1707)), কে পি বাগচি এন্ড কোং, কলকাতা
 হাবিব ইরফান, মধ্যযুগের ভারতের অর্থনৈতিক ইতিহাস, (Economic History of Medieval India: A Survey), প্রোগ্রেসিভ পাবলিশার্স, কলকাতা, ২০০৯
 হাবিব ইরফান, ভারতের ইতিহাস প্রসঙ্গঃ মার্কসীয় চেতনার আলোকে (Essays in Indian History: Towards a Marxist Perception), ন্যাশনাল বুক এজেন্সি, কলকাতা, ১৯৯৯
 রায় অনিরুদ্ধ, মধ্যযুগের ভারতের অর্থনৈতিক ইতিহাস, ১২০০-১৭৫৭, প্রোগ্রেসিভ পাবলিশার্স, কলকাতা
 রায় অনিরুদ্ধ, মুঘল যুগের অর্থনৈতিক ইতিহাস, কে পি বাগচি এন্ড কোং, কলকাতা
 সরকার জগদীশ নারায়ণ, মুঘল অর্থনীতিঃ সংগঠন এবং কার্যক্রম, (Mughal Economy : Organisation and Working) পশ্চিমবঙ্গ রাজ্য পুস্তক পর্ষদ, কলকাতা ১৯৯১

সিদ্দিকী নোমান আহমেদ, মোঘল রাজত্বে ভূমিরাজস্ব পরিচালন ব্যবস্থা (১৭০০ – ১৭৫০)(Land Administration Under the Mughals (1700 -1750) পার্ল পাবলিশার্স, কলকাতা, ১৯৮০
মুখোপাধ্যায় হীরেন্দ্রনাথ, ভারতবর্ষের ইতিহাস (২য় খন্ড)
মুঘল ও ব্রিটিশ ভারত, পশ্চিমবঙ্গ রাজ্য পুস্তক পর্ষদ, কলকাতা ১৯৯৮
চট্টোপাধ্যায় রত্নাবলী, মুঘল যুগের দরবারি চিত্রকলা, থীমা, কলকাতা

HIS- H CC10: HISTORY OF INDIA (1605-1750)

Learning outcome: Students will be able to identify the major political developments in the History of India during the period between the seventeenth and mid-eighteenth century. Outline the changes and continuities in the field of culture, especially with regard to art, architecture and literature. Delineate the development of trade and urban complexes during this period.

UNIT I.Sources: Persian and vernacular literary cultures, histories, memoirs and travelogues

UNIT II. Political culture under Jahangir and Shahjahan

- a) Extension of Mughal rule: changes in Mansab and Jagir systems;
- b) Orthodoxy and syncretism-Naqshbandi sufis, Miyan Mir, Dara Sukoh

UNIT III-Aurangzeb, Shivaji and Other Powers

- I. State and religion under Aurangzeb: policies regarding religious groups and institutions,
- II. Conquests and limits of expansion; Resistance of Assam, Mewar and Marwar
- II. Rise of Marathas under Shivaji ; Maratha administration, concept of Hindu Pad Padshahi
- III. Beginning of crisis: agrarian and jagir crises; resistance of Sikhs, Jats and Bundelas
- IV. Mughal decline: debates

UNIT IV- Society and Economy

- I. Hindu and Muslim Society: Caste and Occupational groups, Lifestyle, Education, Customs and Traditions
- II. Condition of agriculture, crafts and industry; Monetary system
- III. Development of Trade and Commerce: Indian Ocean trade network

UNIT V- Religion and Culture

- I. Sikhism and other Sects in South India, Bengal and Kashmir
- II. Development of Mughal Art, architecture, literature.

Suggested Readings

Essential Readings

- Alam Muzaffar and Subramaniam Sanjay , eds., The Mughal state, 1526-1750
- Ali Athar M., The Mughal Nobility under Aurangzeb
- Chandra Satish, Essays on Medieval Indian History
- Dasgupta Ashin, Indian Merchants and the Decline of Surat, 1700 – 1750
- Gordon Stewart, The Marathas 1600 – 1818
- Habib Irfan, Agrarian System of Mughal India, 1526 – 1701

Koch Ebba, Mughal Art and Imperial Ideology
Qanungo, K.R, Dara Shukoh
Richards, J.F, The Mughal Empire
Rizvi, S.A.A, Muslim Revivalist Movements in Northern India.

Suggested Readings

Alam, Muzaffar-The Crisis of Empire in Mughal North India: Awadh and Punjab-1707-1748.
Alavi, Seema (ed.), The Eighteenth Century in India
Ali, M. Athar, Mughal India: Studies in Polity, Ideas, society and Culture.
Arasaratnam S., Maritime India in the Seventeenth Century
Asher Catherine, Architecture of Mughal India
Bandyopadhyaya S, From Plassey to Partition
Barnett, R.B, North India between Empires: Awadh, the Mughals and the British.
Bashir, Ahmed, Akbar, the Mughal Emperor.
Bayly, Susan, Caste, Society and Politics in India from the 18th century to the modern age.
Bayly, C.A., Indian Society and the Making of the British Empire;
Beach Milo, Mughal and Rajpur Paintings
Bernier, F, Travels in Mughal India.
Chandra Satish, Parties and Politics at the Mughal Court
Chandra, Satish, A History of Medieval India (Part II)
Chandra, Satish, Historiography, Religion and State in Medieval India
Chandra, Satish, Mughal Religious Policies, the Rajputs and the Deccan.
Chandra, Satish, The 18th century in India: Its economy and the Role of the Marathas, the Jats and the Sikhs and the Afghans and Supplement (K.P.Bagchi)
Chaudhuri, K.N., Trade & Civilization: An Economic History from the Rise of Islam to 1750.
Eaton, R.M., The Rise of Islam and the Bengal Frontier 1204-1760;
Eaton, R.M., The Sufis of Bijapur
Fukuzawa, H., The Medieval Deccan: Peasants, Social systems and States 16th to 18th centuries.
Gordon S., The Marathas 1600-1818
Grewal J.S., The Sikhs of the Punjab
Habib Irfan (ed.), Medieval India
Habib Irfan (ed), Resistance and Modernization under Haider Ali and Tipu Sultan
Hasan S., Nurul, Thoughts on Agrarian Relations in Mughal India
Hasan S. Nurul, Religion, State, and Society in Medieval India
Husain Iqbal, Ruhela Chieftancies in 18th Century India
Kulke, H. (ed.), The State in India 1000-1700.
Malik, Z.U, The Reign of Muhammad Shah
Marshall P J., (Edited) , The Eighteenth century in Indian history: Evolution or revolution

Marshall P J., East Indian Fortunes: the British in Bengal in the 18th Cent,
 Mukhia Harbans, The Mughals of India
 Nizami K.A., (ed.) Politics and society during the early Medieval Period : The collected
 Works of Prof. Md. Habib (2 vols.)
 Raychoudhuri T.K. & Habib I. (eds.)-The Cambridge Economic History of India Vol.I
 Richards J.F., The Mughal Empire
 Richards, J.F, Mughal Administration in Golconda
 Rizvi S.A.A., A History of Sufism in India
 Rizvi S.A.A., The Wonder that was India (vol.2);
 Sarkar, Sir J.N., History of Aurangzeb 5 vols.
 Sarkar, Sir J.N., The Fall of the Mughal Empire, 4 vols.
 Siddiqi. N.A., Land Revenue Administration Under the Mughals (1700- 1750)
 Stein, Burton, Eighteenth Century in India: Another view (Studies in History, No.I,
 1989)
 Stein, Burton, Peasant, State and Society in Medieval South India (Oxford University
 Press)
 Streusand D.F., The Formation of the Mughal Empire
 Tripathi R.P., Some Aspects of Muslim Administration
 Tripathi R.P., The Rise & Fall of the Mughal Empire
 Wink, Andre, Land and Sovereignty in India: Agrarian society and politics under the
 eighteenth century Maratha Swarajya.
 Arnisha Ashraf, Tarikh-e Aasham: A study of Ahom-Mughal Conflict in the 17th
 Century, in
 Asiatic Society for Social Science Research, Vol.No. 2, Issue No.1 June 2020.
 S.L. Baruah, A Comprehensive History of Assam, 1985
 K.N.Chitnis, Socio- Economic History of Medieval India, 2002
 Rekha Pande, Religious Movements in Medieval India, 2005

আলি এম আখার, আওরঙ্গজেবের সময়ে মুঘল অভিজাত শ্রেণী (The Mughal Nobility under
 Aurangzeb) কে পি বাগচি এন্ড কোং, কলকাতা
 বন্দ্যোপাধ্যায় শেখর, অষ্টাদশ শতকের মুঘল সংকট ও আধুনিক ইতিহাস চিন্তা, কলকাতা, ১৯৮৩
 ভদ্র গৌতম, মুঘল যুগে কৃষি অর্থনীতি ও কৃষক বিদ্রোহ, সুবর্ণরেখা, কলকাতা, ১৯৮৩
 চন্দ্র সতীশ, মুঘল দরবারে দল ও রাজনীতি, (Parties and politics at the Mughal Court 1707-1740)
 কে পি বাগচি এন্ড কোং, কলকাতা
 চৌধুরী বিনয় ভূষণ ও অন্যান্যরা, বাংলার কৃষি সমাজের গঠন, কে পি বাগচি এন্ড কোং, কলকাতা
 হাবিব ইরফান, মধ্যকালীন ভারত, খন্ড ১-৪, কে পি বাগচি এন্ড কোং, কলকাতা
 হাবিব ইরফান, মুঘল সাম্রাজ্য ও তার পতন- একটি সমীক্ষা, পশ্চিমবঙ্গ ইতিহাস সংসদ, ২০০০
 হাবিব ইরফান, মুঘল ভারতের কৃষি ব্যবস্থা, (The Agrarian System of Mughal India (1556-1707)),
 কে পি বাগচি এন্ড কোং, কলকাতা
 হাবিব ইরফান, মধ্যযুগের ভারতের অর্থনৈতিক ইতিহাস, (Economic History of Medieval India:
 A Survey), প্রোগ্রেসিভ পাবলিশার্স, কলকাতা, ২০০৯
 হাবিব ইরফান, ভারতের ইতিহাস প্রসঙ্গঃ মার্কসীয় চেতনার আলোকে (Essays in Indian History:
 Towards a Marxist Perception), ন্যাশনাল বুক এজেন্সি, কলকাতা, ১৯৯৯

রায় অনিরুদ্ধ, মধ্যযুগের ভারতের অর্থনৈতিক ইতিহাস, ১২০০-১৭৫৭, প্রোগ্রেসিভ পাবলিশার্স, কলকাতা

রায় অনিরুদ্ধ, মুঘল যুগের অর্থনৈতিক ইতিহাস, কে পি বাগচি এন্ড কোং, কলকাতা

সরকার জগদীশ নারায়ণ, মুঘল অর্থনীতি: সংগঠন এবং কার্যক্রম, (Mughal Economy :

Organisation and Working) পশ্চিমবঙ্গ রাজ্য পুস্তক পর্ষদ, কলকাতা ১৯৯১

সিদ্দিকী নোমান আহমেদ, মোঘল রাজত্বে ভূমিরাজস্ব পরিচালন ব্যবস্থা (১৭০০ – ১৭৫০)(Land Administration Under the Mughals (1700 -1750) পার্ল পাবলিশার্স, কলকাতা, ১৯৮০

মুখোপাধ্যায় হীরেন্দ্রনাথ, ভারতবর্ষের ইতিহাস (২য় খন্ড)

(মুঘল ও ব্রিটিশ ভারত, পশ্চিমবঙ্গ রাজ্য পুস্তক পর্ষদ, কলকাতা ১৯৯৮

চট্টোপাধ্যায় রত্নাবলী, মুঘল যুগের দরবারি চিত্রকলা, থীমা, কলকাতা

HIS- H CC- 11 SEM-5: HISTORY OF MODERN EUROPE (C.1780-1939)

Learning Objectives:

This paper studies the watersheds in European history beginning with the 1780s to the French revolution and its aftermath, the restoration of old hierarchies, the emergence of Capitalist industrialization and social and economic transformation in the late 18th century to 1914. It also looks at the varieties of Nationalism and the remaking of States in the 19th and 20th centuries leading to imperialism, war and crisis between c.1880 and 1918 and finally provides a picture of Europe between Two World Wars.

I. The French Revolution and its European repercussions:

- a) Crisis of *ancien regime*
- b) Intellectual currents
- c) Social classes and emerging gender relations.
- d) Phases of the French Revolution
- e) Art and Culture of French Revolution
- f) Napoleonic consolidation – reform and empire.

II. Restoration and Revolution: c.1815 - 1848

- a) Forces of conservatism and restoration of old hierarchies.
- b) Social, Political and intellectual currents.
- c) Revolutionary and Radical movements, 1830 -1848

III. Capitalist Industrialization and Social and Economic Transformation (Late 18th century to AD 1914)

- a) Process of capitalist development in industry and agriculture: case studies of Britain, France, the German States and Russia.
- b) Evolution and Differentiation of social classes : Bourgeoisie, proletariat, Land Owning classes and peasantry.
- c) Changing trends in demography and urban patterns

d) Family, gender and process of industrialization.

IV. Varieties of Nationalism and the Remaking of States in the 19th and 20th centuries.

a) Intellectual currents, popular movements and the formation of National identities in Germany, Italy, Ireland and the Balkans.

b) Specifications of economic development, political and administrative Reorganization – Italy; Germany.

c) Revolutions of 1905; the Bolshevik Revolution of 1917

d) Programme of Socialist Construction and the Soviet Union during the inter-war period 1918-39.

V. Imperialism, War and Crisis: c.1880 - 1918

a) Theories and mechanisms of imperialism;

b) Growth of Militarism;

c) Power blocks and alliances;

d) Expansion of European empires

e) War of 1914 - 1918

VI. Europe between Two World Wars:

a) Post War Europe: A Diplomatic History

b) The Great Depression

c) Rise of Fascism in Italy and Nazism in Germany

d) The Spanish Civil War

e) Policy of Appeasement and Russo German Non-Aggression Pact

f) Origins and Course of the Second World War

Essential Readings

Brennan Gerald, The Spanish Labyrinth: An Account of the Social and Political Background of the Civil War.

Cipolla C.M, Fontana Economic History of Europe, Volume III: The Industrial Revolution

Davies Norman, Europe

Evans J., The Foundations of a Modern State in 19th Century Europe

Hamerow T.S, Restoration, Revolution and Reaction : Economics and Politics in

Germany [1815 – 1871]

Hobsbawm, E.J, The Age of Revolution

Hunt Lynn, Politics, Culture and Class in the French Revolution

Joll James, Europe Since 1870

Landes David; Prometheus Unbound

Lefebvre George, Coming of the French Revolution

Lichteim, A Short History of Socialism

Mathias Peter, First Industrial Revolution
Nove, Alec; An Economic History of the USSR
Porter Andrew, European Imperialism, 1876 – 1914
Wood Anthony, History of Europe, 1815 – 1960
Woolf Stuart, History of Italy, 1700 to 1860

Suggested Readings

Barracough G., An Introduction to Contemporary History
Blanning, T.C.W, The French Revolution: Class War or Culture Clash
Braudel Fernand, History and the Social Science in M. Aymard and Mukhia H. ed.,
French Studies in History, Vol.I (1989)
Briggs Asa and Clavin Patricia, Modern Europe: 1789 – Present
Calleo D, German Problem Reconsidered
Carr E.H, International Relations between the Two World Wars
Carr E.H, The Bolshevik Revolution (Vol. I, II, III)
Cobban, Alfred, History of Modern France, Volume I – III
Dobb Maurice, Soviet Economic Development since 1917
Doyle, William, Origins of the French Revolution
Droz. Jacques, Europe Between Revolutions
Ellis G., The Napoleonic Empire
Evans, J., The Foundations of a Modern State in 19th Century Europe
Hamerow, T.S, Restoration, Revolution and Reaction : Economics and Politics in
Germany (1815 – 1871)
Hanham H.J, Nineteenth Century Constitution, 1815-1914
Hobsbawm, E.J, Age of Capital
Hobsbawm, E.J, Age of Empire
Hobsbawm, E.J, Age of Revolution
Hobsbawm, E.J, Nation and Nationalism
Hufton, Olwen, Europe: Privilege and Protest
Jelavich Charles and Jelavich Barbara, Establishment of the Balkan National States,
1840 – 1920
Joll James, Europe Since 1870
Joll James, Origins of the First World War, 1989
Landes Jaon B., Women and the Public Sphere in the Age of the French Revolution
Lee Stephen J., Aspects of European History 1789 – 1980
Licas Colin, The French Revolution and the Making of Modern Political Culture
Lowenthal David, The Past is a Foreign Country
Lyon Martin, Napoleon Bonaparte & the Legacy of the French Revolution
Mansergh Nicholas, The Irish Question, 1840 – 1921
Morgan K.O, Oxford Illustrated History of Britain, Volume 3 (1789-1983)
Morgan R.P, German Social Democracy and the First International
Perrot M. and Duby G. [eds.], A History of Women in the West, Volumes 4 and 5
Renton Dave, Fascism: Theory and Practice
Riasanovsky N.V, A History of Russia

Robert J.M, Europe 1880 to 1985
Roth J.J (ed), World War I: A Turning Point in Modern History
Rude, George, Revolutionary Europe
Schamma Simon , Citizens: A chronicle of the French Revolution
Soboul Albert, History of the French Revolution (in two Volumes)
Stone Lawrence, History and the Social Sciences in the twentieth Century, The Past and the Present, 1981
Taylor A.J.P, Europe: Grandeur and Decline
Taylor A.J.P, The Course of German History
Taylor A.J.P, The Origin of the Second World War
Taylor, A.J.P, The Struggle for Mastery in Europe
Thompson Dorothy; Chartists: Popular Politics in the Industrial Revolution
Thompson, E.P, Making of the English Working Class
Thomson, David, Europe Since Napoleon
Vovelle Michael, Fall of the French Monarchy, 1984.
Watson H. Seton, The Russian Empire
Watson, Seton, The Russian Empire
Williams Raymond, Culture and Society

গৌতম চট্টোপাধ্যায় সম্পাদিত: দু'শো বছরের আলোকে, পশ্চিমবঙ্গ ইতিহাস সংসদ, ১৯৮৯
চক্রবর্তী সুভাষ রঞ্জন, ফরাসী বিপ্লব, পশ্চিমবঙ্গ পুস্তক পর্ষদ, কলকাতা
চক্রবর্তী সুভাষ রঞ্জন, ইউরোপের ইতিহাস, পশ্চিমবঙ্গ পুস্তক পর্ষদ, কলকাতা, ১৯৮৬
জ্যাকসন টি এ, ফরাসী বিপ্লব – দশ দিগন্ত, কে পি বাগচি এন্ড কোং, কলকাতা ২০০৪
টমসসন ডেভিড, বিশ্ব ইতিহাসের প্রেক্ষাপটে ইউরোপ, ১ম খন্ড (১৭৮৯-১৮৫০), ২য় খন্ড (১৮৫১-১৯১৪) প্রোগ্রেসিভ পাবলিশার্স, কলকাতা ২০০২ ও ২০০৩
রায় সিদ্ধার্থ গুহ, আধুনিক ইউরোপঃ ফরাসী বিপ্লব থেকে দ্বিতীয় বিশ্বযুদ্ধ, প্রগতিশীল প্রকাশক, কলকাতা, ২০১৩
সুভাষ রঞ্জন, ফরাসী বিপ্লব, পশ্চিমবঙ্গ রাজ্য পুস্তক পর্ষদ,
কলকাতা চক্রবর্তী সুভাষ রঞ্জন, ইউরোপের ইতিহাস, পশ্চিমবঙ্গ রাজ্য পুস্তক পর্ষদ, কলকাতা, ১৯৮৬

HIS - H CC 12 SEM -6: HISTORY OF INDIA (C.1750s– 1857)

Learning Objectives: This course would engage with the process of transformation of India during the eighteenth century into a colonial power. It would highlight British imperialist expansion in India, together with the setting up of an apparatus of governance of the British Raj, and its impact on the indigenous society and culture. The changes introduced in the rural economy and society, together with trade and industry would also be studied. Finally, the reactions and revolts against the colonial impositions would be addressed as well in this course.

I. India in the mid 18th Century; Society, Economy, Polity

II. Expansion and Consolidation of Colonial Power:

- a) Mercantilism, foreign trade and early forms of exactions from Bengal
- b) Dynamics of expansion, with special reference to Bengal, Mysore, Western India, Awadh, Punjab and Sindh.

III. Colonial State and Ideology:

- a) Arms of the colonial state : army, police, law
- b) Ideologies of the Raj and racial attitudes.
- c) Education : indigenous and western.

IV. Rural Economy and Society:

- a) Land revenue systems and forest policy
- b) Commercialization and indebtedness
- c) Rural society : change and continuity.
- d) Famines
- e) Pastoral economy and shifting cultivation.

V. Trade and Industry

- a) De industrialization
- b) Trade and fiscal policy
- c) Drain of Wealth
- d) Growth of modern industry

VI. Popular Resistance:

- a) Santhal uprising (1855); b) Uprising of 1857

Essential Readings

Bayly C.A, Indian Society and the Making of the British Empire, New Cambridge History of India.

Bhattacharya, Sabyasachi.ed., Rethinking 1857, Delhi, Orient Longman, 2007

Chakravarty Suhash, The Raj Syndrome: A study in Imperial Perceptions, 1989

Chandra Bipan, Rise and Growth of Economic Nationalism in India

Choudhury, Sushil, Prelude to Empire Plassey Revolution of 1757, Delhi: Manohar, 2000

Cohn, B., Colonialism and its Forms of Knowledge, Princeton, New Jersey, Princeton University Press, 2001

Dirks, Nicholas B., Castes of Mind, Princeton, New Jersey, Princeton University Press, 1996

Ghosh Suresh Chandra, The History of Education in Modern India 1757-2012, Delhi, Orient Blackswan, 4th Edition, 2013

Grewal, J.S, The Sikhs of the Punjab, New Cambridge History of India

Guha Ranajit, ed., A Subaltern Studies Reader

Guha, Ranajit, Elementary Aspects of Peasant Insurgency in Colonial India, New Delhi, Oxford University Press, 1983
Kumar Dharma and Raychaudhuri Tapan, eds., The Cambridge Economic History of India, Vol.II
Majumdar, R.C,ed., History and Culture of Indian People, Vols. IX and X, British Paramountcy and Indian Renaissance.
Marshall, P.J, Bengal: The British Bridgehead, New Cambridge History of India
Metcalf, Thomas, Ideologies of the Raj, Cambridge, Cambridge University Press, 1995
Ray, Rajat K., ed., Entrepreneurship and Industry in India, 1800-1947, Oxford In India Readings.
Sinha, N.K.ed, The history of Bengal 1757-1905, Calcutta, Calcutta University Press, 1967
Stokes, Eric, English Utilitarians and India
Stokes, Eric, The Peasant Armed: The Indian Rebellion of 1857, ed. Bayly, C.A, New Delhi, Oxford University Press, 1986

Suggested Readings

Arnold David and Guha Ramchandra , eds., Nature, Culture and Imperialism
Bagchi, Amiya, Private Investment in India
Chandra Bipan, Panikkar, K.K, Mukherjee Mridula, Mahajan Sucheta and Mukherjee Aditya, India's Struggles for Independence.
Dadabhai Naroji, Poverty and Un-British Rule in India.
Desai, A.R, Peasant Struggles in India
Dutt, R.P, India today
Fisher, M.J, ed., Politics of Annexation (Oxford in India Readings).
Guha Ranajit, Elementary Aspects of Peasant Insurgency in Colonial India(1983)
Krishnamurti, J., Women in Colonial India.

বন্দ্যোপাধ্যায় শেখর, অষ্টাদশ শতকের মুঘল সংকট ও আধুনিক ইতিহাস চিন্তা, কলকাতা, ১৯৮৩
বন্দ্যোপাধ্যায় শেখর, পলাশী থেকে পার্টিশন: আধুনিক ভারতের ইতিহাস, ওরিয়েন্ট লংম্যান, ২০০৪

ভট্টাচার্য সব্যসাচী, ঔপনিবেশিক ভারতের অর্থনীতি, কলকাতা, ২০০০
সুনীল সেন, ভারতে কৃষিকার্য ১৭৯৩-১৯৪৭, পশ্চিমবঙ্গ রাজ্য পুস্তক পর্ষদ, ১৯৮৫
চৌধুরী বিনয় ভূষণ, ঔপনিবেশিক আমলে বাংলার কৃষি ইতিহাস, কে পি বাগচি এন্ড কোং, কলকাতা

ইসলাম, সিরাজুল, বাংলার ইতিহাস ঔপনিবেশিক শাসনকাঠামো, চয়নিকা, ঢাকা, ২০০২
চক্রবর্তী মৃগাল, সিরাজ-উদ্-দৌলা, পশ্চিমবঙ্গ রাজ্য পুস্তক পর্ষদ, কলকাতা, ১৯৮১
রায় রজতকান্ত, পলাশীর ষড়যন্ত্র ও সেকালের সমাজ, আনন্দ পাবলিশার্স, কলকাতা
চৌধুরী সুশীল, পলাশীর অজানা কাহিনী, আনন্দ পাবলিশার্স, কলকাতা

HIS - H CC 13 SEM-6: HISTORY OF INDIA (C. 1857 – 1964)

Learning Objectives: This course introduces the student to India's freedom struggle. Beginning with the cultural, social and religious reform movements that provided the ideological basis of the national movement, it moves on to the role of associations, the moderate and extremist politics, to the Gandhian movements - Rowlett Satyagraha and Jalianwala Bagh, Non-Cooperation, Civil Disobedience, Quit India and INA revolt. It deliberates on the ideologies and practices, of RSS, Hindu Maha Sabha, and the Muslim League. It also covers negotiations for independence and partition, popular movements, partition riots and finally the emergence of a New State, making of the Constitution, integration of princely states, Land reforms and beginnings of planning, during the Nehru years.

I. Cultural changes and Social and Religious Reform Movements:

- a) Growth of a new intelligentsia – the Press and Public Opinion
- b) Reform and Revival: Brahmo Samaj, Prarthana Samaj, and Ramakrishna and Vivekananda, Arya Samaj, Wahabi, Deoband, Aligarh and Singh Sabha Movements.
- c) Debates around gender
- d) Making of religious and linguistic identities
- e) Caste : Sanskritising and anti Brahmanical trends

II. Nationalism : Trends up to 1919

- a) Formation of early political organizations
- b) Moderates and extremists
- c) Swadeshi movement
- d) Revolutionaries

III. Gandhian nationalism after 1919 : Ideas and Movements:

- a) Mahatma Gandhi : his Perspectives and Methods
- b) Impact of the First World War
 - ii) Rowlatt Satyagraha and Jalianwala Bagh
 - iii) Non-Cooperation and Civil Disobedience
 - iv) Provincial Autonomy, Quit India and INA
- c) Left wing movements
- d) Princely India : States people movements

IV. Nationalism and Social Groups: Interfaces:

- a) Landlords, Professionals and Middle Classes
- b) Peasants
- c) Tribals
- d) labours
- e) Dalits
- f) Women
- g) Business groups

V. Communalism : Ideologies and practices, RSS , Hindu Maha Sabha, Muslim League

VI. Independence and Partition

- a) Negotiations for independence and partition
- b) Popular movements
- c) Partition riots

VII. Emergence of a New State:

- a) Making of the Constitution
- b) Integration of princely states
- c) Land reform and beginnings of planning
- d) The Nehru years.

Essential Readings

Bandyopadhyay Sekhar, From Plassey to Partition and After
Brass Paul, The Politics of India since Independence, OUP, 1990
Brown Judith, Gandhi's rise to power, 1915-22
Brown Judith, Gandhi and Civil Disobedience
Brown Judith, Nehru : A political Life. New Delhi: Oxford University Press 2003
Chandra Bipan, et Al., India's Struggle for Independence
Chandra Bipan, et Al. India after Independence
Chandra Bipan, Communalism in Modern India (2nd Ed., 1987)
Chandra Bipan, Nationalism and Colonialism in Modern India (1979)
Chandra Bipan, Rise and Growth of Economic Nationalism in India
Chatterjee Joya, Bengal Divided : Hindu Communalism and Partition 1932 – 1947, O.U.P, 1994
Desai, A.R, Social Background to Indian Nationalism
Desai, A.R Peasant Struggles in India
Dutta, R.P, India Today
Gallagher J., Johnson, G. Seal, A Locality, Province and Nation
Hardy Peter, Muslims of British India
Heimsath Charles, Indian Nationalism and Hindu Social Reform
Hassan Mushirul ed., India's Partition, Oxford in India Readings
Hutchins F., Illusion of Permanence
Kumar Ravinder, Social History of Modern India
Krishnamurty J., Women in Colonial India
Low D.A (ed.) Congress and the Raj
McLane J.R, Indian Nationalism and Early Congress
Pandey Gyanendra, The Construction of Communalism in Colonial North India
Sarkar Sumit , Swadeshi Movement in Bengal

Sarkar Sumit, Modern India, 1885-1947
Sarkar Susobhan, Notes on Bengal Renaissance
Seal Anil, Emergence of Indian Nationalism
Sen S.N, An Advanced History of Modern India, Kolkata, 2010
Stokes Eric, Peasants and the Raj : Studies in Agrarian Society and Peasant Rebellion in Colonial India
Tripathi Amares, The Extremist Challenge
Zelliot Eleanor, From Untouchables to Dalit : Essays on the Ambedkar Movement

বন্দ্যোপাধ্যায় শেখর, পলাশি থেকে পার্টিশান ও তারপর (From Plassey to Partition and after),
ওরিয়েন্ট লংম্যান
চন্দ্র বিপান এবং অন্যান্য, ভারতের স্বাধীনতা সংগ্রাম, (India's Struggle for Independence) কে পি
বাগচি এন্ড কোং, কলকাতা
চন্দ্র বিপান এবং অন্যান্য, ভারতবর্ষ – স্বাধীনতার পরে, (India after Independence), আনন্দ
পাবলিশার্স, কলকাতা
দেশাই এ আর, ভারতীয় জাতীয়তাবাদের সামাজিক পটভূমি, (Social Background to Indian
Nationalism) কে পি বাগচি এন্ড কোং, কলকাতা
জয়া চ্যাটার্জী, বাংলা ভাগ হলঃ হিন্দু সাম্প্রদায়িকতা ও দেশ-বিভাগ, ১৯৩২-১৯৪৭
(Bengal Divided : Hindu Communalism and Partition 1932 – 1947) এল আলমা পাবলিকেশনস,
কলকাতা, ২০০৩
দত্ত রজনী পাম, আজিকার ভারত (India Today)
সরকার সুশোভন, বাংলার রেনেসাঁস, (Notes on Bengal Renaissance), দীপায়ন, কলকাতা
ত্রিপাঠী অমলেশ, ভারতের মুক্তিসংগ্রামে চরমপন্থী পর্ব, (The Extremist Challenge) আনন্দ
পাবলিশার্স, কলকাতা
মুখোপাধ্যায় হীরেন্দ্রনাথ, ভারতবর্ষের ইতিহাস(২য় খন্ড) (মুঘল ও ব্রিটিশ ভারত) পশ্চিমবঙ্গ রাজ্য
পুস্তক পর্ষদ, ৪র্থ মুদ্রণ, ১৯৯৮
সুর নিখিল, ভারতীয় জাতীয়তাবাদী আন্দোলনের পটভূমি, পশ্চিমবঙ্গ রাজ্য পুস্তক পর্ষদ, ১৯৮৯
চট্টোপাধ্যায় প্রণবকুমার, আধুনিক ভারত (১৮৫৮-১৯২০) (১ম খন্ড) পশ্চিমবঙ্গ রাজ্য পুস্তক
পর্ষদ, ১৯৯৮
চট্টোপাধ্যায় প্রণবকুমার, আধুনিক ভারত (১৯২০-১৯৪৭) (২য় খন্ড) পশ্চিমবঙ্গ রাজ্য পুস্তক
পর্ষদ, ১৯৯৯
সেন সুনীল, ভারতে কৃষিসম্পর্ক(১৭৯৩-১৯৪৭)(Agrarian Relations in India (1793-1847)
পশ্চিমবঙ্গ রাজ্য পুস্তক পর্ষদ, ১৯৮৫
ত্রিপাঠী অমলেশ, স্বাধীনতা সংগ্রামে ভারতের জাতীয় কংগ্রেস, আনন্দ পাবলিশার্স, কলকাতা
চন্দ্র বিপান, আধুনিক ভারতঃ ঔপনিবেশিকতাবাদ ও জাতীয়তাবাদ (Nationalism and
Colonialism), কে পি বাগচি এন্ড কোং, কলকাতা

HIS- H CC-14 : History of World Politics: 1945-1994

Learning Objectives: This course seeks to delineate some important aspects of the twentieth-century world highlighting the impact of a shift from Eurocentric to ideologically polarized Super Power centric politics. It thus focusses on world politics in the post war period that saw a new type of war as manifested in the Cold war. Students will also get to know how nationalism, a core issue of 20th century contemporary world history, triggered national liberation movements that saw the emergence of the Third World on the one hand as well as the end of the Cold war on the other- culminating in the rise of a unipolar world system.

1. Bipolarism and Debates on the origins of the Cold War –Yalta and Potsdam Conference
2. The USA in World Politics: Truman Doctrine, Marshall Plan, NATO.
3. The USSR in World Politics: Molotov Plan, COMECON, Sovietisation of Eastern Europe, Berlin Blockade, Warsaw Pact.
4. Manifestation of Cold War: The Korean Crisis, end of French Colonial rule in Indo-China and the Vietnam War, Cuban Missile Crisis
5. Emergence of the Third World World and Non –Aligned Movement
6. De-Stalinisation and its aftermath in the East European Countries, Détente-Thaw in Cold War.
7. Impact of the emergence of Peoples’ Republic of China on World Politics: Sino-Soviet and Sino –USA relations (1950’s-1970’s)
8. Emergence of Independent Nations in Asia and Africa: Algeria, Kenya Bangladesh.
9. West Asian Crisis: Birth of Israel, Arab-Israel conflict(1948-1973)Camp David Accord(1978).
10. Disintegration and Decline of the Soviet Union: Glasnost, Perestroika,,Crisis of Socialist Regimes in other socialist countries(Reunification of Germany, Velvet Revolution in Czechoslovakia), End of Cold War and the Rise of a Unipolar World System, Globalisation since 1990s.
11. Protest Politics: Civil Rights Movement and Second Wave Feminist Movement in the USA, End of Anti-Apartheid Movement in South Africa (1994).

Selected Readings

Asa Briggs and Patricia Clavin, Modern Europe 1789 – Present, Delhi, 2009.

Andreas Wenger and Doron Zimmermann, International Relations From the Cold War to the Globalized World, New Delhi, 2010.

David Reynolds,One world divisible: A global history since 1945. New York, 2000

Edward Crankshaw, The New Cold War : Moscow vs. Peking, Penguin Books, 1963.

Issac Dentscher, Russia, China, and the West, Penguin Books, 1949.

Eric Hobsbawm, The Age of Extremes : The Short Twentieth Century, London, 1994.

Eric Hobsbawm, Globalisation, Democracy and Terrorism, London, 2007.

Gail Collins, When Everything Changed: the Amazing Journey of American Women from 1960 to the Present, New York : Little, Brown and Co., 2009.

Henry Heller, The Cold War and the New Imperialism, New York, 2007.

John Merriman, A History of Modern Europe From Renaissance to the Present, London, 1996.

Joseph E. Stiglitz, Globalization and its discontents. Penguin 2002

Kathleen A. Laughlin and Jacqueline L. Castledine, Breaking the wave : women, their organizations, and feminism, 1945-1985 New York : Routledge, 2011.

Mark Newman , The Civil Rights Movement , Edinburgh University Press, 2004

Norman Lowe, Mastering Modern World History, Hampshire, Palgrave Macmillan 2013.

Peter Calvocoressi, World Politics 1945 – 2000, New Delhi, 2006.

P. Eric Louw, The Rise, Fall, and Legacy of Apartheid, Praeger, 2004

Ryan M. Irwin Gordian Knot: Apartheid and the Unmaking of the Liberal World Order, Oxford University Press, 2012

Wayne C. McWilliam and Harry Piotrowsky, The World since 1945: A History of International Relations, New Delhi, 2018.

Wini Breines, Trouble Between Us: an Uneasy History of White and Black Women in the Feminist Movement New York : Oxford University Press, 2006.

চক্রবর্তী রাধারমণ ও চক্রবর্তী সুকল্যা, সমসাময়িক আন্তর্জাতিক সম্পর্ক , প্রোগ্রেসিভ পাবলিশার্স, কলিকাতা।

চট্টোপাধ্যায় প্রণবকুমার, আন্তর্জাতিক সম্পর্কের ইতিহাস, কলিকাতা ১৯৯৪।

MINOR COURSES m1

HIS m1 CC 1 History of India from Earliest Times up to 300 CE (m1) Same as DSC/CC Course -1 Sem -1

HIS m1 2 Social Formations and Cultural Patterns of the Ancient World other than India (m1) Same as DSC/CC Course-2 Sem-2

HIS m1 3 History of India(C300BCE-750CE) (m1) same as DSC/CC course 3 Sem-3)

HIS m1 4 History of Europe (C1453-1650) (m1) same as DSC/CC course 6 Sem-4)

MINOR COURSES m1 in detail

HIS m1- CC1 : History of India From the earliest times to C 300 BCE

Learning Objectives:

This course intends to provide an extensive and deeper understanding of early Indian history to students. They will be introduced to the manner in which diverse aspects of ancient Indian history have been recovered from a rich variety of sources, archaeological, literary, numismatic, epigraphist. Students will become familiar with the tools required for studying history and explore the diverse histories and regional variations in the Indian subcontinent and also study various facets of ancient India-social, cultural, political, environmental concerns. This course, with an interdisciplinary approach, will help students' trace elements of continuity and changes in processes spanning over several millennia, from pre-historic times up to the 300 BCE. The

emphasis on historiography will allow students to understand how historians have approached ancient India and how our present knowledge and perceptions have played a role in interpreting the past.

I. Reconstructing Ancient Indian History:

- a) Early Indian notions of history and the idea of Bharat
- b) Sources and tools of historical reconstruction.
- c) Historical interpretations (with special reference to gender, environment, technology and regions)

II. Hunter-gatherers and the advent of food products

- a) Paleolithic cultures- sequence and distribution; stone industries and other technological developments.
- b) Mesolithic cultures – regional and chronological distribution; new developments in technology and economy; rock art.
- c) Neolithic and Chalcolithic cultures: distribution and subsistence pattern

III. The Harappan civilization:

Origins; settlement patterns and town planning; agrarian base; craft productions and trade; social and political organization; religious beliefs and practices; art; the problem of urban decline and the late/post-Harappan traditions.

IV. Cultures in transition

Settlement patterns, technological and economic developments; social stratification; political relations; religion and philosophy; the Aryan problem.

- a) North India (circa 1500 BCE – 300 BCE)
- b) Central India and the Deccan (circa 1000 BCE – circa 300 BCE)
- c) Tamilakam (circa 300 BCE to circa CE 300)

Essential Readings

- Agarwal D.P, *The Archaeology of India*, London, 1982.
Basham A.L, *The Wonder That Was India*, London, 1954.
Chakrabarti Dilip Kumar, *An Oxford Companion to Indian Archaeology*, New Delhi, 2006.
Chakrabarti Dilip Kumar, *India, An Archaeological History*, Delhi, 1999
Sharma R.S, *Looking for the Aryans*, 1995.
Sharma R.S, *Material Cultures and Social Formations in Ancient India*, New Delhi, 1983.
Thapar Romila, *Early India: From the Origins to AD 1300*, London, 2002

Suggested Readings

- Basham A.L ed. *A Cultural History of India*, New Delhi, 1975.
Ghosh Amalananda, *The City in Early Historic India*, Shimla, 1973.
Altekar A.S, *The Position of Women in Hindu Civilization from Pre-historic times to the Present Day*, New Delhi, 1962.
Chattopadhyaya B.D, *Studying Early India: Archaeology, Texts and Historical Issues*. New Delhi, 2003.
Sircar D.C, *Indian Epigraphy*, New Delhi, 1965.

Kosambi D.D, An Introduction to the Study of Indian History, Bombay, 1956

Kosambi D.D, Combined Methods in Indology and Other Writings, Edited and Introduced By B.D Chattopadhyaya

Jha D.N, Ancient India: An Introduction, New Delhi, 1998

Chattopadhyay D.P, Science and Society in Ancient India, Calcutta, 1977.

Erdosy George, Urbanization in Early Historic India, Oxford, 1988.

Allchin F.R. (ed). The Archaeology of Early Historic South Asia: The Emergence of Cities and States, Cambridge, 1995.

Staal Frits, Discovering the Vedas : Origins, Mantras, Rituals Insights, New Delhi, 2008.

Possehl G.L, ed. Harappan Civilization- A Recent Perspective, Delhi, 1993 (second edition).

Michell George, The Penguin Guide to the Monuments of India. London, 1989.

Raychaudhuri H.C, Political History of Ancient India with a commentary by B.N.Mukherjee, New Delhi, 1996 (8th edition)

Habib Irfan (General Editor), A People's History of India (Volume 1,2,3), New Delhi.

Shastri K.A Nilakantha, A History of South India, Madras, 1974 (4th Edition)

Lahiri Nayanjot, The Decline and Fall of the Indus Civilization, New Delhi, 2000.

Ray Nihar Ranjan, Brajadulal Chattopadhyaya, V.R. Mani and Ranabii Chakravarti eds. A Source Book of Indian Civilization, Kolkata, 2000.

Sahu Bhairabi Prasad (ed.). Iron and Social Change in Early India. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 2006.

Chakraborty Ranabir, Exploring early India, upto circa AD 1300

Kochar R., The Vedic People, New Delhi. 2000.

Majumdar R.C (General Editor), The History & Culture of the Indian People, Volumes I – III, Bombay, 1951,1968, 1970

Sharma R.S, Advent of the Aryans, Manohar, 1999.

Sharma R.S, Aspects of Political Ideas and Institutions in Ancient India. New Delhi, 2005 (reprint).

Sharma R.S, India's Ancient Past, New Delhi, 2005.

Sharma R.S, Perspectives in the Social and Economic History of Early India, New Delhi, 1983.

Sharma R.S, Sudras in Ancient India.

Salomon Richard, Indian Epigraphy: A Guide to the Study of Inscriptions in Sanskrit, Prakrit, and Other Indo-Aryan Languages. New York, 1998.

Thapar Romila (et al). India: Historical Beginnings and the Concept of the Aryan, New Delhi, 2006

Thapar Romila, From Lineage to State, Delhi, 1996 (2nd Edition)

Ratnagar Shireen, (ed), Women in Early Indian Societies. New Delhi, 1999.

Ratnagar Shireen, The End of the Great Harappan Tradition, Delhi, 2000

Roy Kumkum, The Emergence of Monarchy in North India: eighth to fourth centuries BC, NewDelhi, 1994

Ratnagar Shireen, Understanding Harappa, Delhi 2001

Saraswati S.K, A Survey of Indian Sculpture, New Delhi, 1975 (second edition)

Bhattacharji Sukumar, Women and Society in Ancient India. Calcutta, 1994.

Singh Upinder, A History of Ancient and Early Medieval India. Delhi, 2008.

বামাম এ এল, অতীতের উজ্জ্বল ভারত, (The Wonder That Was India), প্রোগ্রেসিভ পাবলিশার্স, কলকাতা, ২০০৫

চক্রবর্তী রণবীর, ভারত ইতিহাসের আদি পর্ব, কলকাতা, ২০০৭

হাবিব ইরফান, ভারতবর্ষের সাধারণ মানুষের ইতিহাস

প্রথম খন্ড – প্রাক-ইতিহাস, (Pre-history) এন বি এ, কলকাতা, ২০০২

দ্বিতীয় খন্ড: সিন্ধু সভ্যতা, (The Indus Civilisation) এন বি এ, কলকাতা, ২০০২

তৃতীয় খন্ড – বৈদিক সভ্যতা, (The Vedic Age) এন বি এ, কলকাতা, ২০০২

ব্যা ডি এন, আদি ভারত – একটি সংক্ষিপ্ত ইতিহাস, (Ancient India: An Introduction), প্রোগ্রেসিভ পাবলিশার্স, কলকাতা

কোশাষী ডি ডি, ভারত ইতিহাস চর্চার ভূমিকা (An Introduction to the Study of Indian History) বাগচি কে পি এন্ড কোং, কলকাতা, ২০০২

রত্নাগর শিরিণ, হরপ্পা সভ্যতার সন্ধানে (Understanding Harappa) এন বি এ, কলকাতা, ২০০৩

রায়চৌধুরী হেমচন্দ্র, প্রাচীন ভারতের রাজনৈতিক ইতিহাস, (Political History of Ancient India), পশ্চিমবঙ্গ রাজ্য পুস্তক পর্ষদ, কলকাতা

থাপার রোমিলা, ভারতবর্ষের ইতিহাস, ওরিয়েন্ট লংম্যান, কলকাতা

ভট্টাচার্য নরেন্দ্রনাথ, প্রাচীন ভারতে ধর্ম, কলকাতা, ১৯৮৮

ভট্টাচার্য নরেন্দ্রনাথ, প্রাচীন ভারতীয় সমাজ, পশ্চিমবঙ্গ রাজ্য পুস্তক পর্ষদ, কলকাতা

ভট্টাচার্য সুকুমারী, ইতিহাসের আলোকে বৈদিক সাহিত্য, পশ্চিমবঙ্গ রাজ্য পুস্তক পর্ষদ, কলকাতা

ভট্টাচার্য সুকুমারী, প্রাচীন ভারত- সমাজ ও সাহিত্য, আনন্দ পাবলিশার্স, কলকাতা

চক্রবর্তী দিলীপ কুমার - ভারতবর্ষের প্রাক ইতিহাস আনন্দ পাবলিশার্স, কলকাতা, ১৯৯৯

গঙ্গোপাধ্যায় দিলীপ কুমার - ভারত ইতিহাসের সন্ধানে, (২ খন্ডে), ২০০৭

চক্রবর্তী রণবীর, প্রাচীন ভারতের অর্থনৈতিক ইতিহাসের সন্ধানে, আনন্দ পাবলিশার্স, কলকাতা ২০০২ (সংশোধিত সংস্করণ)

চানানা দেবরাজ, প্রাচীন ভারতে দাস প্রথা, (Slavery in Ancient India as depicted in Pali and Sanskrit Texts), কে পি বাগচি এন্ড কোং, কলকাতা ১৯৯৫

রায় নীহাররঞ্জন, বাঙালির ইতিহাস, কলকাতা, ১৯৮০(দ্বিতীয় সংস্করণ)

শর্মা রামশরণ, প্রাচীন ভারতে বস্তুগত সংস্কৃতি ও সমাজ সংগঠন, (Material Cultures and Social Formations in Ancient India), ওরিয়েন্ট লংম্যান, ১৯৯৮

শর্মা রামশরণ, আদি মধ্যযুগের ভারতীয় সমাজ : সমস্ত-প্রক্রিয়া বিষয়ে এক সমীক্ষা (Early Medieval Indian Society : A Study in Feudalism) ওরিয়েন্ট লংম্যান, ২০০৩

শর্মা রামশরণ, ভারতের সমাজতন্ত্র, (Indian Feudalism), কে পি বাগচি এন্ড কোং, কলকাতা

শর্মা রামশরণ, আর্যদের অনুসন্ধান, (Looking for the Aryans), প্রোগ্রেসিভ পাবলিশার্স, কলকাতা

শর্মা রামশরণ, আর্যদের ভারতে আগমন, (Advent of the Aryans), ওরিয়েন্ট লংম্যান, ২০০১

শর্মা রামশরণ, প্রাচীন ভারতে শূদ্র, (Sudras in Ancient India), কে পি বাগচি এন্ড কোং, কলকাতা

থাপার রোমিলা, অশোক ও মৌর্যদের পতন, (Asoka and the Decline of the Mauryas), কে পি বাগচি এন্ড কোং, কলকাতা

চট্টোপাধ্যায় সুনীল, প্রাচীন ভারতের ইতিহাস (১ম খন্ড), পশ্চিমবঙ্গ রাজ্য পুস্তক পর্ষদ, একাদশ মুদ্রণ, এপ্রিল ২০০৪

চট্টোপাধ্যায় সুনীল, প্রাচীন ভারতের ইতিহাস (২য় খন্ড), পশ্চিমবঙ্গ রাজ্য পুস্তক পর্ষদ, ৮ম মুদ্রণ, ফেব্রুয়ারি ২০০৪

মুখোপাধ্যায় হীরেন্দ্রনাথ, ভারতবর্ষের ইতিহাস (১ম খন্ড) (প্রাচীন ও মধ্যযুগ), পশ্চিমবঙ্গ রাজ্য পুস্তক পর্ষদ, প্রথম মুদ্রণ নভেম্বর ১৯৯৭

HIS- m1 CC-2 : Social Formations and Cultural Patterns of the ancient world other than India

Learning Objectives:

This course aims to introduce the students to the significant developments in world history that have shaped the complexity of human existence. To begin with it offers a historical survey of human evolution. It details the transition from hunting gathering subsistence pattern to more advanced adaptations to a sedentary farming economy. The course content is premised on the understanding that the pace and nature of change differed in different parts of the ancient world.

I. Evolution of human kind: Paleolithic and Mesolithic cultures – Role of social Institutions in the development of early societies.

II. Food production: Debate on the origins of food production, Neolithic cultures in West Asia and Europe

III. Bronze Age civilizations, Egypt (Old Kingdom); economy, social stratification, state structure, religion architecture.

IV. Nomadic groups- Debate on the advent of iron and its implications in Central and West Asia.

V. Ancient Rome: Polity and society- slavery, agrarian economy, urbanization, & trade.

VI. Polis in ancient Greece: Athens and Sparta - Polity and society- Slavery, Athenian democracy, Greek culture- Sophists, Drama - Tragedy and Comedy, Art and architecture.

Essential Readings

Rakesh Kumar, Ancient and Medieval World From Evolution of Humans to the Crisis of Feudalism, Sage Texts, 2018

Farooqui Amar, Early Social Formations. Manak Publications Pvt. Ltd. 2002

B.Fagan, People of the Earth. : an introduction to world prehistory
New York, NY HarperCollins College Publishers 1977
B.Trigger, Ancient Egypt : A Social History. Cambridge University Press, 1983
Bai Shaoyi, An Outline History of China. Beijing : Foreign Languages Press, 1982.
Burns and Ralph, World Civilisations.
Cambridge History of Africa, Vol.I. Cambridge University Press ,1982
G.Clark, World Prehistory: A New Perspective Cambridge University Press, 1977.
Yuval Noah Harari , Sapiens A Brief History of Humankind, Vintage,2015
Norman Davies, Europe A History , Oxford 1996
Jacquetta Hawkes, First Civilisations. life in Mesopotamia, the Indus Valley and Egypt.
The history of human society. New York: Knopf, 1973.
M.I.Finley, The Ancient Economy. University of California Press 1999.
R.J.Wenke, Patterns in Prehistory Oxford University Press, USA; 5th edition 2006
UNESCO Series: History of Mankind, Vols. I –III/ or New ed. History of Humanity.1963
V.Gordon Childe, What happened in History. Peregrine Books 1985

Suggested Readings

A.Hauser, A Social History of Art, Vol I. Routledge, 1999.
Glyn Daniel, First Civilisations. New. York: Thomas Y. Crowell (Apollo. Editions), 1968
J.D. Bernal, Science in History, Vol.I. Cambridge: The MIT Press, Massachusetts
Institute of Technology, 1971
Salia Ikram, Death & Burial in Ancient Egypt (American University in Cairo Press, 2015)
V.Gordon Childe, Social Evolution.
Martin Bernal, Black Athena; the Afro Asiatic Roots of Classical Civilization Brunswick:
Rutgers University Press, 1991.
গর্ডন চাইল্ড, সোশ্যাল ইভলিউশন, অসিত চৌধুরী (ভাষান্তর), দীপায়ন, কলকাতা, ১৪০৫
বঙ্গাব্দ □
গর্ডন চাইল্ড, ম্যান মেক্স হিমসেলফ, মগন দাস (ভাষান্তর), দীপায়ন, কলকাতা, ১৯৯৯ □
গর্ডন চাইল্ড, হোয়াট হ্যাপেনড ইন হিস্ট্রি, দীপায়ন, কলকাতা □
জন ডেসমন্ড বার্নাল, ইতিহাসে বিজ্ঞান, আনন্দ, কলকাতা □
কুগাল চট্টোপাধ্যায় ও সুজাত ভদ্র, প্রাচীন গ্রীসের সমাজ ও স্নগস্কৃতি, প্রগ্রেসিভ, কলকাতা
□
সুপ্রতিম দাস, গ্রীস অনুসন্ধান, প্রগ্রেসিভ, কলকাতা □

HIS- m1 CC-3 : History of India C 300 BCE to C 750 CE

Learning Objectives:

This paper focusses on the formation of polity, society, economy and religion of ancient India tracing the growth of empires from the Mauryas, to the Kushanas, the Satavahanas the Guptas, and also the post- Gupta polities such as the Pallavas, Chalukyas, and Vardhanas.

I. Economy and Society (circa 300 BCE to circa CE 300)

- a) Expansion of agrarian economy : production relations
- b) Urban growth: north India, central India and the Deccan; craft Production: trade and trade routes; coinage
- c) Social stratification: class, Varna, Jati, untouchability; gender; marriage and property relations.

II. Changing political formations (circa 300 BCE to circa CE 300) :

- a) The Mauryan Empire
- b) Post-Mauryan Polities with special reference to the Kushanas and the Satavahanas; Gana-Sanghas

III. Towards early medieval India (circa CE fourth century to CE 750):

- a) Agrarian expansion: land grants, changing production relations; graded land rights and peasantry.
- b) The problem of urban decline: patterns of trade, currency, and urban settlements.
- c) Varna, proliferation of Jatis: changing norms of marriage and property
- d) The nature of polities: the Gupta empire and its contemporaries: post-Gupta polities- Pallavas, Chalukyas, and Vardhanas.

IV. Religion, philosophy and society (circa 300 BCE – CE 750)

- a) Consolidation of the Brahmanical tradition : dharma, Varnashram, Purushastras, Samskaras.
- b) Theistic cults (from circa second century BC): Mahayana; the Puranic tradition.
- c) The beginnings of Tantricism.

V. Cultural developments (circa 300 BCE to circa CE 750):

- a) A brief survey of Sanskrit, Pali, Prakrit and Tamil literature. Scientific and technical treatises.
- b) Art and architecture and forms and patronage; Mauryan , Post-Mauryan, Gupta , Post-Gupta

Essential Readings

- Chattopadhyaya B.D, The making of early Medieval India, 1994.
Chattopadhyaya B.D, Bharatvarsha and other Essays, Permanent Black, Delhi, 2017.
Chattopadhyaya D.P, History of Science and Technology in Ancient India, 1986.
Chakravarti Ranabir, Exploring Early India upto AD 1300, Primus, Delhi, 2016.

Huntington Susan, The Art of Ancient India: Buddhist, Hindu, and Jain, New York, 1985.
Kosambi D.D, An Introduction to the Study of Indian History, 1975.
Maity S.K, Economic Life in Northern India in the Gupta Period, 1970.
Sahu B.P (ed.), Land System and Rural Society in Early India, 1997.
Sastri K.A.N, A History of South India.
Sharma R.S, Indian Feudalism, 1980.
Sharma R.S, Urban Decay in India, c.300- c1000, Delhi, Munshiram Manohar Lal, 1987
Singh Upinder, A history of Ancient and early Medieval India, 2008.
Thapar Romila, Asoka and the Decline of the Mauryas, 1997

Suggested Readings

Agarwal Asvini, The Rise and Fall of the Imperial Guptas, New Delhi, 1988.
Bhattacharya N.N, Ancient Indian Rituals and Their Social Contents, 2nd ed., 1996.
Bhattacharya N.N, History of Tantric Religion, 1982
Chakravarti Uma, The Social Dimensions of Buddhism. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1987.
Chakravarti Uma, Trade and Traders in Early Indian Society, New Delhi, 2007 (revised edition)
Champakalakshmi R, Trade, Ideology and Urbanization: South India: 300BC to AD 1300, Delhi, 1996.
Chanana D., Slavery in Ancient India as Depicted in Pali and Sanskrit Texts, Delhi, 1960.
Gupta P.L, Coins, 4th ed., 1996.
Harle J.C, The Art and Architecture of the Indian Subcontinent, 1987.
Lahiri Nayanjot, Ashoka in Ancient India, 2015
Majumdar R.C and Altekar A.S eds. The Vakataka Gupta Age, Varanasi, 1955.
Mukherjee B.N, Kushana Studies, New Perspectives, Kolkata, 2004
Mukherjee B.N, The Character of the Maurya Empire, Kolkata, 2000
Mukherjee B.N, The Rise and Fall of the Kushana Empire, Calcutta, 1989.
Pollock Sheldon, The Language of the Gods in the World of Men. Sanskrit, Culture and Power in Pre-modern India. New Delhi, 2006.
Ray H.P, Winds of Change, 1994.
Ray Nihar Ranjan, Maurya and Post Maurya Art, New Delhi, 1975.
Sharma R.S, Perspectives in the Social and Economic History of Early India, New Delhi, 1983.
Shastri A.M ed. The Age of the Vakatakas, Delhi, 1992.
Singh Upinder, A History of Ancient and Early Medieval India. Delhi, 2008.
Smith Bardwell ed., Essays in Gupta Culture, New Delhi, 1983.
Thapar Romila, Asoka and the Decline of the Mauryas, New Delhi, 2000
Thapar Romila, Early India: From the origins to 1300, London, 2002
Thapar Romila, The Mauryas Revisited, Calcutta, 1987.
Veluthat Kesavan, The Early Medieval in South India, New Delhi, 2009

রোমিলা থাপার, অশোক ও মৌর্যদের পতন, (Asoka and the Decline of the Mauryas), কে পি বাগচি এন্ড কোং, কলকাতা

সুনীল চট্টোপাধ্যায়, প্রাচীন ভারতের ইতিহাস (১ম খন্ড), পশ্চিমবঙ্গ রাজ্য পুস্তক পর্ষদ, একাদশ মুদ্রণ, এপ্রিল ২০০৪

সুনীল চট্টোপাধ্যায়, প্রাচীন ভারতের ইতিহাস (২য় খন্ড), পশ্চিমবঙ্গ রাজ্য পুস্তক পর্ষদ, ৮ম মুদ্রণ, ফেব্রুয়ারি ২০০৪

হীরেন্দ্রনাথ মুখোপাধ্যায়, ভারতবর্ষের ইতিহাস (১ম খন্ড) (প্রাচীন ও মধ্যযুগ), পশ্চিমবঙ্গ রাজ্য পুস্তক পর্ষদ, প্রথম মুদ্রণ নভেম্বর ১৯৯৭

HIS- m1 CC- 4 SEM-4: HISTORY OF EUROPE (C.1453-1650)

Learning Objectives: This paper explains the transition of Europe from feudalism to capitalism, illustrating the various forces that saw the culmination of this process. It thus includes geographical discoveries, Renaissance, Reformation, economic developments and finally the emergence of the national monarchies.

Module 1

1.1 Transition Debate on transition from feudalism to capitalism: problems and theories.

Module II

2.1 The exploration of the new world: motives

2.2 Portuguese and Spanish voyages.

Module III

3.1 Renaissance: its social roots

3.2 Renaissance humanism

3.3 Rediscovery of classics

3.4 Italian renaissance and its impact on art, culture, education and political thought.

3.5 Its spread in Europe

Module IV

4.1 Reformation movements: Origins & courses

4.2 Martin Luther & Lutheranism

4.3 John Calvin & Calvinism

4.4 Radical reformation: Anabaptists and Huguenots

4.5 English reformation and the role of the state

4.6 Counter Reformation

Module V

5.1 Economic developments

5.2 Shift of economic balance from the Mediterranean to the Atlantic

5.3 Commercial Revolution

5.4 Price Revolution

5.5 Agricultural Revolution and the Enclosure Movement

Module VI

6.1 Development of national monarchy

6.2 Emergence of European state system

Essential Readings

Butterfield H., *The Origins of Modern Science*. The Macmillan Company. 1959

Cipolla Carlo M., *Fontana Economic History of Europe, Vols. II and III* Collins/ Fontana Books; 1978

Cipolla Carlo M., *Before the Industrial Revolution, European Society and Economy, 1000-1700*, W. W. Norton & Company; 3rd edition 1994

Coleman D.C (ed.), *Revisions in Mercantilism* Methuen & Co, 1969.

Davis Ralph, *The Rise of the Atlantic Economics*. Cornell University Press, 1973

Dobb Maurice, *Studies in the Development of Capitalism*, International Publishers, 1947

Parker G., *Europe in Crisis, 1598-1648* Ithaca, N.Y. : Cornell University Press. 1980

Parry, J.H., *The Age of Reconnaissance* University of California Press, 1981

Phukan Meenaxi, *Rise of the Modern West: Social and Economic History of Early Modern Europe*. Laxmi Publications 2013

Poliensky.V, *war and Society in Europe, 1618-48* Cambridge University Press, 2008

Rabb Theodore K., *The Struggle for Stability in Early Modern Europe*. Oxford University Press, 1975

Scammell V., *The First Imperial Age: European Overseas expansion, 1400-1715*. Routledge, 2003

Vries Jan de, *Economy of Europe in an Age of Crisis 1600-1750*. New York: Cambridge University Press, 1976

Suggested Readings :

Anderson M.S, *Europe in the Eighteenth Century* Holt, Rinehart and Winston, 1961

Anderson, Perry, *The lineages of the Absolutist States*. Verso, 1979

Aston, T.H and Philipin C.H.E (eds.), *The Brenner Debate: Agrarian Class Structure and Economic Development in Pre-Industrial Europe*, Cambridge University Press, 2005.

Bernal J.D, *Science in History* Cambridge: The MIT Press, 1954

Burke, Peter, *The Renaissance* . Humanities Press International, 1987

Camerson, Euan (ed.), *Early Modern Europe: An Oxford History*, Oxford University Press 2001.

Dunn Recharad S., *The Age of Religious Wars, 1559-1715*, W.W.Norton & Company, 2004

Elton, G.R., *Reformation Europe, 1517-1559* Wiley, 1999

Gilmore, M.P., *The World of Humanism, 1453-1517* New York, Harper 1952

Hall, R., *From Galileo to Newton* Courier Corporation, 1981

Hill, Christopher, *A century of Revolutions*. Psychology Press, 2002

Hilton, Rodney, *Transition from feudalism to Capitalism*, Aakar Books, 2006

Koenigsberger, H.G and Mosse, G.L., *Europe in the Sixteenth Century*. Longmans, 1961

Lee, Stephen J., *Aspects of European History, 1494-1789* Routledge, 1982

Parker, G. and Smith, L.M., General Crisis of the Seventeenth Century. Boston: Routledge & Kegan Paul, 1978.

Pennington, D.H., Seventeenth Century Europe. Longman, 1972

Rabb, Theodore K., The Struggle for Stability in Early Modern Europe. Oxford University Press, 1975

Rice, Eugene F. and Grafton, Anthony, The Foundations of Early Modern Europe, 1460-1559, W.W.Norton & Company, 2004.

The Cambridge Economic History of Europe, Vol.I, IV Cambridge University Press 1944

The New Cambridge Economic History of Europe, Vol.I, VII.

ত্রিপাঠী অমলেশ, ইতালির রেনেসাঁস বাঙালির সংস্কৃতি, আনন্দ পাবলিশার্স, কলকাতা ১৯৯৪
দাশগুপ্ত অশীন, ভারত মহাসাগরে বাণিজ্য ও রাজনীতি ১৫০০-১৮০০, আনন্দ পাবলিশার্স,
কলকাতা, ১৯৯৯

বার্নাল জে ডি, ইতিহাসে বিজ্ঞান, (Science in History), আনন্দ পাবলিশার্স, কলকাতা, ২০০৫
সেন সমরেন্দ্র, বিজ্ঞানের ইতিহাস, শৈব্যা প্রকাশন, কলকাতা, ১৯৯৬

ভট্টাচার্য স্নেহাদ্রি, ইংলন্ডের ইতিহাস (টিউডর যুগ), পশ্চিমবঙ্গ রাজ্য পুস্তক পর্ষদ, কলকাতা,
১৯৯৫

চক্রবর্তী ভাস্কর, চক্রবর্তী সুভাষ রঞ্জন এবং চট্টোপাধ্যায় কিংশুক, ইউরোপে যুগান্তর, নবভারতী
প্রকাশনী, কলকাতা, ২০০৫

মুখার্জী রীলা, রূপান্তরিত ইউরোপ(৯০০ – ১৮০০), প্রোগ্রেসিভ পাবলিশার্স, কলকাতা, ২০০৪

Skill Enhancement Courses: 4 Credits.

HIS -SEC –1 Museum and Archives

This course introduces students to the institutions that house and maintain documentary, visual and material remains of the past. Museums and archives are among the most important such repositories and this course explains their significance and how they work. Students will be encouraged to undertake collection, documentation and exhibition of such materials in their localities and colleges. Visit to National Archives and National Museum are an integral part of the course.

I. Definition and history of development (with special reference to India)

II. Types of archives and museums: Understanding the traditions of preservation in India Collection policies, ethics and procedures Collection: field exploration, excavation, purchase, gift and bequests, loans and deposits, exchanges, treasure trove confiscation and others. Documentation: accessioning, indexing, cataloguing, digital documentation and de-accessioning Preservation: curatorial care, preventive conservation, chemical preservation and restoration

III. Museum Presentation and Exhibition:

IV. IV. Museums, Archives and Society: (Education and communication
Outreach activities

Essential Readings:

Agrawal, O.P., Essentials of Conservation and Museology, Sundeep Prakashan, New Delhi, India, 2007.

Choudhary, R.D. Museums of India and their maladies. Calcutta: Agam Kala Prakashan, New Delhi, 1998 (In Bengali).

Guha, Thakurta, Tapati, Monuments, Objects, Histories: Institution of Art in Colonial Post Colonial India, New York, 2004

Kathpalia, Y. P. Conservation and Restoration of Archive Materials. UNESCO, 1973
Mathur Saloni, India by Design: Colonial History and Cultural Display, University of California, 2007

Nair, S.M. Bio-Deterioration of Museum Materials. 2011

Roychowdhury, Madhuparna. Displaying India's Heritage : Archaeology and the Museum Movement in Colonial India. Delhi: Orient Blackswan 2015

Sengupta, S. Experiencing History Through Archives. Delhi: Munshiram Manoharlal. 2004.

HIS SEC Course:2 Sem- 2 (4 Credits.)

Understanding Cultural Heritage and Tourism

Learning Objectives: This course will enable students to explore the various aspects of cultural heritage and cultural diversity in historical perspective that discusses numerous cultural practices that have evolved over centuries. It will also address the questions of legalities and institutional frameworks for heritage, and finally deal with the issue of heritage tourism.

UNIT I Indian Cultural Heritage: An Introduction

- I. Meaning, Definition and Historical background of Cultural Heritage
- II. Concepts, Characteristics types of Indian Cultural Heritage: Tangible, intangible Oral and Living traditions.

UNIT II :Evolution of Heritage Legislation and the Institutional framework: Conventions and Acts— national Heritage-related government departments, Museums, regulatory bodies etc. Conservation Initiatives.

UNIT III : Fairs Festivals, Rituals: Ethnic Indian Cultural Construct

- a) Significance, concepts, historical background of fairs, festivals, rituals and their importance in Human life and their general Introduction of social, cultural and religious culture of India.
- b) Festivals: Regional, Folk, Tribal, National; Some major festivals of India.

UNIT IV: Heritage and tourism: Tours to Heritage Sites, The relationship with cultural heritage.

Suggested Readings

- David Lowenthal, *Possessed By The Past: The Heritage Crusade and The Spoils of History*, Cambridge, 2010 Layton, R. P. Stone and J. Thomas. *Destruction and Conservation of Cultural Property*. London: Rutledge, 2001
- Lahiri, N. *Marshaling the Past - Ancient India and its Modern Histories*. Ranikhet: Permanent Black. 2012, Chapters 4 and 5.
- S.S. Biswas, *Protecting the Cultural Heritage (National Legislations and International Conventions)*. New Delhi: INTACH, 1999.
- Acts, Charters and Conventions are available on the UNESCO and ASI websites (www.unesco.org; www.asi.nic.in)90
- Agrawal, O.P., *Essentials of Conservation and Museology*, Delhi, 2006 Chainani, S. 2007. *Heritage and Environment*. Mumbai: Urban Design Research Institute, 2007

Skill Enhancement Courses: 4 Credits.
HIS SEC –3 Sem -3 Understanding Popular Culture of Bengal

Learning Objective:

This paper seeks to provide an opportunity to the students to explore the various facets of popular culture within their region in different genres such as the performing arts, audio-visual entertainments that would provide them with a better understanding of the cultural diversity of Bengal.

Unit I

- (i) Defining Popular Culture
- (ii) Approaches to the study of Popular Culture

Unit II

Performance :

- (i) Jatra as a popular medium of performing art.
- (i) Dance - Folk dances of Bengal-Gambhira, Santhali ,Chhau.
- (ii)** Music – Folk songs of Bengal –Baul, Bhawaia.

Unit III

Audio- Visual :

- (i) Cinema –Some award winning Bengali films of– Satyajit Ray, Tarun Mazumdar, Tapan Sinha, Ajay Kar, Ritwik Ghatak, Arundhuti Debi.
- (ii) Role of Television and documentary films in promoting popular culture.
- (iii) Digital Photography.

Unit IV

- (i) Impact of the social media on popular culture.

Suggested Readings:

Sumanta Banerjee, The Parlour and the Street – Elite and Popular Culture in Nineteenth Century Calcutta. Kolkata: Seagull Books, 2019
John Storey, Cultural Theory and Popular Culture, Pearson, 2001
W. Dissayanayake and K.M.Gokul Singh ,Popular Culture in a Globalised India, Trentham,2019
V.Lal, Ashis Nandy, Fingerprinting Popular Culture: The Myth and the Iconic in Indian Cinema, Oxford ,2006

1. Sekhar Bandyopadhyay, From Plassey to Partition and After, Orient Blackswan
 2. Bipan Chandra ,et. al, India ` s Struggle for Independence, Penguin1988
 3. Sugata Bose and Ayesha Jalal, Modern South Asia History,Culture,Political Economy ,Oxford 1999
 4. Rudrangshu Mukherjee et.al. A New History o f India, Aleph 2023.
 5. বন্দ্যোপাধ্যায় শেখর, পলাশি থেকে পাটিশান ও তারপর (From Plassey to Partition and after), গুরিয়েন্ট লংম্যান
 6. চন্দ্র বিপান এবং অন্যান্য, ভারতের স্বাধীনতা সংগ্রাম, (India's Struggle for Independence) কে পি বাগচি এন্ড কোং, কলকাতা
 7. চন্দ্র বিপান এবং অন্যান্য, ভারতবর্ষ – স্বাধীনতার পরে, (India after Independence), আনন্দ পাবলিশার্স, কলকাতা
 8. দেশাই এ আর, ভারতীয় জাতীয়তাবাদের সামাজিক পটভূমি, (Social Background to Indian Nationalism) কে পি বাগচি এন্ড কোং, কলকাতা
 9. জয়া চ্যাটার্জী, বাংলা ভাগ হলঃ হিন্দু সাম্প্রদায়িকতা ও দেশ-বিভাগ, ১৯৩২-১৯৪৭ (Bengal Divided : Hindu Communalism and Partition 1932 – 1947) এল আলমা পাবলিকেশনস, কলকাতা, ২০০৩
 10. দত্ত রজনী পাম, আজিকার ভারত (India Today)
 11. সরকার সুশোভন, বাংলার রেনেসাঁস, (Notes on Bengal Renaissance), দীপায়ন, কলকাতা
 12. ত্রিপাঠী অমলেশ, ভারতের মুক্তিসংগ্রামে চরমপন্থী পর্ব, (The Extremist Challenge) আনন্দ পাবলিশার্স, কলকাতা
 13. সুর নিখিল, ভারতীয় জাতীয়তাবাদী আন্দোলনের পটভূমি, পশ্চিমবঙ্গ রাজ্য পুস্তক পর্ষদ, ১৯৮৯
 - চট্টোপাধ্যায় প্রণবকুমার, আধুনিক ভারত (১৮৫৮-১৯২০) (১ম খন্ড) পশ্চিমবঙ্গ রাজ্য পুস্তক পর্ষদ, ১৯৯৮
 14. চট্টোপাধ্যায় প্রণবকুমার, আধুনিক ভারত (১৯২০-১৯৪৭) (২য় খন্ড) পশ্চিমবঙ্গ রাজ্য পুস্তক পর্ষদ, ১৯৯৯
 15. সেন সুনীল, ভারতে কৃষিসম্পর্ক(১৭৯৩-১৯৪৭)(Agrarian Relations in India (1793-1847) পশ্চিমবঙ্গ রাজ্য পুস্তক পর্ষদ, ১৯৮৫
 16. ত্রিপাঠী অমলেশ, স্বাধীনতা সংগ্রামে ভারতের জাতীয় কংগ্রেস, আনন্দ পাবলিশার্স, কলকাতা
 17. চন্দ্র বিপান, আধুনিক ভারতঃ ঔপনিবেশিকতাবাদ ও জাতীয়তাবাদ (Nationalism and Colonialism), কে পি বাগচি এন্ড কোং, কলকাতা .
-

THREE YEAR B.A.

MULTIDISCIPLINARY

COURSES OF STUDIES

IN HISTORY

2023

Semester-wise Three Year B.A./B.Sc. Multidisciplinary courses of studies in History (under CCF, 2022).

The Three -year B.A. Course in Multi Disciplinary courses of Studies will comprise 6 Semesters. The curriculum will consist of 8x2 Core Course (CC) of 4 credits each: i.e., Courses, to be compulsorily studied by a student as the requirement of Core subjects.

One Minor: A subject to be studied by the student with lesser number of courses than the two core subjects. Total number of courses for minor will be 6. of 4 credits each.

4 Ability Enhancement Compulsory Courses (AEC) each carrying 2 credits,

3 Skill Enhancement Courses (SEC) each carrying 4 credits (each discipline will contribute one Course) and

4 Compulsory Value Addition Courses (CVAC) each carrying 2 credits. There will be one Summer Internship of 3 credits. Each course will be of 100 Marks.

Course Structure - MDC

	CC1	CC2	Minor	IDC	AEC	SEC	CVAC	Summer Internship	Total Credit
Semester	8x4= 32	8x4= 32	6x4= 24	3x3=9	4x2= 8	3x4=12	4x2=8	1x3= 3	125
1	1x4= 4 3TH+ 1P/TU	1x4= 4 3TH+ 1P/TU		1x3=3 2TH +1P/TU	1x2= 2 2TH +0P/TU	1x4= 4	2x2=4		21
2	1x4= 4 3TH+ 1P/TU	1x4= 4 3TH+ 1P/TU		1x3=3 2TH +1P/TU	1x2= 2 2TH +0P/TU	1x4= 4	2x2=4		21
3	1x4= 4 (3TH+ 1P/TU)	1x4= 4 3TH+ 1P/TU	1x4= 4 3TH+1P/TU	1x3=3 2TH +1P/TU	1x2= 2 2TH +0P/TU	1x4= 4			21
4	2x4=8 4x(3TH+ 1P/TU)	2x4= 8 2x(3TH+ 1P/TU)	1x4= 4 (3TH+1P/TU)		1x2= 2 2TH +0P/TU				22
5	2x4= 8 2x(3TH+ 1P/TU)	1x4= 4 3TH+ 1P/TU	2x4= 8 2x(3TH+ 1P/TU)						20
6	1x4= 4 (3TH+ 1P/TU)	2x4= 8 2x(3TH+ 1P/TU)	2x4= 8 2x(3TH+ 1P/TU)						20
Credits	8x4= 32	8x4= 32	6x4= 24	3x3= 9	4x2= 8	3x4= 12	4x2= 8		125+3 =128
Marks	8x100= 800	8x100= 800	6x100= 600	3x75= 225	4x50= 200	3x100= 300	4x50= 200		Total MarKs =3200

Multi Disciplinary Core Courses in History MD -CC
Each Course: 4 Credits

HIS- MD- CC 1 SEM -1: HISTORY OF INDIA (FROM THE EARLIEST TIMES TO C 300 BCE)

HIS - MD-CC 2 SEM-2: SOCIAL FORMATIONS AND CULTURAL PATTERNS OF THE ANCIENT WORLD OTHER THAN INDIA.

HIS- MD- CC 3 SEM-3: HISTORY OF INDIA (C 300 BCE TO C.750 CE)

HIS - MD-CC 4 SEM -4: HISTORY OF EUROPE (C.1453-1650)

HIS- MD- CC 5 SEM-4: HISTORY OF INDIA (C.1206 – 1526)

HIS - MD-CC 6 SEM-5: HISTORY OF INDIA (C.1526-1605)

HIS- MD- CC 7 SEM-5: HISTORY OF MODERN EUROPE (C.1780-1939)

HIS- MD- CC 8 SEM -6: HISTORY OF INDIA (C.1750s– 1857)

****Courses from MD-CC-1 to MD-CC-8 are to be offered in the chronological order**

Detailed Syllabus for Multi Disciplinary Core Courses in History

HIS_ MD-CC- 1 : History of India From the earliest times to C 300 BCE

Learning Objectives:

This course intends to provide an extensive and deeper understanding of early Indian history to students. They will be introduced to the manner in which diverse aspects of ancient Indian history have been recovered from a rich variety of sources, archaeological, literary, numismatic, epigraphist. Students will become familiar with the tools required for studying history and explore the diverse histories and regional variations in the Indian subcontinent and also study various facets of ancient India-social, cultural, political, environmental concerns. This course, with an interdisciplinary approach, will help students' trace elements of continuity and changes in processes spanning over several millennia, from pre-historic times up to the 300 BCE. The emphasis on historiography will allow students to understand how historians have

approached ancient India and how our present knowledge and perceptions have played a role in interpreting the past.

I. Reconstructing Ancient Indian History:

- a) Early Indian notions of history and the idea of Bharat
- b) Sources and tools of historical reconstruction.
- c) Historical interpretations (with special reference to gender, environment, technology and regions)

II. Hunter-gatherers and the advent of food products

- a) Paleolithic cultures- sequence and distribution; stone industries and other technological developments.
- b) Mesolithic cultures – regional and chronological distribution; new developments in technology and economy; rock art.
- c) Neolithic and Chalcolithic cultures: distribution and subsistence pattern

III. The Harappan civilization:

Origins; settlement patterns and town planning; agrarian base; craft productions and trade; social and political organization; religious beliefs and practices; art; the problem of urban decline and the late/post-Harappan traditions.

IV. Cultures in transition

Settlement patterns, technological and economic developments; social stratification; political relations; religion and philosophy; the Aryan problem.

- a) North India (circa 1500 BCE – 300 BCE)
- b) Central India and the Deccan (circa 1000 BCE – circa 300 BCE)
- c) Tamilakam (circa 300 BCE to circa CE 300)

Essential Readings

Agarwal D.P, *The Archaeology of India*, London, 1982.
Basham A.L, *The Wonder That Was India*, London, 1954.
Chakrabarti Dilip Kumar, *An Oxford Companion to Indian Archaeology*, New Delhi, 2006.
Chakrabarti Dilip Kumar, *India, An Archaeological History*, Delhi, 1999
Sharma R.S, *Looking for the Aryans*, 1995.
Sharma R.S, *Material Cultures and Social Formations in Ancient India*, New Delhi, 1983.
Thapar Romila, *Early India: From the Origins to AD 1300*, London, 2002

Suggested Readings

Basham A.L ed. *A Cultural History of India*, New Delhi, 1975.
Ghosh Amalananda, *The City in Early Historic India*, Shimla, 1973.
Altekar A.S, *The Position of Women in Hindu Civilization from Pre-historic times to the Present Day*, New Delhi, 1962.
Chattopadhyaya B.D, *Studying Early India: Archaeology, Texts and Historical Issues*. New Delhi, 2003.
Sircar D.C, *Indian Epigraphy*, New Delhi, 1965.
Kosambi D.D, *An Introduction to the Study of Indian History*, Bombay, 1956

Kosambi D.D, Combined Methods in Indology and Other Writings, Edited and Introduced By B.D Chattopadhyaya
Jha D.N, Ancient India: An Introduction, New Delhi, 1998
Chattopadhyay D.P, Science and Society in Ancient India, Calcutta, 1977.
Erdosy George, Urbanization in Early Historic India, Oxford, 1988.
Allchin F.R. (ed). The Archaeology of Early Historic South Asia: The Emergence of Cities and States, Cambridge, 1995.
Staal Frits, Discovering the Vedas : Origins, Mantras, Rituals Insights, New Delhi, 2008.
Possehl G.L, ed. Harappan Civilization- A Recent Perspective, Delhi, 1993 (second edition).
Michell George, The Penguin Guide to the Monuments of India. London, 1989.
Raychaudhuri H.C, Political History of Ancient India with a commentary by B.N.Mukherjee, New Delhi, 1996 (8th edition)
Habib Irfan (General Editor), A People's History of India (Volume 1,2,3), New Delhi.
Shastri K.A Nilakantha, A History of South India, Madras, 1974 (4th Edition)
Lahiri Nayanjyot, The Decline and Fall of the Indus Civilization, New Delhi, 2000.
Ray Nihar Ranjan, Brajadulal Chattopadhyaya, V.R. Mani and Ranabii Chakravarti eds. A Source Book of Indian Civilization, Kolkata, 2000.
Sahu Bhairabi Prasad (ed.). Iron and Social Change in Early India. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 2006.
Chakraborty Ranabir, Exploring early India, upto circa AD 1300
Kochar R., The Vedic People, New Delhi. 2000.
Majumdar R.C (General Editor), The History & Culture of the Indian People, Volumes I – III, Bombay, 1951,1968, 1970
Sharma R.S, Advent of the Aryans, Manohar, 1999.
Sharma R.S, Aspects of Political Ideas and Institutions in Ancient India. New Delhi, 2005 (reprint).
Sharma R.S, India's Ancient Past, New Delhi, 2005.
Sharma R.S, Perspectives in the Social and Economic History of Early India, New Delhi, 1983.
Sharma R.S, Sudras in Ancient India.
Salomon Richard, Indian Epigraphy: A Guide to the Study of Inscriptions in Sanskrit, Prakrit, and Other Indo-Aryan Languages. New York, 1998.
Thapar Romila (et al). India: Historical Beginnings and the Concept of the Aryan, New Delhi, 2006
Thapar Romila, From Lineage to State, Delhi, 1996 (2nd Edition)
Ratnagar Shireen, (ed), Women in Early Indian Societies. New Delhi, 1999.
Ratnagar Shireen, The End of the Great Harappan Tradition, Delhi, 2000
Roy Kumkum, The Emergence of Monarchy in North India: eighth to fourth centuries BC, NewDelhi, 1994
Ratnagar Shireen, Understanding Harappa, Delhi 2001
Saraswati S.K, A Survey of Indian Sculpture, New Delhi, 1975 (second edition)
Bhattacharji Sukumar, Women and Society in Ancient India. Calcutta, 1994.
Singh Upinder, A History of Ancient and Early Medieval India. Delhi, 2008.

00000 0 00, 0000000 00000000 00000, (The Wonder That Was India), 000000000000
000000000000, 0000000, 00000
00000000000 000000, 00000 0000000000 0000 00000, 00000000, 00000
000000 000000, 0000000000000 00000000 000000000 00000000
000000 00000 – 000000-00000000, (Pre-history) 00 00 0, 00000000, 00000
000000000 00000: 00000000 00000000, (The Indus Civilisation) 00 00 0, 00000000, 00000
000000 00000 – 0000000 00000000, (The Vedic Age) 00 00 0, 00000000, 00000
00 00 00, 0000 00000 – 00000 0000000000000 00000000, (Ancient India: An Introduction),
00000000000000 00000000000000, 000000000
00000000000 00 00, 00000 00000000 00000000 00000000 (An Introduction to the Study of
Indian History) 0000000 00 00 00000 0000, 00000000, 00000
000000000 000000, 00000000 0000000000 000000000 (Understanding Harappa) 00 00 0,
00000000, 00000
000000000000 000000000000, 000000000 00000000 00000000000 00000000, (Political History
of Ancient India), 00000000000000 000000 00000000 0000000, 00000000
000000 00000000, 00000000000000 00000000, 00000000000 000000000, 00000000
00000000000000 00000000000000, 000000000 000000 00000, 00000000, 00000
00000000000000 00000000000000, 000000000 00000000 00000, 00000000000000 000000
00000000 00000000, 00000000
0000000000000 0000000000, 00000000000 000000 000000 000000000, 0000000000000
000000 00000000 0000000, 00000000
0000000000000 000000000000, 0000000000 00000- 00000 0 0000000000, 0000000
0000000000000, 00000000
0000000000000 000000 0000000 - 00000 000000000000 00000000 00000000 000000
00000000000000, 00000000, 00000
0000000000000000000000 000000 0000000 - 00000 00000000000 000000000, (0 000000), 00000
0000000000000 0000000, 000000000 00000000 000000000000 0000000000 000000000, 000000
00000000000000, 00000000 00000 (000000000 000000000)
00000000 00000000, 000000000 0000000 0000 0000000, (Slavery in Ancient India as depicted in
Pali and Sanskrit Texts), 00 00 000000 00000 0000, 00000000 00000
0000 00000000000000, 000000000 00000000, 00000000, 00000(0000000000 000000000)
000000 00000000, 0000000000 0000000 0000000000 0000000000 0 00000 0000000, (Material
Cultures and Social Formations in Ancient India), 00000000000 0000000000, 00000
0000000 00000000, 0000 0000000000000 00000000 00000 : 000000-0000000000000 0000000 00
0000000000 (Early Medieval Indian Society : A Study in Feudalism) 00000000000 0000000000,
00000
000000 00000000, 000000000 00000000000000, (Indian Feudalism), 00 00 000000 00000 0000,
00000000
000000 00000000, 0000000000 00000000000000, (Looking for the Aryans), 00000000000000
00000000000000, 000000000

□□□□ □□□□□, □□□□□□ □□□□ □□□□, (Advent of the Aryans), □□□□□□□□
□□□□□□, □□□□
□□□□ □□□□□, □□□□□□ □□□□ □□□□□, (Sudras in Ancient India), □□ □□ □□□□□
□□□□ □□□, □□□□□□
□□□□ □□□□□, □□□□ □ □□□□□□□□ □□□, (Asoka and the Decline of the Mauryas), □□ □□
□□□□ □□□□ □□□, □□□□□□
□□□□□□□□□□□ □□□□□, □□□□□□ □□□□□ □□□□□□ (□□ □□□□), □□□□□□□□□□□
□□□□ □□□□□ □□□□□, □□□□□ □□□□□□, □□□□□□ □□□□□
□□□□□□□□□□□ □□□□□, □□□□□□ □□□□□ □□□□□□ (□□ □□□□), □□□□□□□□□□□
□□□□ □□□□□ □□□□□, □□ □□□□□□, □□□□□□□□□□ □□□□□
□□□□□□□□□□□ □□□□□□□□□□□□□, □□□□□□□□□□ □□□□□□ (□□ □□□□) (□□□□□□□□ □
□□□□□□□□), □□□□□□□□□□ □□□□□ □□□□□□ □□□□□□, □□□□□ □□□□□□ □□□□□□ □□□□□

HIS- MD-CC-2 : Social Formations and Cultural Patterns of the ancient world other than India

Learning Objectives:

This course aims to introduce the students to the significant developments in world history that have shaped the complexity of human existence. To begin with it offers a historical survey of human evolution. It details the transition from hunting gathering subsistence pattern to more advanced adaptations to a sedentary farming economy. The course content is premised on the understanding that the pace and nature of change differed in different parts of the ancient world.

I. Evolution of human kind: Paleolithic and Mesolithic cultures – Role of social Institutions in the development of early societies.

II. Food production: Debate on the origins of food production, Neolithic cultures in West Asia and Europe

III. Bronze Age civilizations, Egypt (Old Kingdom); economy, social stratification, state structure, religion architecture.

IV. Nomadic groups- Debate on the advent of iron and its implications in Central and West Asia.

V. Ancient Rome: Polity and society- slavery, agrarian economy, urbanization, & trade.

VI. Polis in ancient Greece: Athens and Sparta - Polity and society- Slavery, Athenian democracy, Greek culture- Sophists, Drama - Tragedy and Comedy, Art and architecture.

Essential Readings

Rakesh Kumar, Ancient and Medieval World From Evolution of Humans to the Crisis of Feudalism, Sage Texts, 2018
Farooqui Amar, Early Social Formations. Manak Publications Pvt. Ltd. 2002
B.Fagan, People of the Earth. : an introduction to world prehistory
New York, NY HarperCollins College Publishers 1977
B.Trigger, Ancient Egypt : A Social History. Cambridge University Press, 1983
Bai Shaoyi, An Outline History of China. Beijing : Foreign Languages Press, 1982.
Burns and Ralph, World Civilisations.
Cambridge History of Africa, Vol.I. Cambridge University Press ,1982
G.Clark, World Prehistory: A New Perspective Cambridge University Press, 1977.
Yuval Noah Harari , Sapiens A Brief History of Humankind, Vintage,2015
Norman Davies, Europe A History , Oxford 1996
Jacquetta Hawkes, First Civilisations. life in Mesopotamia, the Indus Valley and Egypt.
The history of human society. New York: Knopf, 1973.
M.I.Finley, The Ancient Economy. University of California Press 1999.
R.J.Wenke, Patterns in Prehistory Oxford University Press, USA; 5th edition 2006
UNESCO Series: History of Mankind, Vols. I –III/ or New ed. History of Humanity.1963
V.Gordon Childe, What happened in History. Peregrine Books 1985

Suggested Readings

A.Hauser, A Social History of Art, Vol I. Routledge, 1999.
Glyn Daniel, First Civilisations. New. York: Thomas Y. Crowell (Apollo. Editions), 1968
J.D. Bernal, Science in History, Vol.I. Cambridge: The MIT Press, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, 1971
Salia Ikram, Death & Burial in Ancient Egypt (American University in Cairo Press, 2015)
V.Gordon Childe, Social Evolution.
Martin Bernal, Black Athena; the Afro Asiatic Roots of Classical Civilization Brunswick: Rutgers University Press, 1991.
□□□□□ □□□□□□, □□□□□□□□ □□□□□□□, □□□□ □□□□□□□
(□□□□□□□□), □□□□□□□, □□□□□□□, □□□□ □□□□□□□□□□□□

□□□□□ □□□□□□, □□□□□□ □□□□□□ □□□□□□□□, □□□□ □□□
(□□□□□□□□), □□□□□□□, □□□□□□□, □□□□□□

□□□□□ □□□□□□□, □□□□□□ □□□□□□□□□□ □□ □□□□□□□□□□□, □□□□□□□□, □□□□□□□□

□□ □□□□□□□ □□□□□□□, □□□□□□□ □□□□□□□, □□□□□□, □□□□□□□□

□□□□□ □□□□□□□□□□□□□ □ □□□□□ □□□□□, □□□□□□□□ □□□□□□□□ □□□□ □ □□□□□□□□□□□□, □□□□□□□□□□□□, □□□□□□□□ □

□□□□□□□□□ □□□, □□□□□□ □□□□□□□□□□□□, □□□□□□□□□□□□□□, □□□□□□□□ □

HIS- MD-CC-3 : History of India C 300 BCE to C 750 CE

Learning Objectives:

This paper focusses on the formation of polity, society, economy and religion of ancient India tracing the growth of empires from the Mauryas, to the Kushanas, the Satavahanas the Guptas, and also the post- Gupta polities such as the Pallavas, Chalukyas, and Vardhanas.

I. Economy and Society (circa 300 BCE to circa CE 300)

- a)Expansion of agrarian economy : production relations
- b) Urban growth: north India, central India and the Deccan; craft Production: trade and trade routes; coinage
- c)Social stratification: class, Varna, Jati, untouchability; gender; marriage and property relations.

II. Changing political formations (circa 300 BCE to circa CE 300) :

- a)The Mauryan Empire
- b)Post-Mauryan Politiities with special reference to the Kushanas and the Satavahanas; Gana-Sanghas

III. Towards early medieval India (circa CE fourth century to CE 750):

- a) Agrarian expansion: land grants, changing production relations; graded land rights and peasantry.
- b)The problem of urban decline: patterns of trade, currency, and urban settlements.
- c)Varna, proliferation of Jatis: changing norms of marriage and property
- d) The nature of polities: the Gupta empire and its contemporaries: post-Gupta polities- Pallavas, Chalukyas, and Vardhanas.

IV. Religion, philosophy and society (circa 300 BCE – CE 750)

- a) Consolidation of the Brahmanical tradition : dharma, Varnashram, Purushastras, Samskaras.
- b) Theistic cults (from circa second century BC): Mahayana; the Puranic tradition.
- c) The beginnings of Tantricism.

V. Cultural developments (circa 300 BCE to circa CE 750):

- a) A brief survey of Sanskrit, Pali, Prakrit and Tamil literature. Scientific and technical treatises.
- b) Art and architecture and forms and patronage; Mauryan , Post-Mauryan, Gupta , Post-Gupta

Essential Readings

- Chattopadhyaya B.D, The making of early Medieval India, 1994.
Chattopadhyaya B.D, Bharatvarsha and other Essays, Permanent Black, Delhi, 2017.
Chattopadhyaya D.P, History of Science and Technology in Ancient India, 1986.
Chakravarti Ranabir, Exploring Early India upto AD 1300, Primus, Delhi, 2016.
Huntington Susan, The Art of Ancient India: Buddhist, Hindu, and Jain, New York, 1985.
Kosambi D.D, An Introduction to the Study of Indian History, 1975.
Maity S.K, Economic Life in Northern India in the Gupta Period, 1970.
Sahu B.P (ed.), Land System and Rural Society in Early India, 1997.
Sastri K.A.N, A History of South India.
Sharma R.S, Indian Feudalism, 1980.
Sharma R.S, Urban Decay in India, c.300- c1000, Delhi, Munshiram Manohar Lal, 1987
Singh Upinder, A history of Ancient and early Medieval India, 2008.
Thapar Romila, Asoka and the Decline of the Mauryas, 1997

Suggested Readings

- Agarwal Asvini, The Rise and Fall of the Imperial Guptas, New Delhi, 1988.
Bhattacharya N.N, Ancient Indian Rituals and Their Social Contents, 2nd ed., 1996.
Bhattacharya N.N, History of Tantric Religion, 1982
Chakravarti Uma, The Social Dimensions of Buddhism. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1987.
Chakravarti Uma, Trade and Traders in Early Indian Society, New Delhi, 2007 (revised edition)
Champakalakshmi R, Trade, Ideology and Urbanization: South India: 300BC to AD 1300, Delhi, 1996.
Chanana D., Slavery in Ancient India as Depicted in Pali and Sanskrit Texts, Delhi, 1960.
Gupta P.L, Coins, 4th ed., 1996.
Harle J.C, The Art and Architecture of the Indian Subcontinent, 1987.
Lahiri Nayanjot, Ashoka in Ancient India, 2015
Majumdar R.C and Altekar A.S eds. The Vakataka Gupta Age, Varanasi, 1955.
Mukherjee B.N, Kushana Studies, New Perspectives, Kolkata, 2004
Mukherjee B.N, The Character of the Maurya Empire, Kolkata, 2000
Mukherjee B.N, The Rise and Fall of the Kushana Empire, Calcutta, 1989.

Pollock Sheldon, The Language of the Gods in the World of Men. Sanskrit, Culture and Power in Pre-modern India. New Delhi, 2006.

Ray H.P, Winds of Change, 1994.

Ray Nihar Ranjan, Maurya and Post Maurya Art, New Delhi, 1975.

Sharma R.S, Perspectives in the Social and Economic History of Early India, New Delhi, 1983.

Shastri A.M ed. The Age of the Vakatakas, Delhi, 1992.

Singh Upinder, A History of Ancient and Early Medieval India. Delhi, 2008.

Smith Bardwell ed., Essays in Gupta Culture, New Delhi, 1983.

Thapar Romila, Asoka and the Decline of the Mauryas, New Delhi, 2000

Thapar Romila, Early India: From the origins to 1300, London, 2002

Thapar Romila, The Mauryas Revisited, Calcutta,1987.

Veluthat Kesavan, The Early Medieval in South India, New Delhi, 2009

Thapar Romila, Asoka and the Decline of the Mauryas, New Delhi, 2000

Thapar Romila, Early India: From the origins to 1300, London, 2002

Thapar Romila, The Mauryas Revisited, Calcutta,1987.

Thapar Romila, Asoka and the Decline of the Mauryas, New Delhi, 2000

Thapar Romila, Early India: From the origins to 1300, London, 2002

Thapar Romila, The Mauryas Revisited, Calcutta,1987.

Thapar Romila, Asoka and the Decline of the Mauryas, New Delhi, 2000

Thapar Romila, Early India: From the origins to 1300, London, 2002

HIS- MD-CC- 4 SEM-4: HISTORY OF EUROPE (C.1453-1650)

Learning Objectives: This paper explains the transition of Europe from feudalism to capitalism, illustrating the various forces that saw the culmination of this process. It thus includes geographical discoveries, Renaissance, Reformation, economic developments and finally the emergence of the national monarchies.

Module 1

1.1 Transition Debate on transition from feudalism to capitalism: problems and theories.

Module II

2.1 The exploration of the new world: motives

2.2 Portuguese and Spanish voyages.

Module III

3.1 Renaissance : its social roots

3.2 Renaissance humanism

3.3 Rediscovery of classics

3.4 Italian renaissance and its impact on art, culture, education and political thought.

3.5 Its spread in Europe

Module IV

- 4.1 Reformation movements: Origins & courses
- 4.2 Martin Luther & Lutheranism
- 4.3 John Calvin & Calvinism
- 4.4 Radical reformation: Anabapists and Huguenots
- 4.5 English reformation and the role of the state
- 4.6 Counter Reformation

Module V

- 5.1 Economic developments
- 5.2 Shift of economic balance from the Mediterranean to the Atlantic
- 5.3 Commercial Revolution
- 5.4 Price Revolution
- 5.5 Agricultural Revolution and the Enclosure Movement

Module VI

- 6.1 Development of national monarchy
- 6.2 Emergence of European state system

Essential Readings

- Butterfield H., *The Origins of Modern Science*. The Macmillan Company. 1959
- Cipolla Carlo M., *Fontana Economic History of Europe, Vols. II and III* Collins/ Fontana Books; 1978
- Cipolla Carlo M., *Before the Industrial Revolution, European Society and Economy, 1000-1700*, W. W. Norton & Company; 3rd edition 1994
- Coleman D.C (ed.), *Revisions in Mercantilism* Methuen & Co, 1969.
- Davis Ralph, *The Rise of the Atlantic Economics*. Cornell University Press, 1973
- Dobb Maurice, *Studies in the Development of Capitalism*, International Publishers, 1947
- Parker G., *Europe in Crisis, 1598-1648* Ithaca, N.Y. : Cornell University Press. 1980
- Parry, J.H., *The Age of Reconnaissance* University of California Press, 1981
- Phukan Meenaxi, *Rise of the Modern West: Social and Economic History of Early Modern Europe*. Laxmi Publications 2013
- Poliensky.V, *war and Society in Europe, 1618-48* Cambridge University Press, 2008
- Rabb Theodore K., *The Struggle for Stability in Early Modern Europe*. Oxford University Press, 1975
- Scammell V., *The First Imperial Age: European Overseas expansion, 1400-1715*. Routledge, 2003
- Vries Jan de, *Economy of Europe in an Age of Crisis 1600-1750*. New York: Cambridge University Press, 1976

Suggested Readings :

- Anderson M.S, *Europe in the Eighteenth Century* Holt, Rinehart and Winston, 1961
- Anderson, Perry, *The lineages of the Absolutist States*. Verso, 1979

Aston, T.H and Philipin C.H.E (eds.), *The Brenner Debate: Agrarian Class Structure and Economic Development in Pre-Industrial Europe*, Cambridge University Press, 2005.

Bernal J.D, *Science in History* Cambridge: The MIT Press, 1954

Burke, Peter, *The Renaissance . Humanities Press International*, 1987

Camerson, Euan (ed.), *Early Modern Europe: An Oxford History*, Oxford University Press 2001.

Dunn Rechard S., *The Age of Religious Wars, 1559-1715*, W.W.Norton & Company, 2004

Elton, G.R., *Reformation Europe, 1517-1559* Wiley, 1999

Gilmore, M.P., *The World of Humanism, 1453-1517* New York, Harper 1952

Hall, R., *From Galileo to Newton* Courier Corporation, 1981

Hill, Christopher, *A century of Revolutions*. Psychology Press, 2002

Hilton, Rodney, *Transition from feudalism to Capitalism*, Aakar Books, 2006

Koenigsberger, H.G and Mosse, G.L., *Europe in the Sixteenth Century*. Longmans, 1961

Lee, Stephen J., *Aspects of European History, 1494-1789* Routledge, 1982

Parker, G. and Smith, L.M., *General Crisis of the Seventeenth Century*. Boston : Routledge & Kegan Paul, 1978.

Pennington, D.H., *Seventeenth Century Europe*. Longman, 1972

Rabb, Theodore K., *The Struggle for Stability in Early Modern Europe*. Oxford University Press, 1975

Rice, Eugene F. and Grafton, Anthony, *The Foundations of Early Modern Europe, 1460-1559*, W.W.Norton & Company, 2004.

The Cambridge Economic History of Europe, Vol.I, IV Cambridge University Press 1944

The New Cambridge Economic History of Europe, Vol.I, VII.

00000000 00000, 000000 000000000 0000000 000000000, 00000
 00000000000, 0000000 0000
 000000000 0000, 0000 000000000 00000000 0 00000000 0000-0000, 00000
 00000000000, 0000000, 0000
 00000000 00 00, 00000000 00000000, (Science in History), 000000 000000000000,
 0000000, 0000
 000 0000000000, 00000000000 0000000, 0000000 00000000, 0000000, 0000
 000000000000 000000000000, 0000000000 0000000 (000000 0000), 000000000000
 000000 0000000 000000, 00000000, 0000
 00000000000 0000000, 00000000000 000000 0000 0000 000000000000000 0000000,
 0000000 0000000000, 000000000 0000000000, 00000000, 0000
 0000000000 00000, 000000000000 000000(0000 - 0000), 000000000000 000000000000,
 00000000, 0000

HIS- MD-CC-5 : HISTORY OF INDIA (c.1206-1526)

Learning Objectives : This paper focusses on The polity , society and economy , culture and religion of the Delhi Sultanate.

I. Interpreting the Delhi Sultanate:

Survey of sources: Persian tarikh tradition; vernacular histories; epigraphy

II. Sultanate Political Structures:

- a. Foundation, expansion and consolidation of the Sultanate of Delhi; the Khaljis and the Tughluqs; Mongol threat and Timur's invasion; Rise and fall of Syed dynasty; The Lodis; Conquest of Bahlul and Sikandar; Ibrahim Lodi and the battle of Panipat;
- b. Theories of Kingship; Ruling elites; Sufis, Ulama and the political authority; imperial monuments and coinage
- c. Emergence of provincial dynasties: Bahamanis, Vijayanagar, Gujarat, Malwa, Jaunpur and Bengal
- d. Consolidation of regional identities: regional art, architecture and literature

III. Society and Economy:

- a. Iqta and the revenue-free grants
- b. Agriculture production; technology
- c. Changes in rural society; revenue systems
- d. Monetization; market regulations; growth of urban centres; trade and commerce; Indian Ocean trade

IV. Religion and Culture:

- a. Sufi silsilas: Chishtis and Suhrawardis; doctrines and practices; social roles.
- b. Bhakti movements and monotheistic traditions in South and North India; Women Bhaktas; Nathpanthis; Kabir, Nanak and the Sant tradition
- c. Sufi literature; Malfuzat; Premakhayans
- d. Architecture of the Delhi Sultanate

ESSENTIAL READINGS:

Asher, Catherine and Talbot Cynthia, India before Europe, Cambridge University Press, March 2006.

Chandra Satish, Medieval India I, Har Anand Publication, New Delhi, July 2007.

Habib Mohammad and Nizami K.A., eds, Comprehensive History of India, Vol. V, The Delhi Sultanate, People's Publishing House, 2nd Edition, 1992.

Hasan Mohibul, Historians of Medieval India, Meenakshi Prakashan, 1968.

Jackson Peter, The Delhi Sultanate, Cambridge University Press, Revised Edition, 2003.

Schomer, Karine, and McLeod W.H., (Eds), The Sants Studies in A Devotional Tradition of India, Motilal Banarsidas, Delhi, 1987.

Nizami K.A., *Some Aspects of Religion and Politics in India During the 13th Century*, Aligarh, 1961.

Raychaudhuri Tapan and Habib Irfan, (Eds), *Cambridge Economic History of India*, Vol. I: c. 1200 – c. 1750, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, 1982, 1987 (reprint).

Rizvi S.A.A., *A History of Sufism in India*, Vol. I, Munshiram Manoharlal, New Delhi, 1978.

Suggested Readings

Ashraf K.M, *Life and Conditions of the People of Hindusthan (1250 – 1550)*, Gyan Publishing House, 2000.

Eaton, R.M, *The Rise of Islam and the Bengal Frontier (1204- 1760)*, University of California Press, July 1996.

Habib, Irfan, *Medieval India: The Study of a Civilization*, National Book Trust, July 2008.

Karashima, Noboru, *South Indian History and Society: studies from inscriptions, A.D. 850 - 1800*, Oxford, 1984.

Karashima, Noboru, *Towards a New Formation: South Indian Society under Vijayanagara*, Oxford University Press, 1992.

Kumar Sunil, *The Emergence of the Sultanate of Delhi*, Permanent Black, Delhi, First edition, 2010.

Stein, Burton, *Peasant State and Society in Medieval South India*, Oxford University Press, Oxford, February 1995.

Sherwani, H.K., Joshi, P.M. (eds), *The History of Medieval Deccan (1295 - 1724)*, Government of Andhra Pradesh, Hyderabad, 1973-74.

Singh, Vipul, *Interpreting Medieval India, Volume-I, Early Medieval, Delhi Sultanate and Regions (circa 750 – 1550)*, Macmillan Publishers India Ltd, 2009.

Tripathi, R.P; *Some Aspects of Muslim Administration*, The Indian Press Ltd., 1936.

Wink, Andre, *Al Hind; The Making of the Indo Islamic World, Volume I – Early Medieval*, Brill Academic Publishers, 2nd Edition, 1991.

□□□ □□□□□□□□□□, □□□□□□ □□□□□□ (□□□□-□□□□□□ □□□), □□□□□□□□□□□□ □□□□□□
□□□□□□ □□□□□□, □□□□□□□□ □□□□□□, □□□□□□□□□□□□ □□□□□□

□□□□□ □□□□□□, □□□□□□□□□□ □□□□□□ □□□□□□□□□□ □□□□□□, (Economic History
of Medieval India: A Survey), □□□□□□□□□□□□ □□□□□□□□□□□□

□□□□□ □□□□□□, □□□□□□□□□□ □□□□ □-□ □□□□ (Medieval India) □□ □□ □□□□□□
□□□□ □□□, □□□□□□□

□□□□□□□□□□□□ □ □□ □□, □□□□□□ □□□□□□ □□□□□□□□□□ □□□□-□□□□□□, (The
Foundation of Muslim Rule in India), □□□□□□□□□□□□ □□□□□□□□□□□□, □□□□□□□□

□□□ □□□□□□□□□ □ □□□□□□□□□□□□□□ □□□□□□□□□□, □□□□□□□□ □□□□□□ □□□□ □
□□□□□□□□□□, □□ □□ □□□□□□ □□□□ □□□□, □□□□□□□□ □□□□□□

□□□ □□□□□□□□□□, □□□□□□□□□□ □□□□□□ □□□□□□□□ : □□□□□□□□ □□□□, □□□□□□□□□□
□□□□□□□□□□, □□□□□□□□

□□□□ □□□□□□, □□□□□□ □□□□□□ : □□□□□□□□ □□□, □□□□

HIS- MD-CC-6 : HISTORY OF INDIA (C.1526-1605)

Learning outcome: Students will be able to identify the major political developments in the History of India during the period between the sixteenth and the early seventeenth century. Outline the changes and continuities in the field of an eclectic political and religious ideology in connection with the bhakti movement and sufi movement Delineate the development of trade and urban complexes during this period.

UNIT I- Sources and the Historiography

I. Important sources of Mughal Indian History: Persian and vernacular

II. Modern Interpretations

UNIT II- Establishment of the Mughal rule

I. India on the Eve of Babur's Invasion

II. Mughal- Afghan contest for Supremacy-Sher Shah and his administrative and revenue reforms III. Re-establishment of Mughal Rule under Akbar

UNIT III-Consolidation of Mughal Rule under Akbar

I. Campaigns and conquests with special reference to Gujarat, Deccan and Bengal - Resistance of Hemu Vikramaditya, Rana Pratap, Rani Durgavati, Chand Bibi

II. Evolution of administrative institutions: Zabt, Mansab, Jagir, Madaad-i-Mash

III. Incorporation of the Rajputs, creation of the Mughal nobility and growth of a dynastic ideology

IV. Revolts and resistance, pressure from the Ulemas

UNIT IV- Society and Economy

I. Conditions of Agriculture and Industry-agricultural productions, zamindars, peasants, rural tensions, non-agricultural productions

II. Development of Trade and Commerce- patterns of internal commerce, trade routes, overseas trade.

UNIT V- Religion and Culture

I. Religious tolerance and principle of Suhl-i-Kul; Sufi mystical movement

II. Bhakti movement.

Suggested Readings

Essential Readings

Alam Muzaffar and Subramaniam Sanjay , eds., The Mughal state, 1526-1750
Ali Athar M., The Mughal Nobility under Aurangzeb
Chandra Satish, Essays on Medieval Indian History
Dasgupta Ashin, Indian Merchants and the Decline of Surat, 1700 – 1750
Gordon Stewart, The Marathas 1600 – 1818
Habib Irfan, Agrarian System of Mughal India, 1526 – 1701
Koch Ebba, Mughal Art and Imperial Ideology
Qanungo, K.R, Dara Shukoh
Richards, J.F, The Mughal Empire
Rizvi, S.A.A, Muslim Revivalist Movements in Northern India.

Suggested Readings

Alam, Muzaffar-The Crisis of Empire in Mughal North India: Awadh and Punjab-1707-1748.
Alavi,Seema (ed.),The Eighteenth Century in India
Ali, M. Athar, Mughal India: Studies in Polity, Ideas, society and Culture.
Arasaratnam S., Maritime India in the Seventeenth Century
Asher Catherine, Architecture of Mughal India
Bandyopadhyaya S, From Plassey to Partition
Barnett,R.B, North India between Empires: Awadh, the Mughals and the British.
Bashir, Ahmed, Akbar, the Mughal Emperor.
Bayly, Susan, Caste, Society and Politics in India from the 18th century to the modern age.
Bayly,C.A., Indian Society and the Making of the British Empire;
Beach Milo, Mughal and Rajpur Paintings
Bernier, F, Travels in Mughal India.
Chandra Satish, Parties and Politics at the Mughal Court
Chandra, Satish, A History of Medieval India (Part II)
Chandra, Satish, Historiography, Religion and State in Medieval India
Chandra, Satish, Mughal Religious Policies, the Rajputs and the Deccan.
Chandra, Satish, The 18th century in India: Its economy and the Role of the Marathas, the jats and the Sikhs and the Afghans and Supplement (K.P.Bagchi)
Chaudhuri, K.N.,Trade & Civilization: An Economic History from the Rise of Islam to 1750.
Eaton, R.M., The Rise of Islam and the Bengal Frontier 1204-1760;
Eaton, R.M., The Sufis of Bijapur
Fukuzawa,H., The Medieval Deccan: Peasants, Social systems and States 16th to 18th centuries.
Gordon S.,The Marathas 1600-1818
Grewal J.S.,The Sikhs of the Punjab
Habib Irfan(ed.), Medieval India

Habib Irfan (ed), Resistance and Modernization under Haider Ali and Tipu Sultan
 Hasan S., Nurul, Thoughts on Agrarian Relations in Mughal India
 Hasan S.Nurul, Reliogn, State, and Society in Medieval India
 Husain Iqbal, Ruhela Chieftancies in 18th Century India
 Kulke, H.(ed.),The State in India 1000-1700.
 Malik, Z.U, The Reign of Muhammad Shah
 Marshall P J., (Edited) , The Eighteenth century in Indian history: Evolution or revolution
 Marshall P J.,East Indian Fortunes: the British in Bengal in the 18th Cent,
 Mukhia Harbans, The Mughals of India
 Nizami K.A., (ed.) Politics and society during the early Medieval Period : The collected Works of Prof. Md. Habib (2 vols.)
 Raychoudhuri T.K. & Habib I. (eds.)-The Cambridge Economic History of India Vol.I
 Richards J.F.,The Mughal Empire
 Richards, J.F, Mughal Administration in Golconda
 Rizvi S.A.A., A History of Sufism in India
 Rizvi S.A.A., The Wonder that was India (vol.2);
 Sarkar, Sir J.N., History of Aurangzeb 5 vols.
 Sarkar, Sir J.N.,The Fall of the Mughal Empire, 4 vols.
 Siddiqi. N.A., Land Revenue Administration Under the Mughals (1700- 1750)
 Stein, Burton, Eighteenth Century in India: Another view (Studies in History, No.I, 1989)
 Stein, Burton, Peasant, State and Society in Medieval South India (Oxford University Press)
 Streusand D.F., The Formation of the Mughal Empire
 Tripathi R.P., Some Aspects of Muslim Administration
 Tripathi R.P.,The Rise & Fall of the Mughal Empire
 Wink, Andre, Land and Sovereignty in India: Agrarian society and politics under the eighteenth century Maratha Swarajya.
 Arnisha Ashraf, Tarikh-e Aasham: Astudy of Ahom-Mughal Conflict in the 17th Century,in Asiatic Society for Social Science Research,Vol.No. 2,Issue No.1 June 2020.
 S.L. Baruah, A Comprehensive History of Assam, 1985
 K.N.Chitnis, Socio- Economic History of Medieval India,2002
 Rekha Pande, Religious Movements in Medieval India,2005

□□□ □□ □□□□, □□□□□□□□□□□□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□□□□ □□□□□□(The Mughal Nobility under Aurangzeb) □□ □□ □□□□□ □□□□ □□□, □□□□□□□ □□□□□□□□□□□□□ □□□□, □□□□□□□□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□□ □ □□□□□□□ □□□□□□ □□□□□□, □□□□□□,□□□□□ □□□□ □□□□, □□□□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□□□□□□ □ □□□□ □□□□□□□□, □□□□□□□□□□□□, □□□□□□□, □□□□□

- b) Intellectual currents
- c) Social classes and emerging gender relations.
- d) Phases of the French Revolution
- e) Art and Culture of French Revolution
- f) Napoleonic consolidation – reform and empire.

II. Restoration and Revolution: c.1815 - 1848

- a) Forces of conservatism and restoration of old hierarchies.
- b) Social, Political and intellectual currents.
- c) Revolutionary and Radical movements, 1830 -1848

III. Capitalist Industrialization and Social and Economic Transformation (Late 18th century to AD 1914)

- a) Process of capitalist development in industry and agriculture: case studies of Britain, France, the German States and Russia.
- b) Evolution and Differentiation of social classes : Bourgeoisie, proletariat, Land Owning classes and peasantry.
- c) Changing trends in demography and urban patterns
- d) Family, gender and process of industrialization.

IV. Varieties of Nationalism and the Remaking of States in the 19th and 20th centuries.

- a) Intellectual currents, popular movements and the formation of National identities in Germany, Italy, Ireland and the Balkans.
- b) Specifications of economic development, political and administrative Reorganization – Italy; Germany.
- c) Revolutions of 1905; the Bolshevik Revolution of 1917
- d) Programme of Socialist Construction and the Soviet Union during the inter-war period 1918-39.

V. Imperialism, War and Crisis: c.1880 - 1918

- a) Theories and mechanisms of imperialism;
- b) Growth of Militarism;
- c) Power blocks and alliances;
- d) Expansion of European empires
- e) War of 1914 - 1918

VI. Europe between Two World Wars:

- a) Post War Europe: A Diplomatic History
- b) The Great Depression
- c) Rise of Fascism in Italy and Nazism in Germany
- d) The Spanish Civil War
- e) Policy of Appeasement and Russo German Non-Aggression Pact
- f) Origins and Course of the Second World War

Essential Readings

Brennan Gerald, The Spanish Labyrinth: An Account of the Social and Political Background of the Civil War.
Cipolla C.M, Fontana Economic History of Europe, Volume III: The Industrial Revolution
Davies Norman, Europe
Evans J., The Foundations of a Modern State in 19th Century Europe
Hamerow T.S, Restoration, Revolution and Reaction : Economics and Politics in Germany [1815 – 1871]
Hobsbawm, E.J, The Age of Revolution
Hunt Lynn, Politics, Culture and Class in the French Revolution
Joll James, Europe Since 1870
Landes David; Prometheus Unbound
Lefebvre George, Coming of the French Revolution
Lichteim, A Short History of Socialism
Mathias Peter, First Industrial Revolution
Nove, Alec; An Economic History of the USSR
Porter Andrew, European Imperialism, 1876 – 1914
Wood Anthony, History of Europe, 1815 – 1960
Woolf Stuart, History of Italy, 1700 to 1860

Suggested Readings

Barraclough G., An Introduction to Contemporary History
Blanning, T.C.W, The French Revolution: Class War or Culture Clash
Braudel Fernand, History and the Social Science in M. Aymard and Mukhia H. ed., French Studies in History, Vol.I (1989)
Briggs Asa and Clavin Patricia, Modern Europe: 1789 – Present
Calleo D, German Problem Reconsidered
Carr E.H, International Relations between the Two World Wars
Carr E.H, The Bolshevik Revolution (Vol. I, II, III)
Cobban, Alfred, History of Modern France, Volume I – III
Dobb Maurice, Soviet Economic Development since 1917
Doyle, William, Origins of the French Revolution
Droz. Jacques, Europe Between Revolutions
Ellis G., The Napoleonic Empire
Evans, J., The Foundations of a Modern State in 19th Century Europe
Hamerow, T.S, Restoration, Revolution and Reaction : Economics and Politics in Germany (1815 – 1871)
Hanham H.J, Nineteenth Century Constitution, 1815-1914
Hobsbawm, E.J, Age of Capital
Hobsbawm, E.J, Age of Empire

Hobsbawm, E.J, Age of Revolution
 Hobsbawm, E.J, Nation and Nationalism
 Hufton, Olwen, Europe: Privilege and Protest
 Jelavich Charles and Jelavich Barbara, Establishment of the Balkan National States, 1840 – 1920
 Joll James, Europe Since 1870
 Joll James, Origins of the First World War, 1989
 Landes Jaon B., Women and the Public Sphere in the Age of the French Revolution
 Lee Stephen J., Aspects of European History 1789 – 1980
 Licas Colin, The French Revolution and the Making of Modern Political Culture
 Lowenthal David, The Past is a Foreign Country
 Lyon Martin, Napoleon Bonaparte & the Legacy of the French Revolution
 Mansergh Nicholas, The Irish Question, 1840 – 1921
 Morgan K.O, Oxford Illustrated History of Britain, Volume 3 (1789-1983)
 Morgan R.P, German Social Democracy and the First International
 Perrot M. and Duby G. [eds.], A History of Women in the West, Volumes 4 and 5
 Renton Dave, Fascism: Theory and Practice
 Riasanovsky N.V, A History of Russia
 Robert J.M, Europe 1880 to 1985
 Roth J.J (ed), World War I: A Turning Point in Modern History
 Rude, George, Revolutionary Europe
 Schamma Simon , Citizens: A chronicle of the French Revolution
 Soboul Albert, History of the French Revolution (in two Volumes)
 Stone Lawrence, History and the Social Sciences in the twentieth Century, The Past and the Present, 1981
 Taylor A.J.P, Europe: Grandeur and Decline
 Taylor A.J.P, The Course of German History
 Taylor A.J.P, The Origin of the Second World War
 Taylor, A.J.P, The Struggle for Mastery in Europe
 Thompson Dorothy; Chartists: Popular Politics in the Industrial Revolution
 Thompson, E.P, Making of the English Working Class
 Thomson, David, Europe Since Napoleon
 Vovelle Michael, Fall of the French Monarchy, 1984.
 Watson H. Seton, The Russian Empire
 Watson, Seton, The Russian Empire
 Williams Raymond, Culture and Society

□□□□ □□□□□□□□□□□□ □□□□□□□□: □□'□□ □□□□□ □□□□□, □□□□□□□□□□ □□□□□□
 □□□□, □□□□
 □□□□□□□□ □□□□□ □□□□□, □□□□□ □□□□□□, □□□□□□□□□□ □□□□□□ □□□□□, □□□□□□□
 □□□□□□□□ □□□□□ □□□□□, □□□□□□□ □□□□□□, □□□□□□□□□□ □□□□□□ □□□□□, □□□□□□□, □□□□□

பெரிய அளவு, பெரிய அளவு - அது பெரியது, அது அது பெரியது பெரிய அளவு, பெரியது பெரிய

பெரிய அளவு, பெரிய அளவு பெரிய அளவு பெரிய அளவு, அது பெரிய (பெரிய-பெரிய), அது பெரிய (பெரிய-பெரிய) பெரிய அளவு பெரிய அளவு, பெரிய அளவு அளவு அளவு பெரிய அளவு பெரிய அளவு, பெரிய அளவு பெரிய அளவு, பெரிய அளவு, பெரிய அளவு

HIS - MD-CC 8 SEM -6: HISTORY OF INDIA (C.1750s– 1857)

Learning Objectives: This course would engage with the process of transformation of India during the eighteenth century into a colonial power. It would highlight British imperialist expansion in India, together with the setting up of an apparatus of governance of the British Raj, and its impact on the indigenous society and culture. The changes introduced in the rural economy and society, together with trade and industry would also be studied. Finally, the reactions and revolts against the colonial impositions would be addressed as well in this course.

I. India in the mid 18th Century; Society, Economy, Polity

II. Expansion and Consolidation of Colonial Power :

- a) Mercantilism, foreign trade and early forms of exactions from Bengal
- b) Dynamics of expansion, with special reference to Bengal, Mysore, Western India, Awadh, Punjab and Sindh.

III. Colonial State and Ideology:

- a) Arms of the colonial state : army, police, law
- b) Ideologies of the Raj and racial attitudes.
- c) Education : indigenous and modern.

IV. Rural Economy and Society:

- a) Land revenue systems and forest policy
- b) Commercialization and indebtedness
- c) Rural society : change and continuity.
- d) Famines
- e) Pastoral economy and shifting cultivation.

V. Trade and Industry

- a) De industrialization
- b) Trade and fiscal policy
- c) Drain of Wealth
- d) Growth of modern industry

VI. Popular Resistance:

a) Santhal uprising (1857); b) Uprising of 1857

Essential Readings

Bayly C.A, Indian Society and the Making of the British Empire, New Cambridge History of India.

Bhattacharya, Sabyasachi.ed., Rethinking 1857, Delhi, Orient Longman, 2007

Chakravarty Suhash, The Raj Syndrome: A study in Imperial Perceptions, 1989

Chandra Bipan, Rise and Growth of Economic Nationalism in India

Choudhury, Sushil, Prelude to Empire Plassey Revolution of 1757, Delhi: Manohar, 2000

Cohn, B., Colonialism and its Forms of Knowledge, Princeton, New Jersey, Princeton University Press, 2001

Dirks, Nicholas B., Castes of Mind, Princeton, New Jersey, Princeton University Press, 1996

Ghosh Suresh Chandra, The History of Education in Modern India 1757-2012, Delhi, Orient Blackswan, 4th Edition, 2013

Grewal, J.S, The Sikhs of the Punjab, New Cambridge History of India

Guha Ranajit, ed., A Subaltern Studies Reader

Guha, Ranajit, Elementary Aspects of Peasant Insurgency in Colonial India, New Delhi, Oxford University Press, 1983

Kumar Dharma and Raychaudhuri Tapan, eds., The Cambridge Economic History of India, Vol.II

Majumdar, R.C,ed., History and Culture of Indian People, Vols. IX and X, British Paramountcy and Indian Renaissance.

Marshall, P.J, Bengal: The British Bridgehead, New Cambridge History of India

Metcalfe, Thomas, Ideologies of the Raj, Cambridge, Cambridge University Press, 1995

Ray, Rajat K., ed., Entrepreneurship and Industry in India, 1800-1947, Oxford In India Readings.

Sinha, N.K.ed, The history of Bengal 1757-1905, Calcutta, Calcutta University Press, 1967

Stokes, Eric, English Utilitarians and India

Stokes, Eric, The Peasant Armed: The Indian Rebellion of 1857, ed. Bayly, C.A, New Delhi, Oxford University Press, 1986

Suggested Readings

Arnold David and Guha Ramchandra , eds., Nature, Culture and Imperialism

Bagchi, Amiya, Private Investment in India

Chandra Bipan, Panikkar, K.K, Mukherjee Mridula, Mahajan Sucheta and Mukherjee Aditya, India's Struggles for Independence.

Dadabhai Naroji, Poverty and Un-British Rule in India.

Desai, A.R, Peasant Struggles in India

Dutt, R.P, India today
Fisher, M.J, ed., Politics of Annexation (Oxford in India Readings).
Guha Ranajit, Elementary Aspects of Peasant Insurgency in Colonial India(1983)
Krishnamurti, J., Women in Colonial India.

.....

Skill Enhancement Courses (SEC) 4 Credits.

HIS-SEC-1: SEM -1 Repositories of History: Museum and Archives

Learning Objective:

This course introduces students to the institutions that house and maintain documentary, visual and material remains of the past. Museums and archives are among the most important such repositories and this course explains their significance and how they work. Students will be encouraged to undertake collection, documentation and exhibition of such materials in their localities and colleges. Visit to National Archives and National Museum are an integral part of the course.

I. Definition and history of development (with special reference to India)

II. Types of archives and museums: Understanding the traditions of preservation in India Collection policies, ethics and procedures Collection: field exploration, excavation, purchase, gift and bequests, loans and deposits, exchanges, treasure trove confiscation and others. Documentation: accessioning,



indexing, cataloguing, digital documentation and de-accessioning Preservation: curatorial care, preventive conservation, chemical preservation and restoration

III. Museum Presentation and Exhibition:

IV. IV. Museums, Archives and Society: (Education and communication

Outreach activities

Essential Readings:

Agrawal, O.P., Essentials of Conservation and Museology, Sundeep Prakashan, New Delhi, India, 2007.

Choudhary, R.D. Museums of India and their maladies. Calcutta: Agam Kala Prakashan, New Delhi, 1998(In Bengali).

Guha, Thakurta, Tapati, Monuments, Objects, Histories: Institution of Art in Colonial Post Colonial India, New York, 2004

Kathpalia, Y. P. Conservation and Restoration of Archive Materials. UNESCO, 1973
Mathur Saloni, India by Design: Colonial History and Cultural Display, University of California, 2007

Nair, S.M. Bio-Deterioration of Museum Materials.2011

Roychowdhury, Madhuparna. Displaying India's Heritage : Archaeology and the Museum Movement in Colonial India. Delhi: Orient Blackswan 2015

Sengupta, S. Experiencing History Through Archives. Delhi: Munshiram Manoharlal.2004.

NEP SYLLABUS
IN
ISLAMIC HISTORY AND CULTURE
CALCUTTA UNIVERSITY
2023

The Four-Year B.A. in Islamic History and Culture will comprise 8 Semesters. The curriculum will consist of 22 Discipline Specific Elective (DSE) Core Courses/ (H/CC), courses each carrying 4 credits, 8 Minor Courses each carrying 4 credits, 3 Interdisciplinary/ Courses, (IDC) each carrying 3 credits 4 Ability Enhancement Compulsory Courses (AEC) each carrying 2 credits, 3 Skill Enhancement Courses (SEC) each carrying 4 credits and 4 Common Value Added Courses (CVAC) each carrying 2 credits. There will be one Summer Internship of 3 credits and Dissertation /Research Work in the 7 Semester carrying 4 credits and 8 credits in the final Semester (8th)

Discipline- Specific Core Courses DSE CC

(22 courses; Each course: 4 credits (Total: 88 credits. Marks 22x100 =2200)

- Each course carries 100 marks.
- 75 marks for theoretical segment.
- 25 marks for tutorial-related segments as suggested below (any one from each mode)
- Any one of the following modes: up to 1000 words for one Term Paper/ Project/ Book Review/ --based on syllabus. [The modes and themes and/or topics are be decided by the concerned faculty of respective colleges.]

Minor 8 Courses

(Each 4 credits (Total: 32 credits. Marks 8x100=800)

- Each course carries 100 marks.
- 75 marks for theoretical segment.
- 25 marks for tutorial - related segments as suggested below (any one from each mode):

- Any one of the following modes: upto 1000 words for one Term Paper/ Project/ Book Review/ based on syllabus. [The modes and themes and/or topics are be decided by the concerned faculty of respective colleges.]

- **Skill Enhancement/Skill-Based Courses (SEC)**

- Each Course: 4 credits. (100 marks 3x100=300)
- Each course carries 100 marks.
- 50 marks for theoretical segment.
- 50 marks for tutorial - related segments as suggested below (any one from each mode):
- Any one of the following modes: upto 1000 words each for two Term Papers/ Projects/ Book Reviews/ --based on syllabus. [The modes and themes and/or topics are be decided and assessed by the concerned faculty of respective colleges.]

- **IMPORTANT NOTES**

The Readings provided below include many of those of the UGC Model NEP Syllabus in Islamic History and Culture. For further details of Course Objectives and additional references it is advised that the UGC model NEP syllabus concerning relevant courses and topics should be given due importance and primarily consulted.

- Cited advanced texts in Bengali are not necessarily substitutes, but supplementary to the English books.
 - The format is subject to the common structural NEP format of the University.
-

Structure of B.A Islamic History and Culture Courses under NEP IHC-DSCC -Sl. No-1-22

(Theoretical & Tutorial)

	H	Minor Course	IDC	AEC	SEC	CVAC	Summer Internship	Research Work/ Dissertation	Total Credits
Semesters	22x 4=88	8x4=32	3x3=9	4x2=8	3x4=12	4x2=8	1x3=3	(1x4=4)+ (1x8=8)=12	172
Semester-1	1x4= 4 3Th+1Tu/ Prac	1x4= 4 (m1) 3Th+1Tu/ Prac	1x3= 3 2TH +I P/TU	1x2= 2 2TH+ 0 P/TU	1x4= 4 2Th+2Tu/ Prac	2x2			21
Semester-2	1x4= 4 3Th+1Tu/ Prac	1x4= 4 (m1) 3Th+1Tu/ Prac	1x3= 3 2TH +I P/TU	1x2= 2 2TH+ 0 P/TU	1x4= 4 2Th+2Tu/ Prac	2x2			21
Semester-3	2x4= 8 3Th+1Tu/ Prac	1x4= 4(m2) 3Th+1Tu/ Prac	1x3= 3 2TH +I P/TU	1x2= 2 2TH+ 0P/TU	1x4= 4 2Th+2Tu/ Prac				21
Semester-4	4x4= 16 3Th+1Tu/ Prac	1x4= 4(m2) 3Th+1Tu/ Prac		1x2= 2 2TH+ 0 P/TU					22
Semester-5	4x4= 16 3Th+1Tu/ Prac	2x4= 8 m1+m2 3Th+1Tu/ Prac							24
Semester-6	3x4= 12 3Th+1Tu/ Prac	2x4= 8 m1+m2 3Th+1Tu/ Prac					1x3		23
Semester-7	4x4= 16 3Th+1Tu/ Prac							1x4*	20
Semester-8	3x4= 12 3Th+1Tu/ Prac							1x8*	20
Credits	22x4= 88	8x4= 32	3x3= 9	4x2= 8	3x4= 12	4x2= 8	1x3=3	(1x4)+ (1x8)=12	172
Marks	22x100=2200	8x100=800	3x75=225	4x50=200	3x100=300	4x50=200	1x 75	1x100+ 1x200=300	Total Marks =4300

Discipline- Specific Core Courses

- IHC-H-CC 1 **SEM -1:** History of Pre-Islamic Arabia to Prophet Muhammad (SAW) (632 AD)
- IHC--H-CC 2 **SEM- 2:** History of Pious Caliphate (632- 661AD)
- IHC--H-CC 3 **SEM- 3:** History of Umayyad Dynasties (661-1025AD)
- IHC--H-CC 4 **SEM- 3:** History of Abbasid Dynasty (756-1258AD)
- IHC--H-CC 5 **SEM- 4:** History of Medieval Europe (800 -1453AD)
- IHC--H-CC 6 **SEM- 4:** History of Modern Europe (1780-1939AD)
- IHC--H-CC 7 **SEM- 4:** History of India (C600-1526AD)
- IHC--H-CC 8 **SEM- 4:** History of India (1526-1707AD)
- IHC--H-CC 9 **SEM- 5:** Bhakti Movements and Sufism in Medieval India
- IHC--H-CC 10 **SEM- 5 :** Major Debates in Medieval Indian History
- IHC--H-CC 11 **SEM- 5:** History of Bengal (1204-1576AD)
- IHC--H-CC 12 **SEM- 5:** History of Bengal (1576 -1765AD)
- IHC--H-CC 13 **SEM- 6:** Regional Dynasties in India (1707-1857AD)
- IHC--H-CC 14 **SEM- 6 :** History of India (1857-1905AD)
- IHC--H-CC 15 **SEM- 6:** History of India (1906-1947AD)
- IHC--H-CC 16 **SEM: 7:** History of Bengal (1765-1905AD)
- IHC--H-CC r 17 **SEM-7:** History of Bengal (1906-1947AD)
- IHC--H-18 **SEM-7 :** History of Medieval Indian Painting and Architecture (13th to 18th Century)
- IHC--H-CC 19 **SEM -7:** History of Ottoman Empire (1299-1922AD)
- ** IHC--H-CC 20 **SEM -7:** History of Safavid Dynasty (1501-1736AD)
- IHC--H-CC 21 **SEM - 8 :** Impact of Islam on Bengali and Urdu language and Literature
- IHC--H-CC 22 **SEM - 8 :** Islamic Thought and Jurisprudence
- ** IHC--H-CC 23 **SEM- 8:** Understanding the Popular Culture
- IHC--H-CC 24 **SEM - 8 :** Historiography, Methodology and tools of Historical Research
- ** IHC--H-CC 25 **SEM- 8 :** Some Aspects of Elementary Islam

Please note: *Candidates who would not pursue Dissertation/Research work would have to study 1 additional H CC paper in Semester 7 and 2 H CC papers in Semester 8 of 4 credits each. These courses are indicated in asterisk marks **

MINOR COURSES m1 m2

IHC-m1- 1 SEM -1: History of Pre-Islamic Arabia to Prophet Muhammad (SAW) (632 AD)

IHC-m1 2 SEM- 2: History of Pious Caliphate (632- 661AD)

IHC-m1 3 SEM- 3: History of Umayyad Dynasties (661-1025AD)

IHC-m14 SEM- 3: History of Abbasid Dynasty (756-1258AD)

INTER DISCIPLINARY/ COURSES (IDC)

IHC-IDC-1: Understanding the Indian Heritage

SKILL ENHANCEMENT COURSES (SEC)

IHC-SEC-1: SEM -1 Museum and Archives

IHC-SEC -2: SEM -2 Understanding Cultural Heritages and Tourism

IHC-SEC 3: SEM – 3 Understanding Popular Culture of Bengal

DETAILED SYLLABUS OF ISLAMIC HISTORY AND CULTURE

IHC-H -CC

IHC--H-CC1 : HISTORY OF PRE-ISLAMIC ARABIA TO PROPHET MUHAMMAD (SAW) (632 AD)

Course Objective - The paper introduces students to the classical Islam. It begins with the pre-Islamic Arabia and rise of Islam. The course critically analyses the society and economy in the age of Prophet. The learners will be able to comprehend the geography of Arab Peninsula. They will understand the various social and economic changes under the leadership of Prophet Muhammad.

UNIT-I

Pre-Islamic Arabia

- a. Arabia on the Eve of the Rise of Islam
- b. Geographical Position of Arabia- Important Provinces and Towns
- c. Tribal organization- Social and economic conditions- Religious beliefs.

UNIT-II

Advent of Islam

- a. Age of Prophet Muhammad (570-632)
- b. Makkan Life of the Prophet: Family Background and Early Life
- c. Dawn of Prophethood
- d. Hostile Reaction of the Makkan, Emigration to Abyssinia,
- e. Pledges of Aqabah
- f. Hijrat: Causes and significance

UNIT III

The Prophet at Madina

- a. Major Battles- Treaty of Hudaibiyah
- b. Conquest of Makkah
- c. Prophet as Reformer and Leader

UNIT IV

The Expansion of Islam

- a. Foundation of the Republic of Madina
- b. Constitution of Madina
- c. Relations with the Jews and Christians
- d. Administration under the Prophet
- e. Sources of Revenue; *jaziya, kharaj, khums, zakat.*

Reading List:

Brockelmann, C., History of Islamic Peoples, London, reprint, 1979..

Hitti, PK, History of the Arabs, London, 1961.

Watt, W. Montgomery, Mohammad, Prophet and Statesman, Oxford University Press, 1961

Rodinson, Maxim, Muhammad, London, 1981.

Gebralli, Muhammad and the Conquest of Islam

Watt, W. Montgomery, Muhammad at Makkah, Oxford University Press, 1979.

Lings, Martin, Muhammad His Life Based on the Earliest Sources, London, 1988.

Margoliouth, D.S., Muhammad & the of Islam, Delhi, 1985.

Husaini, S.A. Q, The Arab Administration, New Delhi, 1976.

Well, Gastav , History of Islamic People, Delhi, 1983.

Subhan, Abdus, Islamic History 600-750, CUP, 1971

Goldziher, Ignaz, Muslim Studies (Vol.I), ed. S.M. Stern, London, 1971.

Hameedullah, M., Introduction to Islam, Paris 1959.

Bernard, Lewis , The Arabs in History, London 1960.

Numani, Shibli, Sirat-un-Nabi (The Life of the Prophet), Eng. Tran. By M. Tayyab Bakhsh

Badayuni, Vol. I,II, Delhi, 1979

Siddiqui, M., Organisation of Government under the Prophet, Delhi, 1987.

Husain, S. Athar Prophet Muhammad and His Mission, Lucknow, 1967.

Nadvi, Abul Hasan Ali Muhammad, Rasulallah, the Apostle of Mercy, Translated by Mohiuddin Ahmad, Lucknow, 1982.

F Robinson, Chase (ed), The Formation of the Islamic World Sixth to Eleventh Centuries, The New Cambridge History of Islam, Vol I, Cambridge University Press, 2011.

Ali, K.A, A Study of Islamic History, Delhi, 1980

Ali, Syed Ameer A Short History of the Saracens, London, 1916

Ali, Syed Ameer, The Life and Teaching of Muhammad, Calcutta, 1902.

Irfan, Faqih, Glimpses of Islamic History, Lahore, 1979

Giullame, A., The Life of Muhammad, London, 1978

□□□□□□, □□□□□□ □□□□□□□□□□, □□□□□, □□□□□

□□□□□□□, □□□□□□ □□□, □□□□□□□□, □□□□□

□□□□ □□□□□, □□□□□□□□ □□□□□□□, □□□□□□□□, □□□□□

IHC-H-CC

IHC--H-CC -2 : HISTORY OF PIOUS CALIPHATE (630-661AD)

Course Objective- This course aims to introduce the students to the significant developments of Islam in Arab world. The dynamic leadership of the Pious Caliphs brought historical changes in every aspects of the human life. The transition from pastoral life to Islamic bondages in the Arab polity, society, economy and culture had been distinctly noticed due to the introduction of new pattern of administrations by the pious caliphs. The chapter concentrates on the nature of Islamic state in Arabia.

UNIT -1

The Pious Caliphs

- a. Concept of Caliphate/Khilafat
- b. Life and Achievements of Hazrat Abu Baker
- c. Life and Achievements of Hazrat Umar
- d. Life and Achievements of Hazrat Usman
- e. Life and Achievements of Hazrat Ali

UNIT- II

Administration under pious Caliphs

- a. Election of the Caliphs
- b. Revenue Administration *Baytul Mal*
- c. Central and Provincial Administration
- d. Army Administration

UNIT- III

Society, Economy and Culture

- a. Nature of the General Administration
- b. Society and Culture
- c. Position of the *Dhimmis*
- d. Trade and Commerce

UNIT-IV

The Caliphate

- a. The Nature of Caliphate
- b. The Khalifa, The Shura
- c. The Secretariat
- d. Taxation under the Caliphs
- e. *Zakat, Jizya, Kharaj, Khums, Ushr, Al-fay', Ushur.*

Reading List:

- Ali, K, A , Study of Islamic History, Delhi, 1980
- Ali, K.A, A Study of Islamic History, Delhi, 1980
- Ali, Syed Ameer, A Short History of the Saracens, London, 1916
- Ali, Syed Ameer, The Spirit of Islam, Calcutta, 1902
- Hitti, P.K, History of Arabs, Macmillan, 1937
- Faqih, Irfan, Glimpses of Islamic History, Lahore, 1979
- Hamidullah,M, Introduction to Islam, 1959
- Hasan, Masudul, History of Islam Vol-I, II, New Delhi, 2004

Haykal, The Life of Muhammad, Delhi, 1991
 Hossain, S. Athar, The Glorious Caliphate,
 Hussaini, S.A.Q, , Arab Administration, Lahore, 1957
 Imamuddin, S.M, Arab Muslim Administration (622-1258), New Delhi, 1984
 Nabi, Gholam, Khilafat in Theory and Practice, New Delhi, 2008
 Shah M Nadwi, Tarikh e Islam, Azamgarh, 1939
 Bernard, Lewis, The Arab in History, Oxford University Press, 1950
 Shubhan, M.A. Islamic History: A New Interpretation, 1971
 Juji Zaidan, History of Islamic civilization,

MINOR COURSE m1

Paper- 1- History of Pre-Islamic Arabia to Prophet Muhammad (SAW) (632 AD) (m1)

Same as DSCC Paper -1 SEM-1

Paper- 2 History of Pious Caliphate (632- 661AD) (m1) Same as DSCC Paper -2 SEM-2

Paper 3 : History of Umayyad Dynasties (661-1025AD) (m1) Same as DSCC -3 SEM- 3

Paper 4: History of Abbasid Dynasty (756-1258AD) (m1) Same as DSCC -4 SEM- 3

INTER DISCIPLINARY COURSE (IDC): 3 CREDITS

IHC- IDC-1: UNDERSTANDING THE INDIAN HERITAGE

Course Objective -This course will enable students to understand the different facets of heritage and their significance. It highlights the legal and institutional frameworks for heritage protection in India as also the challenges facing it. The implications of the rapidly changing interface between heritage and history will also be examined. The course will be strongly project-based and will require visits to sites and monuments. At least two Projects will be based on visits to Museums/Heritage Sites.

I. Defining Heritage

Meaning of ‘antiquity’, ‘archaeological site’, ‘tangible heritage’, ‘Intangible heritage’ and ‘art treasure’

II. Evolution of Heritage Legislation and the Institutional

Framework:

Conventions and Acts— national and international Heritage-related government departments, museums, regulatory bodies etc. Conservation Initiatives

III. Challenges facing Tangible and Intangible Heritage

Development, antiquity smuggling, conflict (to be examined through Specific case studies)

IV. Evolution of Heritage Legislation and the Institutional

Framework:

Conventions and Acts— national and international Heritage-related government departments, museums, regulatory bodies etc. Conservation Initiatives

V. Challenges facing Tangible and Intangible Heritage:

Development, antiquity smuggling, conflict (to be examined through specific case studies)

VI. Heritage and Travel:

Viewing Heritage Sites - The relationship between cultural heritage, Landscape and travel recent trends

Reading Lists

David Lowenthal, *Possessed By The Past: The Heritage Crusade and The Spoils of History*, Cambridge, 2010

Layton, R. P. Stone and J. Thomas. *Destruction and Conservation of Cultural Property*, London: Rutledge, 2001

Lahiri, N., *Marshaling the Past - Ancient India and its Modern Histories*. Ranikhet: Permanent Black 2012. Chapters 4 and 5.

S.S. Biswas, Protecting the Cultural Heritage (National Legislations and International Conventions). New Delhi: INTACH, 1999.

Acts, Charters and Conventions are available on the UNESCO and ASI websites (www.unesco.org; www.asi.nic.in)

Agrawal, O.P., Essentials of Conservation and Museology, Delhi, 2006

Chainani, S. 2007. Heritage and Environment. Mumbai: Urban Design Research Institute, 2007

SKILL ENHANCEMENT COURSES: 4 CREDITS

IHC-SEC-1: MUSEUM AND ARCHIVES

Course Objective- This course introduces students to the institutions that house and maintain documentary, visual and material remains of the past. Museums and archives are among the most important such repositories and this course explains their significance and how they work. Students will be encouraged to undertake collection, documentation and exhibition of such materials in their localities and colleges. Visit to National Archives and National Museum are an integral part of the course.

I. Definition and history of development (with special reference to India)

II. Types of archives and museums: Understanding the traditions of preservation in India
Collection policies, ethics and procedures
Collection: field exploration, excavation, purchase, gift and bequests, loans and deposits, exchanges, treasure trove confiscation and others.
Documentation: accessioning, indexing, cataloguing, digital documentation and de-accessioning
Preservation: curatorial care, preventive conservation, chemical preservation and restoration

III. Museum Presentation and Exhibition:

IV. Museums, Archives and Society: (Education and communication Outreach activities)

Essential Readings:

Agrawal, O.P., Essentials of Conservation and Museology, Sundeep Prakashan, New Delhi, India, 2007.

Choudhary, R.D. Museums of India and their maladies, Calcutta: Agam Kala Prakashan, New Delhi, 1998 (In Bengali).

Guha, Thakurta, Tapati, Monuments, Objects, Histories: Institution of Art in Colonial Post-Colonial India, New York, 2004

Kathpalia, Y. P. Conservation and Restoration of Archive Materials, UNESCO, 1973

Mathur Saloni, India by Design: Colonial History and Cultural Display, University of California, 2007

Nair, S.M. Bio-Deterioration of Museum Materials. 2011

Roychowdhury, Madhuparna. Displaying India's Heritage : Archaeology and the Museum Movement in Colonial India. Delhi: Orient Blackswan 2015

Sengupta, S. Experiencing History Through Archives. Delhi: Munshiram Manoharlal. 2004.

SKILL ENHANCEMENT COURSE

IHC-SEC 2-UNDERSTANDING CULTURAL HERITAGE AND TOURISM

Course objectives- This course will enable students to explore the various aspects of cultural heritage and cultural diversity in historical perspective that discusses numerous cultural practices that have evolved over centuries. It will also address the questions of legalities and institutional frameworks for heritage, and finally deal with the issue of heritage tourism.

UNIT I Indian Cultural Heritage: An Introduction

- I. Meaning, Definition and Historical background of Cultural Heritage
- II. Concepts, Characteristics types of Indian Cultural Heritage: Tangible, intangible Oral and Living traditions.

UNIT II : Evolution of Heritage Legislation and the Institutional framework: Conventions and Acts— national Heritage-related government departments, Museums, regulatory bodies etc Conservation Initiatives.

UNIT III : Fairs Festivals, Rituals: Ethnic Indian Cultural Construct

- a) Significance, concepts, historical background of fairs, festivals, rituals and their importance in Human life and their general Introduction of social, cultural and religious culture of India.
- b) Festivals: Regional, Folk, Tribal, National; Some major festivals of India.

UNIT IV: Heritage and tourism: Tours to Heritage Sites, The relationship with cultural heritage.

Reading Lists

- David Lowenthal, *Possessed By The Past: The Heritage Crusade and The Spoils of History*, Cambridge, 2010
- Layton, R. P. Stone and J. Thomas. *Destruction and Conservation of Cultural Property*. London: Rutledge, 2001

SKILL ENHANCEMENT COURSES

IHC-SEC 3- UNDERSTANDING POPULAR CULTURE OF BENGAL

Course Objective - This paper seeks to provide an opportunity to the students to explore the various facets of popular culture within their region in different genres such as the performing arts, audio-visual entertainments that would provide them a better understanding of the cultural diversity of Bengal.

Unit I

- (i) Defining Popular Culture
- (ii) Approaches to the study of Popular Culture

Unit II

Performance :

- (i) Jatra as a popular medium of performing art
- (i) Dance - Folk dances of Bengal-Gambhira, Santhali ,Chhau.
- (ii) Music – Folk songs of Bengal –Baul,Palligiti, Bhatiali,Lalon geet.

Unit III

Audio- Visual :

- (i) Cinema –Some award winning Bengali films of– Satyajit Ray, Mrinal Sen, Ritwik Ghatak, Aparna Sen
- (ii) Role of Television and documentary films in promoting popular culture.
- (iii) Digital Photography .

Unit IV

Popular culture and Digital Art:

- (i) Impact of the Internet and social media on popular culture

Suggested Readings:

John Storey, Cultural Theory and Popular Culture ,Pearson,2001

W. Dissayanayake and K.M.Gokul Singh ,Popular Culture in a Globalised India,
Trentham,2019

V.Lal,Ashis Nandy, Fingerprinting Popular Culture:The Myth and the Iconic in Indian
Cinema,Oxford ,2006

A.Rajadhyaksha and P.Willemen, Encylopaedia of Indian Cinema,Routledge 2012.

A.Deshpande,Class,Power and Consciousness in Indian Cinema and Television, Primus,2014

Mira K. Desai ed., Regional Language Television in India Profiles and Perspectives
Routledge,2022

Blain Brown,The Basics of Filmmaking, Routledge, 2020

Darius Cooper, The Cinema of Satyajit Ray Between Tradition and Modernity,
Cambridge,2000

Sumanta Banerjee, The Parlour and the Street – Elite and Popular Culture in Nineteenth
Century Calcutta. Kolkata: Seagull Books, 2019

THREE YEAR B.A.

MULTIDISCIPLINARY

COURSES OF STUDIES

IN ISLAMIC HISTORY
AND CULTURE

2023

Three Years Multi-Disciplinary Courses of Studies in Islamic History and Culture

The Three -year B.A. Course in Multi Disciplinary courses of Studies will comprise 6 Semesters. The curriculum will consist of 8x2 Core Course (CC) of 4 credits each: i.e., Courses, to be compulsorily studied by a student as the requirement of Core subjects.

One Minor: A subject to be studied by the student with lesser number of courses than the two core subjects. Total number of courses for minor will be 6. of 4 credits each.

4 Ability Enhancement Compulsory Courses (AEC) each carrying 2 credits,

3 Skill Enhancement Courses (SEC) each carrying 4 credits (each discipline will contribute one Course) and

4 Common Value Added Courses (CVAC) each carrying 2 credits.

There will be one Summer Internship of 3 credits. Each course will be of 100 Marks.

Course Structure – MDC

	CC1	CC2	Minor	IDC	AEC	SEC	CVAC	Summer Internship	Total Credit
Semester	8x4= 32	8x4= 32	6x4= 24	3x3=9	4x2= 8	3x4=12	4x2=8	1x3= 3	125
1	1x4= 4 3TH+ 1P/TU	1x4= 4 3TH+ 1P/TU		1x3=3 2TH +1P/TU	1x2= 2 2TH +0P/TU	1x4= 4	2x2=4		21
2	1x4= 4 3TH+ 1P/TU	1x4= 4 3TH+ 1P/TU		1x3=3 2TH +1P/TU	1x2= 2 2TH +0P/TU	1x4= 4	2x2=4		21
3	1x4= 4 (3TH+ 1P/TU)	1x4= 4 3TH+ 1P/TU	1x4= 4 3TH+1P/TU	1x3=3 2TH +1P/TU	1x2= 2 2TH +0P/TU	1x4= 4			21
4	2x4=8 4x(3TH+ 1P/TU)	2x4= 8 2x(3TH+ 1P/TU)	1x4= 4 (3TH+1P/TU)		1x2= 2 2TH +0P/TU				22
5	2x4= 8 2x(3TH+ 1P/TU)	1x4= 4 3TH+ 1P/TU	2x4= 8 2x(3TH+ 1P/TU)						20
6	1x4= 4 (3TH+ 1P/TU)	2x4= 8 2x(3TH+ 1P/TU)	2x4= 8 2x(3TH+ 1P/TU)						20
Credits	8x4= 32	8x4= 32	6x4= 24	3x3= 9	4x2= 8	3x4= 12	4x2= 8		125+3=128
Marks	8x100= 800	8x100= 800	6x100= 600	3x75= 225	4x50= 200	3x100= 300	4x50= 200		Total Marks =3200

Multi-Disciplinary Courses in Islamic History and Culture

Each Course: 4 Credits

IHC-- MD- CC1 SEM -1: History of Pre-Islamic Arabia to Prophet Muhammad (SAW) (632 AD)

IHC-- MD-CC 2 SEM- 2: History of Pious Caliphate (632- 661AD)

IHC -- MD-CC 3 SEM- 3: History of Umayyad Dynasties (661-1025AD)

IHC -- MD-CC4 SEM- 3: History of Abbasid Dynasty (756-1258AD)

IHC-- MD-CC 5 SEM- 4: History of India (C600-1526AD)

IHC-- MD-CC 6 SEM- 4: History of India (1526-1707AD)

IHC-- MD-CC7 SEM- 6: History of India (1857-1905AD)

IHC-- MD-CC 8 SEM- 6: History of India (1906-1947AD)

****Courses from- MD- CC-1 to - MD-CC-8 are to be offered in the chronological order**

Detailed Syllabus for Multi-Disciplinary Courses

Department of Islamic History and Culture

IHC-- MD-CC- 1: HISTORY OF PRE- ISLAMIC ARABIA TO PROPHET MUHAMMAD (SAW) (632 AD)

Course Objective - The paper introduces students to the classical Islam. It begins with the pre-Islamic Arabia and rise of Islam. The course critically analyses the society and economy in the age of Prophet. The learners will be able to comprehend the geography of Arab Peninsula. They will understand the various social and economic changes under the leadership of Prophet Muhammad.

UNIT-I

Pre-Islamic Arabia

- a. Arabia on the Eve of the Rise of Islam
- b. Geographical Position of Arabia- Important Provinces and Towns
- c. Tribal organization- Social and economic conditions- Religious beliefs.

UNIT-II

Advent of Islam

- a. Age of Prophet Muhammad (570-632)
- b. Makkan Life of the Prophet: Family Background and Early Life
- c. Dawn of Prophethood
- d. Hostile Reaction of the Makkan, Emigration to Abyssinia,
- e. Pledges of Aqabah
- f. Hijrat: Causes and significance

UNIT III

The Prophet at Madina

- a. Major Battles- Treaty of Hudaibiyah
- b. Conquest of Makkah
- c. Prophet as Reformer and Leader

UNIT IV

The Expansion of Islam

- a. Foundation of the Republic of Madina
- b. Constitution of Madina
- c. Relations with the Jews and Christians
- d. Administration under the Prophet
- e. Sources of Revenue; *jaziya, kharaj, khums, zakat*.

Reading List:

Brockelmann, C., History of Islamic Peoples, London, reprint, 1979..

Hitti, PK, History of the Arabs, London, 1961.

- Watt, W. Montgomery, Mohammad, Prophet and Statesman, Oxford University Press, 1961
- Rodinson, Maxim, Muhammad, London, 1981.
- Gebralli, Muhammad and the Conquest of Islam
- Watt, W. Montgomery, Muhammad at Makkah, Oxford University Press, 1979.
- Lings, Martin, Muhammad His Life Based on the Earliest Sources, London, 1988.
- Margoliouth, D.S., Muhammad & the of Islam, Delhi, 1985.
- Husaini, S.A. Q, The Arab Administration, New Delhi, 1976.
- Well, Gastav , History of Islamic People, Delhi, 1983.
- Subhan, Abdus, Islamic History 600-750, CUP, 1971
- Goldziher, Ignaz, Muslim Studies (Vol.I), ed. S.M. Stern, London, 1971.
- Hameedullah, M., Introduction to Islam, Paris 1959.
- Bernard, Lewis , The Arabs in History, London 1960.
- Numani, Shibli, Sirat-un-Nabi (The Life of the Prophet), Eng. Tran. By M. Tayyab Bakhsh Badayuni, Vol. I,II, Delhi, 1979
- Siddiqui, M., Organisation of Government under the Prophet, Delhi, 1987.
- Husain, S. Athar Prophet Muhammad and His Mission, Lucknow, 1967.
- Nadvi, Abul Hasan Ali Muhammad, Rasulallah, the Apostle of Mercy, Translated by Mohiuddin Ahmad, Lucknow, 1982.
- F Robinson, Chase (ed), The Formation of the Islamic World Sixth to Eleventh Centuries, The New Cambridge History of Islam, Vol I, Cambridge University Press, 2011.
- Ali, K.A, A Study of Islamic History, Delhi, 1980
- Ali,, Syed Ameer A Short History of the Saracens, London, 1916
- Ali,, Syed Ameer, The Life and Teaching of Muhammad, Calcutta, 1902.
- Irfan, Faqih, Glimpses of Islamic History, Lahore, 1979
- Giullame, A., The Life of Muhammad, London, 1978
- , □□□□□ □□□□□□□□, □□□□, □□□□
- , □□□□□ □□□, □□□□□□□, □□□□
- □□□□, □□□□□□ □□□□□□, □□□□□□□, □□□□

Course Objective- This course aims to introduce the students to the significant developments of Islam in Arab world. The dynamic leadership of the Pious Caliphs brought historical changes in every aspects of the human life. The transition from pastoral life to Islamic bondages in the Arab polity, society, economy and culture had been distinctly noticed due to the introduction of new pattern of administrations by the pious caliphs. The chapter concentrates on the nature of Islamic state in Arabia.

UNIT -1

The Pious Caliphs

- a. Concept of Caliphate/Khilafat
- b. Life and Achievements of Hazrat Abu Baker
- c. Life and Achievements of Hazrat Umar
- d. Life and Achievements of Hazrat Usman
- e. Life and Achievements of Hazrat Ali

UNIT- II

Administration under pious Caliphs

- a. Election of the Caliphs
- b. Revenue Administration *Baytul Mal*
- c. Central and Provincial Administration
- d. Army Administration

UNIT- III

Society, Economy and Culture

- a. Nature of the General Administration
- b. Society and Culture
- c. Position of the *Dhimmis*
- d. Trade and Commerce

UNIT-IV

The Caliphate

- a. The Nature of Caliphate
- b. The Khalifa, The Shura
- c. The Secretariat
- d. Taxation under the Caliphs
- e. *Zakat, Jizya, Kharaj, Khums, Ushr, Al-fay', Ushur.*

Reading List:

- Ali, K, A , Study of Islamic History, Delhi, 1980
- Ali, K.A, A Study of Islamic History, Delhi, 1980
- Ali, Syed Ameer, A Short History of the Saracens, London, 1916
- Ali, Syed Ameer, The Spirit of Islam, Calcutta, 1902
- Hitti, P.K, History of Arabs, Macmillan, 1937
- Faqih, Irfan, Glimpses of Islamic History, Lahore, 1979
- Hamidullah,M, Introduction to Islam, 1959
- Hasan, Masudul, History of Islam Vol-I, II, New Delhi, 2004
- Haykal, The Life of Muhammad, Delhi, 1991
- Hossain, S. Athar, The Glorious Caliphate,
- Hussaini, S.A.Q, , Arab Administration, Lahore, 1957
- Imamuddin, S.M, Arab Muslim Administration (622-1258), New Delhi, 1984
- Nabi, Gholam, Khilafat in Theory and Practice, New Delhi, 2008
- Shah M Nadwi, Tarikh e Islam, Azamgarh, 1939
- Bernard, Lewis, The Arab in History, Oxford University Press, 1950
- Shubhan, M.A. Islamic History: A New Interpretation, 1971
- Juji Zaidan, History of Islamic civilization,

Course Objective - The curriculum will introduce to the students to the semi-monarchical Islamic dynasty; though they called themselves as the Caliphs of Islam. However, they brought several changes in administration and policies for spreading Islam outside of Arabia. They were pioneer for introducing Islamic coins and application of vowels in Arabic language and literature. The Umayyads established their dynasty in Spain and ruled there almost 300 years. The Muslim rulers in Spain were famous for urbanization and architecture.

UNIT I

ESTABLISHMENT OF UMAYYAD RULE: 661 – 750

- I. Life and Achievements of Ameer Muawiah: as founder of Umayyad rule
- II. The Incident of Karbala
- III. Abdul Malik: Life and Achievements
- IV. Al Walid I: Life and Achievements
- V. Expansion of the Muslim rule - Umar Bin Abdul Aziz: Life and Contribution.

UNIT II

SOCIO-ECONOMIC CONDITION

- I. Society and Economy
- II. Position of Mawali, Zimmis
- III. Women And Slave
- IV. Fall of the dynasty

UNIT III

ADMINISTRATION

- I. Central And Provincial Administration
- II. Special Feature of The Government
- III. Revenue Administration
- IV. Army & Navy

UNIT IV

CULTURAL DEVELOPMENT

- I. Art & Architecture
- II. Education

UNIT V

FOUNDATION OF MUSLIM RULE IN SPAIN

- I. Socio-Political and Economic conditions of Spain on the eve of Muslim conquest
- II. Muslim Rule in Spain
- III. Role of Musa Bin Nusayr and Tarique Bin Ziyad

UNIT VI

ESTABLISHMENT OF UMAYYAD RULE (2ND PHASE)

- I. Abdul Rahman I as Founder
- II. Abdul Rahman II
- III. Abdul Rahman III
- IV. Hakam II and Hajib Al Mansur

UNIT VII

SOCIETY AND ADMINISTRATION

- I. Social Structure
- II. Economic Conditions
- III. Civil and Military Administration

UNIT VIII

INTELLECTUAL AND ARTISTIC ACTIVITIES

- I. Scientific Literary and Academic Progress
- II. Arts, Music, Painting – Calligraphy
- III. Spanish Architecture
- IV. Mosque of Cordova, Madina-Al- Zahra & Al-Hambra
- V. Muslim demography

Reading Lists

- Ali, K, *A Study of Islamic History, Delhi, 1980*
- Ali, Syed Ameer, *A Short History of the Saracens, London, 1916*
- Ali, Syed Ameer, *The Life and Teaching of Muhammad, Calcutta, 1931*
- Hitti, P.K, *History of Arabs, Macmillan, 1937*
- Faqih, Irfan, *Glimpses of Islamic History, Lahore, 1979*
- Humphreys R. S, *Muawiya Bin Abi Sufyan*
- Hussain, M. Hadi, *Umar Bin Abd Al Aziz*
- Husaini, S.A.Q, *Arab Administration, Lahore, 1957*
- Imamuddin, S.M, *Arab Muslim Administration (622-1258), New Delhi, 1984*
- Ali, K, *A Study of Islamic History, Delhi, 1980*
- Ali, Syed Ameer, *A Short History of the Saracens, London, 1916*
- Ali, Riyasat, *The Tarikh I Andalus, vol I, Azamgarh, 1950*
- Dozy, Renault, *Spanish Islam, London, 1913*
- Imamuddin, S. M, *A Political History of Muslim Spain,, Dacca, 1908*
- Imamuddin, S. M, *Muslim Spain: A Sociological Study*
- Imamuddin, S. M, *Some Aspects of the socio-economic & Cultural history of Muslim Spain, London, 1965*
- Lane Pole, S, *The Moorish Spain, London, 1912*
- Arnold, Sir Thomas(Ed): *The Legacy of Islam*
- Bernard, Louis, *The History of Spain, London, 1956*
- Hitti, P.K, *History of Arabs, Macmillan, 1937*
- Reilly, Bernard F, *The Medieval Spain*
- Scott, S.P, *History of Moorish Empire in Europe*
- Watt, M.W, *A History of Islamic Spain, Edinburgh, 1975*
- Watt, M.W, *The Majesty that was Islam, London, 1974*
- Rahman, Syed Azizur, *The Story of Islamic Spain, Delhi 2008 (reprint)*

IHC- MD--CC - 4: HISTORY OF ABBASID DYNASTY (756-1258AD)

Course Objective- The course contains one of the most glorious periods of the Muslim World. The discernible development of art and architecture, Arabic language and literature were noticed during the rule of the Abbasids. The philosophers and mathematicians worked hard together for scientific achievements of the time.

UNIT I**ESTABLISHMENT OF ABBASID RULE**

- A. Revolt against Umayyads and the Foundation of Abbasid Rule
- B. Life and Achievements of Jafar Al Mansur
- C. Harun Al Rashid: Life And Achievement
- D. Al-Mamun: The glorious period of Abbasids
- E. Fall of Abbasids

UNIT II**SOCIO-CULTURAL HISTORY**

- A. Society (Zimmis, Bermakids)
- B. Education, Scientific and Literary Achievements
- C. Position of Women

UNIT III**ADMINISTRATION:**

- A. Central Administration & Provincial Administration
- A. Army and Navy

UNIT IV**STATE AND ECONOMY:**

- A. Trade & Commerce
- B. Agriculture & Land Revenue Systems

Reading Lists

Ali, K, *A Study of Islamic History, Delhi, 1980*

Ali, Syed Ameer, *A Short History of the Saracens, London, 1916*

Ali, Syed Ameer, *The Life and Teaching of Muhammad, Calcutta, 1902*

Hitti, P.K, *History of Arabs, Macmillan, 1937*

Faqih, Irfan, *Glimpses of Islamic History, Lahore, 1979*

Lewis, Bernard, *The Arab in History, Oxford University Press, 1950*

Grunebaum, Von, *Medieval Islam*

Hell, Joseph, *The Arab Civilization,*

Husaini, S.A.Q, *Arab Administration, Lahore, 1957*

Imamuddin, S.M, *Arab Muslim Administration (622-1258), New Delhi, 1984*

G. Le Strange, *Baghdad during Abbasid Caliphate*

IHC- MD--CC-5: HISTORY OF INDIA (c.600-1526 AD)

Course Objective- The chapters of the Indian history will help the learners regarding contemporary Indian society, polity and culture. This course will introduce to the students about the early Muslim rule in India.

UNIT I**Studying Early Medieval India**

1. Historical geography sources: texts, epigraphic and numismatic data
2. Debates on Indian Feudalism, rise of the Rajputs and the nature of the state

UNIT II

Political Structures

1. Evolution of political structures: Rashtrakutas, Palas, Pratiharas, Rajputs and Cholas
2. Arab conquest of Sindh: nature and impact
3. Cause and consequences of early Turkish invasions: Mahmud of Ghazna; Shahab-ud-Din of Ghur

UNIT III

Agrarian structure and Trade and Commerce

1. Agricultural expansion; crops
2. Landlords and peasants
3. Proliferation of castes: status of untouchables
4. Inter-regional trade
5. Maritime trade
6. Process of urbanization

UNIT IV

Religious and Cultural developments

1. Bhakti, Tantrism, Puranic traditions; Buddhism and Jainism; Popular religious cults
2. Islamic intellectual traditions: Al-Biruni; Al-Hujwiri
3. Regional languages and literature
4. Art and architecture: Evolution of regional styles

UNIT V

Interpreting the Delhi Sultanate

Survey of sources: Persian *Tarikh* tradition; vernacular histories; epigraphy

UNIT VI

Sultanate Political Structures

1. Foundation, expansion and consolidation of the Sultanate of Delhi
2. Khaljis and Tughluqs

3. Mongol threat and Timur's invasion
4. Syed dynasty
5. The Lodis- battle of Panipat
6. Theories of Kingship; Ruling elites; Sufis, Ulama and the political authority; imperial monuments and coinage
7. Emergence of provincial dynasties: Bahamanis, Vijayanagar, Gujarat, Malwa, Jaunpur and Bengal
8. Consolidation of regional identities: regional art, architecture and literature

UNIT VII

Society and Economy

1. Iqta and the revenue-free grants
2. Agriculture production; technology
3. Changes in rural society; revenue systems
4. Monetization; market regulations; growth of urban centres; trade and commerce; Indian Ocean trade

UNIT VIII

Religion and Culture

1. Sufi silsilas: Chishtis and Suhrawardis; doctrines and practices; social roles
2. Bhakti movements and monotheistic traditions in South and North India; Women Bhaktas; Nathpanthis; Kabir, Nanak and the Sant tradition
3. Sufi literature; Malfuzat- Premakhayans
4. Architecture of the Delhi Sultanat

Reading Lists

Chattopadhyaya, B.D, The Making of Early Medieval India, New Delhi, 1994.

Karashima, N., South Indian History and Society (Studies from Inscriptions, AD 850-1800)

Kulke, Hermann, ed., The State in India (AD 1000 – AD 1700)

Sharma, R.S and Shrimali, K.M eds., Comprehensive History of India, Vol. IV (A

& B) Sharma, R.S. Indian Feudalism (circa 300 – 1200)

Singh, Vipul Interpreting Medieval India, Volume-I, Early Medieval, Delhi Sultanate and

Regions (circa 750 – 1550), 2009.

Asher, Catherine and Talbot Cynthia, *India before Europe*, Cambridge University Press, 2006.

Chandra Satish, *Medieval India I*, Har Anand Publication, New Delhi, July 2007.

Habib Mohammad and Nizami K.A., eds, *Comprehensive History of India, Vol. V, The Delhi Sultanate*, People's Publishing House, 2nd Edition, 1992.

Hasan Mohibul, *Historians of Medieval India*, Meenakshi Prakashan, 1968.

Jackson Peter, *The Delhi Sultanate*, Cambridge University Press, Revised Edition, 2003.

Schomer, Karine, and McLeod W.H., (Eds), *The Sants Studies in A Devotional Tradition of India*, Motilal Banarsidas, Delhi, 1987.

Nizami K.A., *Some Aspects of Religion and Politics in India During the 13th Century*, Aligarh, 1961.

Raychaudhuri Tapan and Habib Irfan, (Eds), *Cambridge Economic History of India, Vol. I: c.1200 – c. 1750*, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, 1982, 1987 (reprint).

Rizvi S.A.A., *A History of Sufism in India, Vol. I*, Munshiram Manoharlal, New Delhi

Basham, A.L., *The Wonder that was India*

Bose Mandakranta (ed.) *Faces of Feminine in Ancient Medieval and Modern India*, New York, 2000.

Chakravarti Ranabir, *Exploring Early India up to Circa AD 1300*

Mukhia, H., *The Feudalism Debate*

Rizvi, S.A.A, *The Wonder that was India, Vol. II*

Roy Kumkum (ed), *Women in Early Indian Societies* (New Delhi, 1999)

Ashraf K.M, *Life and Conditions of the People of Hindusthan (1250 – 1550)*, Delhi, 2000.

Eaton, R.M, *The Rise of Islam and the Bengal Frontier (1204- 1760)*, University of California Press, July 1996.

Habib, Irfan, *Medieval India: The Study of a Civilization*, National Book Trust, July 2008.

Karashima, Noboru, *Towards a New Formation: South Indian Society under Vijayanagara*, Oxford University Press, 1992.

Kumar Sunil, *The Emergence of the Sultanate of Delhi*, Permanent Black, Delhi, 2010.

Stein, Burton, *Peasant State and Society in Medieval South India*, Oxford University Press, Oxford, February 1995.

Sherwani, H.K., Joshi, P.M. (eds), *The History of Medieval Deccan (1295 - 1724)*,

Government of Andhra Pradesh, Hyderabad, 1973-74

Singh, Vipul, *Interpreting Medieval India, Volume-I, Early Medieval, Delhi Sultanate and Regions (circa 750 – 1550)*, Macmillan Publishers India Ltd, 2009.

Tripathi, R.P; *Some Aspects of Muslim Administration*, The Indian Press Ltd., 1936. Wink, Andre, *Al Hind; The Making of the Indo Islamic World, Volume I – Early Medieval*, Brill Academic Publishers, 2nd Edition, 1991

IHC-- MD-CC-6: HISTORY OF INDIA (1526 -1707 AD)

Course Objective- The students will acquire knowledge regarding the Mughal history and their contributions. Contemporary politics, society, economy and culture of India have been properly arranged in this course.

Unit I

Sources and Historiography:

- a. Persian literary culture; translations; Vernacular literary traditions.
- b. Modern Interpretations

Unit II

Establishment of Mughal rule:

- a. India on the eve of Babur's Invasion
- b. Fire arms, military technology and warfare
- c. Humayun's struggle for empire
- d. Sher Shah and his administrative and revenue reforms

Unit III

Consolidation of Mughal rule under Akbar:

- a. Incorporation of Rajputs and other indigenous groups in Mughal nobility.
- b. North-West frontier, Gujarat and the Deccan
- c. Conquest of Bengal
- d. Evolution of administrative institutions: Zabt, Masnab, Jagir, Madad-I-Maash
- e. Inclusive political ideas: theory and practice

- f. Religious tolerance and Sulh-i-kul; Sufi mystical and intellectual interventions
- g. Pressure from the Ulama

Unit IV

Political Culture under Jahangir, Shah Jahan and Aurangzeb

- a. Extension of Mughal rule; changes in Mansab and Jagir systems; imperial culture
- b. State and religion under Aurangzeb; issues in the war of succession; policies regarding Religious groups and institutions
- c. Conquests and limits of expansion
- d. Beginning of the crisis: contemporary perceptions; agrarian and Jagirdari crises; revolts.

Unit V

Rural Society and Economy and Culture:

- a. Land rights and Revenue system; Zamindars and Peasants; rural tensions
- b. Extension of agriculture; agricultural production; crop pattern
- c. Trade routes and patterns of internal commerce; overseas trade.
- d. Crafts and technologies; Monetary system.
- e. Paintings and Architecture

Reading Lists-

Chandra, Satish, A History of Medieval India (Part II)

Chandra, Satish, Historiography, Religion and State in Medieval

India Chandra, Satish, Mughal Religious Policies, the Rajputs and

the Deccan. Habib, Irfan(ed.), Medieval India

Hasan S.Nurul, Religion, State, and Society in Medieval India

Mukhia Harbans, The Mughals of India.

Raychoudhuri T.K. & Habib I. (eds.)-The Cambridge Economic History of India

Vol. I Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, 1982, 1987 (reprint).

Richards J.F.,The Mughal Empire

Rizvi S.A.A., The Wonder that was India (vol.2)

Tripathi R.P., Some Aspects of Muslim Administration

Alam Muzaffar and Subramaniam Sanjay, eds., The Mughal state, 1526-1750

Ali Athar M., The Mughal Nobility under Aurangzeb

Ali, M. Athar, Mughal India: Studies in Polity, Ideas, society and Culture. Arsaratnam S., Maritime India in the Seventeenth Century
 Asher Catherine, Architecture of Mughal India
 Beach Milo, Mughal and Rajput Paintings
 Chandra Satish, Essays on Medieval Indian History
 Chaudhuri, K.N., Trade & Civilization: An Economic History from the Rise of Islam to 1750. Eaton, R.M., The Rise of Islam and the Bengal Frontier 1204-1760;
 Eaton, R.M., The Sufis of Bijapur
 Habib Irfan, Agrarian System of Mughal India, 1526 – 1707
 Hasan S., Nurul, Thoughts on Agrarian Relations in Mughal India.
 Koch Ebba, Mughal Art and Imperial Ideology
 Richards, J.F, Mughal Administration in Golconda
 Rizvi S.A.A., A History of Sufism in India
 Sarkar, Sir J.N., History of Aurangzeb 5 vols.
 Sarkar, Sir J.N., Fall of the Mughal Empire, 4 vols.
 Siddiqi. N.A., Land Revenue Administration under the Mughals (1700- 1750)
 Streusand D.F., The Formation of the Mughal Empire

IHC-- MD-CC 7: History of India (1857-1905AD)

Course Objective- The course seeks to develop the knowledge of the students regarding the misrule of the colonial British government in India. The aim of the paper is to help the students develop critical and analytical thinking about the nature of the alien government.

History of India (1857-1905 AD)

UNIT 1 : The Revolt of 1857

- a. Causes of the Revolt with special emphasis on socio-religious reasons.
- b. Nature of the Revolt
- c. Historiography of the revolt
- d. Impact of the revolt on Indian society

UNIT 2: Age of Associations

- a. Zamindars Association
- b. Landholder Association
- c. Ryotwari Associations

UNIT 3: Aligarh Movement

- a. Circumstances leading to Aligarh Movement
- b. Role of Sir Syed Ahmed Khan
- c. Impact of Aligarh Movement on Muslim society and polity

UNIT 4- Muslim Reformist

- a. Role of Sir Sayyid Ahmed Khan
- b. Nawab Abdul Latif
- c. Sayyed Amir Ali.

UNIT 5: Indian National Congress

- a. Emergence of Indian National Congress
- b. Objectives of the Congress
- c. Different theories regarding the birth of Congress
- d. Activities of the Moderate Congress

UNIT 6: Partition of Bengal

- a. Swadeshi Movement in Bengal- Main trends
- b. Boycott issues, Constructive Swadeshi and National Education
- c. Impact of the Movement,

Reading lists

Ahmad Aziz, Islamic Modernism in India and Pakistan 1857-1964.

Ahmed Qeyamuddin, The Wahabi Movement in India, Calcutta, 1966. Bandyopadhyay Sekhar, From Plassey to Partition.

Chandra Bipan, et Al., India's Struggle for Independence

Chandra Bipan, Communalism in Modern India (2nd Ed., 1987)

- Chandra Bipan, Nationalism and Colonialism in Modern India (1979)
- Chatterjee Joya, Bengal Divided: Hindu Communalism and Partition 1932-47. O.U.P, 1994
- Hardy Peter, Muslims of British India
- Hassan Mushirul ed., India's Partition, Oxford in India Readings
- Pandey Gyanendra, The Construction of Communalism in Colonial North India
- Sarkar Sumit , Swadeshi Movement in Bengal
- Sarkar Sunit, Modern India, 1885-1947
- Sen S.N, An Advanced History of Modern India, Kolkata, 2010
- Metcalf, Thomas R. – *Ideologies of the Raj*
- Stokes, Eric – *The English Utilitarians in India*
- Gopal, S.– *British Policy in India (1858 to 1905)*
- Habib, Irfan - *A People's History of India, Volume 28*
- Nayar, Pramod K. – *The Penguin 1857 Reader*
- Dasgupta, Sabyasachi – *In Defence of Honour and Justice*
- Hardiman, David - *Peasant Resistance in India (1858 to 1914)*
- Chakrabarty, Malabika – *The Famine of 1896-1897 in Bengal*
- Sarkar, Sumit– *Modern Times*
- Sarkar, Sumit – *Swadeshi Movement in Bengal (1903 to 1908)*
- Banerjee Dube, Ishita– *A History of Modern India*
- Sengupta, Nitish – *Bengal Divided*
- Roy, Tirthankar– *Economic History of India (1857 to 1947)*
- Mohammad, Shan - Sir Syed Ahmed Khan

IHC-- MD-CC 8: History of India (1906-1947AD)

Course Objective- The course seeks to examine the history of India (1906-1947AD) through a study of defining events, trends and ideas. The paper seeks to explore the politics of nationalism and romanticism among the Indian leaders to end the colonial rule in Indian subcontinent.

UNIT 1: Growth of separatist politics

1. Foundation of the All India Muslim League
2. Its aims and activities.

UNIT 2: Militant Nationalism

1. Militant and revolutionary nationalism in Bengal
2. Its different phases and limitations.

UNIT 3: First World War

1. Impact of WW1 on Indian politics.
2. Society and economy

UNIT 4: Rise of Gandhi in Indian politics:

1. The South African prelude
2. Gandhi and regional movements- Champaran, Kheda, and Ahmedabad
3. Entry into all India politics Rowlatt Satyagraha

UNIT 5: Non-co-operation and Khilafat movement

1. All India character of Non-co-operation and Khilafat movement
2. Social composition of the participants
3. Chauri Chaura- its political impacts
4. Importance of Khilafat Movement in Indian History
5. Deoband and Firangi Mahal

UNIT 6: Formation of the Swarajya Party

1. The main trends of Swarajists politics
2. Role of C. R. Das- the Bengal Pact.

UNIT 7: The Indian Act of 1935

1. Origin of Krishak Praja Party
2. Role of Fazlul Haque in Bengal politics
3. Fazlul Haque ministry and its impact in Bengal politics

UNIT 8: The last phase of the colonial rule

1. Activities and importance of Subhas Chandra Bose in Indian politics
2. Economic and Political Impact of the Second World War in India
3. The Quit India Movement- Regional variations b) Nature of the movement.
4. Jinnah and the Pakistan movement
5. Partition of India.

Reading Lists

- Baker .C.J- *The Politics of South India- 1880-1940.*
- Bayly, C .-*Local Roots of Indian Politics-Allahabad 1880-1920.*
- Brown . J . *Gandhi's Rise to Power,1915-1922.; Gandhi and Civil Disobedience; The Mahatma in Indian Politics, 1928- 34.*
- Bipan Chandra-*Rise and Growth of Economic Nationalism in India*
- Chatterjee Jaya- *Bengal Divided; Hindu Communalism and Partition, 1932-1947.* Dutta R. P. - *India Today.*
- Desai A.R.-*Social Background of Indian Nationalism.; Peasant Struggle in India.*
- Guha R. ed. *Subaltern Studies.*
- Gordon. L. *Bengal. The Nationalist Movement 1876-1940.*
- Hasan . M.- *Nationalism and Communal Politics in India, 1916-1928.*
- Jalal Ayesha- *The Sole Spokesman, Jinnah-Muslim League and the Demand for Pakistan.*
- Kumar R-*Essays on Gandhian politics, The Rowlatt Satyagraha of 1919.*
- Page. D - *Prelude to Partition; The Indian Muslims and the Imperial System of Control,1920-1932.*
- Panikkar K. M.ed. - *National-and Left Movements in India.*
- Robinson,F.- *Separatism among Indian Muslims. The Politics of the United provinces Muslims,1860-1923.*
- Sarkar S. *Modern India*
- Sarkar, S. *Swadeshi Movement in Bengal*
- Stokes. E.-*Peasants and the Raj.*
- Rahaman, Kazi Sufior - *Muslim Manas (1905-1947)*
- Ahmad Aziz, *Islamic Modernism in India and Pakistan 1857-1964.*
- Ahmed Qeyamuddin, *The Wahabi Movement in India, Calcutta, 1966.*
- Bandyopadhyay Sekhar, *From Plassey to Partition*
- Chandra Bipan, et Al., *India's Struggle for Independence*
- Chandra Bipan, *Communalism in Modern India (2nd Ed., 1987)* Chandra Bipan, *Nationalism and Colonialism in Modern India.(1979)*
- Chatterjee Joya, *Bengal Divided: Hindu Communalism and Partition 1932-47. O.U.P, 1994*
- Hardy Peter, *Muslims of British India*
- Hassan Mushirul ed., *India's Partition, Oxford in India Readings*
- Pandey Gyanendra, *The Construction of Communalism in Colonial North India*
- Sarkar Sumit , *Swadeshi Movement in Bengal*
- Sarkar Sunit, *Modern India, 1885-1947*
- Sen S.N, *An Advanced History of Modern India, Kolkata*

INTER DISCIPLINARY COURSE (IDC): 3 CREDITS

IHC-IDC C-1: UNDERSTANDING THE INDIAN HERITAGE

Course Objective-This course will enable students to understand the different facets of heritage and their significance. It highlights the legal and institutional frameworks for heritage protection in India as also the challenges facing it. The implications of the rapidly changing interface between heritage and history will also be examined. The course will be strongly project-based and will require visits to sites and monuments. At least two Projects will be based on visits to Museums/Heritage Sites.

I. Defining Heritage

Meaning of ‘antiquity’, ‘archaeological site’, ‘tangible heritage’, ‘Intangible heritage’ and ‘art treasure’

II. Evolution of Heritage Legislation and the Institutional

Framework:

Conventions and Acts— national and international Heritage-related government departments, museums, regulatory bodies etc. Conservation Initiatives

III. Challenges facing Tangible and Intangible Heritage

Development, antiquity smuggling, conflict (to be examined through Specific case studies)

IV. Evolution of Heritage Legislation and the Institutional

Framework:

Conventions and Acts- national and international Heritage-related government departments, museums, regulatory bodies etc. Conservation Initiatives

V. Challenges facing Tangible and Intangible Heritage:

Development, antiquity smuggling, conflict (to be examined through specific case studies)

VI. Heritage and Travel:

Viewing Heritage Sites - The relationship between cultural heritage, Landscape and travel recent trends

Reading Lists

David Lowenthal, *Possessed By The Past: The Heritage Crusade and The Spoils of History*, Cambridge, 2010

Layton, R. P. Stone and J. Thomas. *Destruction and Conservation of Cultural Property*, London: Rutledge, 2001

Lahiri, N., *Marshaling the Past - Ancient India and its Modern Histories*. Ranikhet: Permanent Black 2012. Chapters 4 and 5.

S.S. Biswas, *Protecting the Cultural Heritage (National Legislations and International Conventions)*. New Delhi: INTACH, 1999.

Acts, Charters and Conventions are available on the UNESCO and ASI websites (www.unesco.org; www.asi.nic.in)

Agrawal, O.P., *Essentials of Conservation and Museology*, Delhi, 2006

Chainani, S. *Heritage and Environment*. Mumbai: Urban Design Research Institute, 2007

SKILL ENHANCEMENT COURSE: 4 CREDITS

IHC- SEC 1: REPOSITORIES OF HISTORY: MUSEUM AND ARCHIVES

Course Objective- This course introduces students to the institutions that house and maintain documentary, visual and material remains of the past. Museums and archives are among the most important such repositories and this course explains their significance and how they work. Students will be encouraged to undertake collection, documentation and exhibition of such materials in their localities and colleges. Visit to National Archives and National Museum are an integral part of the course.

I. Definition and history of development (with special reference to India)

II. Types of archives and museums: Understanding the traditions of preservation in India
Collection policies, ethics and procedures
Collection: field exploration, excavation, purchase, gift and bequests, loans and deposits, exchanges, treasure trove confiscation and others. Documentation: accessioning, indexing, cataloguing, digital documentation and de-accessioning
Preservation: curatorial care, preventive conservation, chemical preservation and restoration

III. Museum Presentation and Exhibition:

IV. Museums, Archives and Society: (Education and communication Outreach activities

Essential Readings:

Agrawal, O.P., Essentials of Conservation and Museology, Sundeep Prakashan, New *Delhi*, India, 2007.

Choudhary, R.D. Museums of India and their maladies, Calcutta: Agam Kala Prakashan, New Delhi, 1998(In Bengali).

Guha, Thakurta, Tapati, Monuments, Objects, Histories: Institution of Art in Colonial Post-Colonial India, New York, 2004

Kathpalia, Y. P. Conservation and Restoration of Archive Materials, UNESCO, 1973

Mathur Saloni, India by Design: Colonial History and Cultural Display, University of California, 2007

Nair, S.M. Bio-Deterioration of Museum Materials.2011

Roychowdhury, Madhuparna. Displaying India's Heritage : Archaeology and the Museum Movement in Colonial India. Delhi: Orient Blackswan 2015

Sengupta, S. Experiencing History Through Archives. Delhi: Munshiram Manoharlal.2004
